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The War Program

OPPORTUNITIES IN RADIO

(A Guide for Members of the Armed Services
Interested in Radio and Electronics)BY BRIG. GEN. DAVID SARNOFF
President, Radio Corporation of America

VETERANS, who have left the armed services and who desire either information or training in radio or electronics, should apply to the nearest Regional Office of the Training and Rehabilitation Division of the Veterans Administration, or to any of several hundred "Guidance Centers" which are being established in schools and colleges throughout the country.

Veterans' application for jobs in radio or electronics should be made to the nearest office of the United States Employment Service.

Members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard who are interested in civilian or military careers in radio and electronics are eligible to take correspondence courses in subjects related to these sciences through the United States Armed Forces Institute. These studies are conducted on both high school and college levels.

In addition to these courses which are at all times available to members of the Armed Forces, both the Army and the Navy are making plans for elaborate educational facilities overseas, to prepare the members of those services to take advantage of better opportunities in civilian life. These courses will cover a large range of subjects, and servicemen interested in radio and electronics may choose courses which will be particularly helpful to them for such work.

Provisions for Education

The "GI Bill of Rights" provides Government support for schooling for at least 1 year and up to 4 in elementary, business, high or higher schools; provided that the veteran was discharged under conditions other than dishonorable, that he has served 90 days or more, or was discharged within such period for service-incurred injury or disability, and that his education or training was impeded, delayed, interrupted or interfered with by reason of entrance into service. If he was not over 25 years of age at the time he entered the service, his education is presumed to have been impeded.

Such training must be initiated not later than 2 years after discharge or after the termination of the war (whichever is later) and shall not extend beyond 7 years after the termination of the war.

After satisfactory completion of 1 year's training, a veteran may apply for additional training not to exceed the time the person was in active service on or after 16 September 1940 and before the termination of the war, exclusive of any period he was assigned for education or training under the Army Specialized Training Program or the Navy College Training Program or as a cadet at one of the Service Academies provided that in no event shall the total period of education or training exceed 4 years.

The GI Bill of Rights authorizes allowances for 4 years at not more than \$500 a year for training and education, plus (Please turn to Page 1375)

Rear Adm. Robert D. Workman (ChC), USN (left) greets his successor, Rear Adm. W. N. Thomas, (ChC), USN, who assumed his duties as Chief of the Navy's Chaplains Corps on 2 July. Chaplain Thomas has just concluded a duty tour as Senior Chaplain at the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md. Although wearing four stripes of a captain, Chaplain Thomas attains the rank of rear admiral while Chief of the Chaplains Corps.

U. S. Navy Photo



Marine Corps Command

In a triple shift of key Marine Corps officials, General A. A. Vandegrift, Commandant, announced yesterday that on or about 1 Aug., Maj. Gen. DeWitt Peck, Assistant Commandant since January, 1944, will be replaced by Maj. Gen. Allen H. Turnage and that Maj. Gen. Thomas E. Watson will take Turnage's post as Director of Personnel.

Major General Peck will be assigned to duty overseas. In this war, he was awarded the Legion of Merit for service on the staff of the Commander of the South Pacific Force.

His successor, Major General Turnage, led the Third Division to victory in the Bougainville and Guam campaigns.

The new Director of Personnel, Major General Watson, will return from overseas where he has been in command of the Second Division since 8 April 1944.

Navy Promotions

Promotion of more than 10,500 warrant officers, ensigns, and lieutenants (junior grade) of the Regular Navy and Naval Reserve, including women's Reserve, to the next higher rank was approved by President Truman 1 July.

The promotions are all temporary and are subject to the usual policy, under which individual promotions may be withheld for a number of causes.

Regular Navy—To next higher grades, about 850 warrant officers, 1,100 ensigns and 290 lieutenants (junior grade), line and staff, whose dates of rank as such are within the period 2 Feb., 1944, to 29 Feb., 1944, inclusive.

Naval Reserve (including Women's Reserve)—To next higher grades, about 298 warrant officers, 6,435 ensigns and 1,300 lieutenants (junior grade), line and staff, whose dates of commencement of continuous active duty in their respective ranks are within the period 2 Feb., 1944, to 29 Feb., 1944, inclusive.

Nurse Corps—To next higher grades, 212 ensigns of the Regular Navy and Naval Reserve who reported for continuous active duty as ensigns 2 Feb., 1944, to 29 Feb., 1944 inclusive. To next higher grades, 37 lieutenants (junior grade) of

the Regular Navy and Naval Reserve whose dates of rank as such occurred 1 Aug., 1944, or earlier providing they reported for continuous active duty as ensigns 1 Dec., 1942, to 31 Dec., 1942, inclusive.

Strategic Air Force

Reorganization of strategic bombing of Japan has been directed by the War Department by assigning the Eighth as well as the Twentieth Air Force to the task and placing both under the command of General Carl A. Spaatz, who commanded the USSTAF in Europe.

Command of the Twentieth Air Force, formerly exercised directly by General of the Army Henry H. Arnold, Commanding General Army Air Forces, has been now assigned to Maj. Gen. Curtis E. LeMay, previously commander of the XXI Bomber Command in the Marianas. The XX Bomber command formerly operated from bases in China and India, but it was recently announced that all B29's have now been withdrawn from that area, leaving the conclusion that both bomber commands will operate from Pacific island bases.

The Eighth Air Force, recently redeployed from the European Theater, remains under command of Lt. Gen. James A. Doolittle, and will be reequipped with B29's to perform its Pacific mission. It is understood that the two forces will also have their own fighter support.

Lt. Gen. Barney M. Giles, who has been Deputy commanding general of the Twentieth, will now serve as Deputy Commanding General, USASTAF under General Spaatz.

It was emphasized that the organization of the other air commands in the Pacific will not be affected in any way by this change. In view of the fact that the new Strategic forces will continue to operate under the direct control of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, with General Arnold as its executive agent, it is assumed the other air forces in the Pacific will remain responsive to the control of the theater commander.

BUY WAR BONDS

Policy for Recruiting
Army Reserves Decided

The complete policy governing appointments and enlistments in the Organized Reserves was issued this week by the War Department in the form of Circular 194.

The policy stipulates the conditions under which highest active duty grades will be offered to all officers of the Army of the United States except officers of the Regular Army.

The Circular makes it clear that the acceptance of an appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps by an officer of the National Guard of the United States operates automatically to vacate his appointment in the latter component.

Only male officers and enlisted men will be recruited for the Reserves, there being no present authority to recruit female personnel.

An intensive drive will be conducted to assure that officers being relieved from active duty are offered the Reserve Corps Commissions. In instances where officers have been separated from active service prior to the date of the circular and those separated at places other than separation centers, The Adjutant General will canvass them by mail to offer appointments in the Reserves. "All concerned," the Department states, "will give the maximum publicity to this policy."

The full text of the Circular follows:

1.—Establishment of New Sections, Officers' Reserve Corps.—1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of section 37, National Defense Act, as amended by the act of Congress approved 4 June 1920, the following new sections in the Officers' Reserve Corps are established:

a. Staff and Administrative Reserve.
b. Armor Reserve.
c. Pharmacy Corps Reserve.
d. Transportation Corps Reserve.

2. Appropriate regulations pertaining to the establishment of these new sections are now being prepared and will be published in the near future.

II.—Officers.—3. At the time of issuance of orders for relief from active duty all officers in the Army of the United States will be offered appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps for an initial period of 5 years in the highest grade held at the time of relief from active duty subject to the following provisions:

a. All male commissioned officers of the Army of the United States found physically qualified for general service, limited service, or general service with waiver, who have served honorably, and who have not been separated for unsatisfactory service, are eligible for appointment with the following exceptions:

(1) Commissioned officers of the Regular Army.

(2) Commissioned officers of the National Guard of the United States who do not hold a higher temporary grade in the Army of the United States. (See par. 5c.)

(3) Commissioned officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps who do not hold a higher temporary grade in the Army of the United States. (See par. 5c.)

b. Officers listed in a (2) and (3) above will be commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps upon termination of active duty, that is at the completion of terminal leave, upon application to The Adjutant General for such appointment.

4. The Commanding Generals, Army Service Forces, and Army Air Forces, and such other officers as they may designate are authorized to announce appointments made in the Officers' Reserve Corps by the President of those

(Please turn to Page 1380)

Okinawa

New York *Herald Tribune*—"The long and costly fight for Okinawa was unusual in many respects, but one of the most significant variations from the norm of Pacific operations is undoubtedly the number of Japanese prisoners taken."

Chicago *Sun*—"It would be premature to draw broad conclusions from the surrender of Japanese officers and men on Okinawa and earlier surrender of a small surviving group on Guam."

New York *Times*—"There is no reason to accept the battle of Okinawa as a pattern of the battle for Japan. By the time that occurs the line-up against Japan will be vastly different."

Washington *Star*—"The Okinawa campaign has taught us certain lessons which will be useful when our troops move on the enemy's home islands, and this is said without any implication that the campaign was mishandled either in its planning or operational stages."

Wichita *Beacon*—"Shocking as is the price paid for this 60-mile long island in the Pacific, it is one of the necessary and vital basing points for the Allied march to the Japanese homeland."

Philadelphia *Record*—"Impressive victories like the one on Okinawa are not won by incompetent bungling."

Washington *Post*—"The capture of Okinawa gives us the opportunity to take fresh stock of our Pacific

strategy. What is in the minds of our strategists we have no idea. Immediate fresh action seems to be indicated by the prompt replacement of the deceased General Buckner by General Stilwell in command of the Tenth Army."

Trenton *Times*—"A contemplation of the campaign may not be cause for doubts as to the outcome of the war but it should have a sobering effect and should inspire a new and more determined attitude toward the task ahead."

Ft. Worth *Star-Telegram*—"The utilization of the newly acquired base as a springboard for invasion of China or some Japanese possession is promised by the assignment of General Joe Stilwell to command the Tenth Army on Okinawa."

Universal Military Training

A highly trained Regular Armed Force, minimum in size but with modern mobile strength on the ground, on the sea, and in the air will be necessary in the post-war period, the Woodrum Committee on Post-War Policy stated 6 July in its report on universal military training.

Without minimizing the importance of any of the other elements, the Committee said, it is convinced that the plan for giving adequate military training to all citizens is perhaps the most vital element of all.

It is expected that in view of the report, the House Military Affairs Committee will take up legislation on universal military training after the return of Congress from the summer recess.

All members of the Woodrum Committee signed the report with the exception of Representative Bulwinkle (D., N. C.) and Representative Arends (R., Ill.). Representative Arends said that he considered the report a splendid expression by those who presently wholeheartedly support compulsory military training, but that at present his mind is open on the question of whether or not the nation should adopt such a policy.

Findings

In light of the hearings and deliberations of members the Committee deemed the following propositions to be true:

1. The eminent position of the U. S. in the family of nations is supported by her balanced elements of greatness, one of which is commensurate military power.

2. The future security of the U. S., as a sovereign nation, depends upon the continuing willingness and ability of our people to protect, by force if necessary, the principles and ideals which inspired the formation of the World Security Organization.

3. Because the success of the World Security Organization will depend upon the continuing efforts and abilities of the member nations to discharge the obligations jointly and mutually undertaken in the U. Nations Charter, a retrogression by the U. S. to her previous state of military unpreparedness would defeat the objects and purposes of peace loving people throughout the world.

4. The retention by the U. S. of a degree of military power, in being or in reserve, adequate to her needs depends upon several component factors, an indispensable one of which is an alert and trained citizenry capable of prompt mobilization to meet and deal with any national or international emergency.

5. It is traditional in the U. S. that in time of peace our regular or standing armed forces are reduced to a minimum; that in time of emergency our able-bodied citizens of military age join with the regular forces in bearing arms in the preservation of the national security. This tradition should be maintained and preserved.

6. Future military and naval operations, whether they are to be employed in the defense of the nation against aggression or in the implementation by force of the decisions of the World Security Organization, can not be conducted effectively by raw recruits or by partially trained men. In view of the technological advances in methods of warfare and of the intricacy of the weapons now in use and to be used, those who will be subject to military service in the future will require thorough training in order to be able to serve their country well and with a reasonable chance of survival.

7. There is no sound or safe basis for assuming that, before a future aggressor strikes, the U. S. will be given warning and an adequate interval to train her men and build up her military readiness. Yet the safeguarding of world security, if not the survival of the nation, may well depend on prompt and successful participation by the U. S. in large scale military and naval operations.

8. It is not feasible to rest the future security of the U. S. upon a large standing

armed force; its cost would be prohibitive; the necessary men to fill its ranks could not be hired in time of peace; and it would be repugnant to the American people.

Conclusions

The Committee recommended that in any system of universal military training provided by law full consideration should be given to the following features:

1. It should be designed primarily to train men for military service under conditions of modern warfare.

2. It should conform in its details with the requirements shown by experience in this war and by future technological developments, to be necessary to prepare men to serve in the armed forces effectively.

3. It should be universal and democratic, applicable to rich and poor alike, and with a minimum of exemptions or exceptions.

4. It should be fitted into the existing structure of the military and naval establishments as provided for in the National Defense Act of 1920 and other existing legislation, or into that structure as hereafter modified by this Congress.

5. It should be consistent with the preservation of the position of the National Guard, Officers Reserve Corps, The Reserve Officers Training Corps, the Enlisted Reserve Corps, The Naval Reserve and The Naval Militia as components of the military and naval establishments.

6. It should provide for training of men in youth in such a manner and on such a basis as to cause the least interference with their normal education and careers consistent with the effectiveness of the training program.

7. It should provide for training only and should not require any character of military service. Service would be required only in the event Congress should in the future order conscription to meet a national emergency.

Promotions in Pacific

Rumors that redeployment of large forces from the European theater would result in discontinuance or drastic curtailment of promotions of Army personnel who, stationed in the Pacific since prior to VE day, were denied this week by the War Department.

"It is not true," the War Department stated in response to an inquiry from the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, "that promotions in the Pacific Theater either have been discontinued or drastically curtailed. Promotion policy within a unit is not affected by the geographical deployment or redeployment of a unit.

"The War Department has imposed no new restrictions on promotions as a result of the cessation of hostilities in Europe, other than to caution all commanders that in view of the tremendous shuffle of personnel involved in the accomplishment of redeployment, that all recommendations for promotion would be closely scrutinized and that those persons assigned to units scheduled for inactivation or individuals under consideration for discharge or relief from active duty would not be eligible for promotion."

While the War Department statement did not specifically touch on the subject, it is recalled that Congress enacted a law, upon the request of the Department, giving the authority to reduce officers administratively within temporary general officer grades without resubmitting nominations. The Department said that this was necessary in order to utilize, for example, an officer who was a temporary major general in Europe, as a brigadier general in the Pacific when the job to which they wished to assign him called for the latter rank. However, as far as is publicly known, no such reductions have yet been made.

BUY MORE WAR BONDS!

The Road to Tokyo

Emphasizing the terrific task involved in beating Japan, Fred W. Vinson, director of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, this week told Congress that forcing capitulation involves the "greatest movement of men and material ever undertaken."

Judge Vinson said:

Three years ago, while Great Britain and the United States were locked in a death struggle with Germany, Japan rolled victoriously across the great distances of the Pacific and Asia until she controlled 17 million square miles of land and ocean!

Today she has been squeezed back to 7 million square miles. But those last 7 million square miles are the hardest. They're closest to home base for the Japanese, farther from home base for us. They are defended by the strongest and best equipped of all Japanese forces. Engaging these troops and destroying them, forcing the capitulation of Japan, involves the greatest movement of men and matériel ever undertaken.

In this vast transfer of men and supplies, we shall move 3 million troops out of Europe and many of them half way around the world, together with the necessary matériel and supplies. Soon we shall have nearly 6 million men in all branches of the service in the actual theater of combat.

Manila, our large advance base, is 6,200 miles from San Francisco and 14,000 miles from the major European ports. To land on the European Continent, our main force had only to cross the English Channel; in contrast, Manila is 1,700 miles from Tokyo.

In waging war against Japan, we must build airfields, fuel depots, road and rail lines; we must clear or build harbors; we must construct power plants and power lines; we must provide barracks; we must build hospital facilities larger than the combined medical resources of New York and Chicago.

The Army Service Forces and the Army Air Forces will obtain heavier ammunition and bomb supplies than were used in the war in Europe. We shall be able to drop as much as 10,000 tons of bombs upon Japan in a single day, or double what Germany got during the days of heaviest assault. The ferocity of the war in the Pacific is such that more artillery ammunition will be expended there—as the battle for Okinawa indicates—than was used in Europe. Fully 3 million shells were fired in Okinawa. Some of the newer Japanese hide-out caves are built on two levels, and hence enormous firepower must be used to drive out or kill Japanese concealed in them.

Nominate Chief of Finance

The President yesterday nominated Col. William H. Kaspen, AUS, Lt. Col., FD, USA, to be Chief of Finance of the Army with the rank of major general.

This marks the first appointment of an officer to be Chief of an Arm or Service since early in the war, the policy having been not to refill these offices as vacancies occur, but merely to assign an officer as "Acting" chief of the Arm or Service. However, in view of the fact that there are certain legal duties and papers to be signed under the law by the Chief of Finance, it may be that the appointment of that officer was found necessary under the statutes and therefore may not be a real departure in the Department's policy.

Navy Nominations

The President yesterday sent to the Senate the following Navy nominations: Capt. James L. Holloway, Jr., USN, to be a rear admiral.

Capt. P. L. Carroll, USN, to be a commodore.

Capt. George H. Bowdey, USN-Ret., to be a commodore.

Capt. Lewis L. Strauss, USNR, to be a commodore.

Gen. Devers Lauds 15th Corps

In an enthusiastic commendation, General Jacob L. Devers, Commanding the Sixth Army Group has paid high tribute to the XV Corps for its "great record," which contributed so outstandingly to the defeat of Germany.

In a letter to Lt. Gen. Wade H. Haislip, General Devers acknowledged the spectacular deeds of the XV Corps from the time the organization joined the Sixth Army Group's Seventh Army until the "hour of triumph."

"As spearhead in many of the Seventh Army's drives," General Devers said in part, "you have borne the brunt of the attack, and the impressive successes of that Army bear witness to the effectiveness of your efforts. Your country has every reason to name the XV Corps among its military greats."

USNR Graduation

About 1,000 members of the second class of the Naval Reserve Midshipmen's School, Fort Schuyler, The Bronx, were graduated and commissioned ensigns in the United States Naval Reserve 3 July in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Commo. John K. Richards, USN-Ret., commander of the Naval Reserve Officer Training Center, New York, addressed the graduates and presented prizes. Capt. Arthur C. Stott, USN-Ret., commanding officer of the Naval Reserve Midshipmen's School, administered the oath and presented commissions.

Severe Courts Martial

Court martial sentences imposed by the Army overseas are in many cases too severe and far in excess of sentences imposed in similar instances by civil courts in the United States, Representative Wickersham (D., Okla.) told the House 3 July.

"I firmly believe," he said, "that the War and Navy Departments should review their own decisions and see that these young men are not given sentences which are greatly in excess of what should be imposed."

Pointing out that while servicemen are furnished council they usually remain shy in presenting their own defense, Representative Wickersham suggested that it would be proper to amend existing court martial laws to provide that a man be entitled to be judged by a jury of his own rank.

Considerable weight should be given the background of the man on trial, he said, also his length of service, service record, and strain under which he has been laboring. Such changes, he said, would improve the morale of men in the service without weakening discipline.

Service Badge for Forces

Among bills approved by the Senate this week was H.R. 3436, which provides for a suitable medal to be awarded to all personnel who serve in the armed forces of the United States or of the Government of the Philippine Islands. Having been passed by the House, the bill now goes to the President.

Troops Return Rapidly

The United States is on schedule in all respects and in some cases ahead of schedule in its program of bringing men home to this country from Europe for further fighting in the Pacific, Under Secretary of War Patterson told a news conference this week.

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Nat. Guard Policies

By Brig. Gen. CHARLES F. BOWEN,
U. S. A.

The Adjutant General of New Hampshire

RECENTLY announced War Department policies whereunder reserve officers would be entitled to apply for reserve commissions in the highest grade held in the Army of the United States during the present war have no corresponding feature applicable to the National Guards of the several states and failure to appreciate that fact has resulted in misconceptions. Certain basic policies have been approved in the War Department respecting the post-war organization of the National Guard but these are policies expressed only in general terms and in due course they must necessarily be translated into law and regulations. Troop bases must be established and units allocated to states before any estimate can be made as to what commissioned grades will be available within the post-war National Guard state organization.

If there is no great change in the basic law concerning the National Guard, and there probably will not be, the commissioned and enlisted strength of the various units assigned will be definitely set by War Department allotments and tables of organization. Officers separated from the armed forces of the United States will logically be sought after in filling available places but no authority presently exists for departing from the rank and numerical limitations of whatever tables of organization may be effective at the time the National Guard is re-established.

Unless other policies are adopted by the War Department, a National Guard officer desiring to retain the highest grade held by him in the Army of the United States and for whom no assignment is available in the post-war National Guard organization of his state, will be faced with the necessity of accepting a National Guard assignment in lower grade, provided always he is qualified therefor, or, alternatively, of resigning from his National Guard commission and accepting in lieu thereof a commission in the Officers Reserve Corps. In the latter case he would, under present policies, be entitled to receive a commission in the highest rank held by him in the Army of the United States.

In casting about for some basis upon which National Guard officers might be enabled to retain their present ranks after separation from the service, it has been erroneously assumed by some that the states might issue to such officers commissions in the highest grade held by them in the Army of the United States. However, under the National Defense Act of 1920, as amended, the states are not authorized to organize or maintain their own military forces. Therefore, no military commissions could be issued by the state in ranks other than those authorized in tables of organization by the War Department for units of the National Guard assigned to the state.

It is obvious that any plan which contemplated the issuance of commissions in the active National Guard of a state to all of its officers in the highest grade held by them in the Army of the United States would be impracticable. Furthermore, there are presently in the armed forces from each state great numbers of commissioned officers, some of them in high grades, who, following separation from the armed service would normally revert to enlisted status. If these officers, too, should be eligible for retention in the highest grade held by them in the Army of the United States, the situation would become even more impractical.

Actually, as the law now is, and as War Department policies are now composed, there is no difference between the conditions which will prevail after the present war and those which existed after World War I with respect to the recognition of commissioned grades held. Then, as now, any officer other than a Regular Army officer was entitled to apply for a commission in the Officers Reserve Corps for the highest commissioned grade held by him during that war. This policy with respect to the Officers Reserve Corps provides the only feasible means of meeting the desires of an officer for whom recognition of rank has the principal emphasis. On the other hand, to those officers who are interested principally in an opportunity

for service in the National Guard, the question of rank is of secondary importance.

These are practical alternatives which preclude a dual interest. The Regular Army and the National Guard are alike restricted with respect to ranks and assignments which are available but, from its nature, the Officers Reserve Corps has no such limitations. Advantage of that fact is taken under the special policy.

Alaska Inactivation

An \$18,000,000 Army port hidden in an Alaskan fjord and used only a year, will be dismantled for salvage this Summer according to Col. Conrad P. Hardy, Seattle district Army Engineer.

At the same time the War Department announced inactivation of the United States Army's Northwest Service Command and Northwest Division Engineers, builders of the Alaska Highway, Canal project, many air bases and flight strips along the northwest staging route.

In announcing the dismantling of the Army port Colonel Hardy said that the work would be done by German Prisoners of War, who will be the first prisoners sent outside continental United States.

The Colonel said the project was authorized in July, 1942 by the Western Defense Command to provide a transshipment point where barges from the United States could transfer military supplies to ocean-going vessels plying to Kodiak and Aleutian Island installations.

The terminal was located in Excursion Inlet off Icy Straits, midway between Juneau and Cape Spencer on the Gulf of Alaska and about 950 miles north of Seattle. Construction began 3 Aug. 1942 and the plant was in use in November, 1943.

The facilities were built to accommodate nine ocean going vessels, six barges, two ammunition ships and two tankers. Housing was provided for 260 officers and 4,400 enlisted men. The installations included an oil and gas tank farm area with a capacity of 3,400,000 gallons. At the peak of the construction a crew of 2,760 civilian workmen and 890 Army men were employed.

In announcing the inactivation of the Army Northwest Service Command the War Department said that certain functions will be transferred to the newly-created northwest district of the 6th Service Command with district headquarters in Edmonton. Sixth Service Command headquarters is in Chicago.

Army Dental Corps Command

Legislation which gives officers in the Army's Dental Corps the right to command within the Medical Department has been approved by President Truman.

The measure, S. 916, provides for a change in that section of the existing law which stated that officers of the Dental Corps of the Army have no right to command except within that Corps. Although under the new legislation officers of the Dental Corps now have equal command privileges with other officers of the Medical Department, the law is interpreted at the Department as not providing that Dental Officers may command a hospital. Hospital commands are delegated to Medical Corps officers in accordance with Army regulations.

The new law, however, is interpreted as giving Dental Officers the right to command depots and supply centers.

Army Enlisted Promotions

The War Department this week announced a new policy with respect to the promotion of enlisted men who are missing in action.

Under the new policy promotion recommendation of an enlisted man who subsequent to the date of initiation is reported as a prisoner of war or missing in action or is hospitalized as a result of wounds incident to combat will be processed in the normal manner. If approved by proper authority the enlisted man will be promoted without regard to position vacancy by the appointing authority who had jurisdiction over the individual concerned at the time change of status occurred.

ETO—Receipt of the 100,000th enrollment by the United States Armed Forces Institute in the European Theater was announced by Lt. Col. Theodore A. Seidle, USAFI chief in this theater.

Housing for Service Families

Families of service men and veterans will now be equally eligible with immigrant civilian war workers in obtaining housing needs, under the recent amendment to war housing legislation signed by the President.

Under the terms of the new amendment a distressed family of a service man or veteran is described as any such family without housing, either by reason of eviction or inability to find in the area housing within its financial means. This includes the returning veteran who because of housing shortage is unable to find a dwelling in which he can reestablish his family. Families of service men and veterans include families of deceased service men and veterans as well.

The amendment provides that the veteran must have been discharged other than dishonorably. In addition families unable to pay the established rents in the projects may obtain adjustments within prescribed limitations in line with their income.

Under the amendment the National Housing Authority is authorized to cooperate with communities in making available all possible accommodations in the community housing supply to veterans and service men's families, in distress, and to make such housing available to them.

NHA is emphasizing that a major portion of its effort will be to encourage communities to establish housing information centers where veterans' and service men's families may be advised as to available accommodations.

Sea Services' Clothing Funds

As a means of establishing greater equalization, the Navy Department announced an executive order effecting changes in computing clothing allowances for enlisted men, and CPOs serving in the Navy, the Coast Guard, the Naval Reserve, and the Coast Guard Reserve.

Under the new policy as announced in an amendment to Executive order 9356 dated 24 June 1943, the value of full bag of clothes for the fiscal year 1946 is reduced from \$145.40 to \$143.20 for enlisted men other than CPO's cooks, stewards, members of the Naval Academy, and Coast Guard bands.

For the latter group the allowance is raised from \$18.75 to \$20.00. The quarterly maintenance allowance for all other enlisted rating is raised from \$9.00 to \$12.00. Quarterly allowances start one year after personnel affected receive their initial allowance.

The Executive order changes the rates to read as follows:

A1(a) Chief petty officers, cooks, stewards, members of Navy, Naval Academy, or Coast Guard Academy Bands (band members):	
For the fiscal year 1946.....	\$300.00 \$20.00
A1(b) Enlisted in other ratings:	
For the fiscal year 1946.....	\$143.20 \$12.00
A2(a) Subsequent to 30 days from date of enlistment or reporting for active duty:	
For the fiscal year 1946.....	\$250.00 \$20.00
A2(b) Within 30 days from date of enlistment or reporting for active duty:	
For the fiscal year 1946.....	\$156.80 \$20.00
A3(a) Subsequent to 30 days from date of enlistment or reporting for active duty:	
For the fiscal year 1946.....	\$250.00 \$20.00
A3(b) Within 30 days from date of enlistment or reporting for active duty:	
For the fiscal year 1946.....	\$156.80 \$20.00

General Jacob L. Devers, commanding general of the 6th Army Group, is the first military leader to be awarded the Degree of Doctor Honoris Causa by the University of Nancy.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Plan to seek additional pay for U. S. Marine Corps?

War Department representative tells Congress it may be necessary to retain some Medical Officers "without their consent"?

House Naval Committee to hold hearings on post-war Naval personnel?

Army studies possible future for mounted Cavalry?

Reorganization of Coast Guard Headquarters' staff?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You can not get this vital information from any other source.

Army and Navy Journal 1359

July 7, 1945

Pres. Truman Congratulates Gen. MacArthur

President Truman sent a message of congratulation to General of the Army Douglas MacArthur upon his victory on Luzon. Secretary of War Stimson also made public a message to General MacArthur.

President Truman said:

"My most sincere congratulations to you and your men" the President said, "for the successful conclusion of the Luzon campaign with the complete defeat of the enemy on Luzon. You have swept them from all the Philippines and redeemed the promises of the American people to the loyal Filipino people. Americans are happy that the victory has been won with the lowest possible loss in lives. I am confident that the powerful base we are now fashioning in the Philippines will play its full part in the final knockout blow against Japan and restore the world to peace, freedom and sanity."

Secretary Stimson wrote:

"Your announcement that all Luzon has been liberated marks the achievement of a great military success. It has been brought about with a minimum of casualties. My congratulations go to you and to all officers and men in your command for this most skillful and heroic accomplishment."

"From my own service in the islands and my close association with their Government, I have retained a high respect and warm friendship for the Philippine people. They have suffered cruelly under the Japanese occupation. I share their great rejoicing at the liberation of the main island of their Commonwealth. Your great victory hastens the day when the last of the oppressors will be cleared from Philippine soil."

Honor Gen. Eichelberger

Eighth Army Headquarters, Leyte, P. I.—Lt. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger, Eighth Army commander, has recently been invested as a Grand Officer of the Order of Orange Nassau With Swords by the Dutch Government.

The presentation was made by Col. Conrad Giebel, staff officer to Lt. Gen. Dolph Van Oyen, Commander-in-Chief, Netherlands East Indies Army in the Pacific, on behalf of Queen Wilhelmina in recognition of General Eichelberger's leadership in the Hollandia and Biak campaigns, Netherlands East Indies, in the spring of 1944.

Present at the ceremony, held at the Eighth Army Officers Club on Leyte, were General Joseph W. Stilwell, Commanding General, Army Ground Forces; Lt. Gen. Charles H. Gairdner, British Army; Maj. Gen. Leo Donovan, Maj. Gen. Frank A. Helleman, Brig. Gen. Frank Dorne and Brig. Gen. William Bergen, all of Army Ground Forces; Brig. Gen. Clovis E. Byers, Chief of Staff to General Eichelberger, and Brig. Warren W. Anderson, Australian Imperial Forces, serving on General Eichelberger's Staff.

Armor and Transportation Corps

Indication that at least two additional permanent branches may be added to the Army organization is given in the War Department's policy on the post-war reserve set-up which establishes an "Armor Reserve" and a "Transportation Corps Reserve" as additional sections.

It is recalled that there were efforts after World War I to establish a "Tank Corps" in the Army. When these efforts failed Congress specified in the law that the operation of tanks should be a function of the Infantry. Later, when decision was made to transfer most of tank functions to the Cavalry the term "combat car" was used for armored vehicles assigned to the latter branch.

Army-Navy Petroleum Agency

Agreement to establish an Army-Navy Petroleum Purchase Agency for the purchase of liquid fuels and lubricants has been reached by Secretary of the Navy Forrestal, and Under Secretary of War Patterson.

The Army and Navy purchasing units located in this Agency will be under the direction of Comdr. A. A. MacKille, (S.O.), USNR, for the Navy Bureau of Supplies and Accounts; Col. Royal Linden, QMC, for the Fuels and Lubricants Division, OQMG; and Col. Harry W. Howze, AAF, for the Army Air Forces. Contracts will continue to be placed under the direction of the respective commands.

Status of RA Promotion

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) and Promotions on the Non-Promotion List Since 23 June 1945

Promotion List

Last promotion to the grade of col.—Eustis L. Poland, Inf No. 54; Vacancies—None; Last nomination to the grade of col.—Frederick W. Huntington, Inf No. 60; Senior Lt. Col.—Hardin C. Sweeney, Inf, No. 55.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—James H. Dickie, FD, No. 78.
Last promotion to the grade of maj.—Paul E. McLaughlin, Inf, No. 197.

Last promotion to the grade of capt.—George M. Jones, Inf, No. 226.
Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—John D. Crowley, Jr., Inf, No. 544.

Non-Promotion List

Lt. Col. to Col.

Henry S. Blesse, MC, (temp. col.)

Capt. to Maj.

Tom F. Whyne, MC, (temp. col.)

Erling S. Fugelso, MC, (temp. col.)

Joseph G. Cocke, MC, (temp. col.)

Alfonso M. Libascl, MC, (temp. col.)

Ralph T. Stevenson, MC, (temp. col.)

Frank O. Alexander, MC, (temp. lt. col.)

John B. Grow, MC, (temp. col.)

Daniel J. Waligora, MC, (temp. col.)

Dell F. Dullum, MC, (temp. lt. col.)

CH. Elmer E. Tiedt, USA, (temp. lt. col.)

Byron L. Steger, MC, (temp. col.)

L. Render Braswell, MC, (temp. col.)

1st Lt. to Capt.

John M. McIver, MC, (temp. capt.)

George T. Kelleher, MC, (temp. capt.)

Samuel H. Sandifer, MC, (temp. capt.)

John C. Cressler, MC, (temp. capt.)

Francis V. Lanard, MC, (temp. capt.)

Louis Axelrod, MC, (temp. capt.)

Keith D. Heuser, MC, (temp. capt.)

Thomas L. Ozment, MC, (temp. lt. col.)

100th Div. Personnel

With the 100th Inf. Div. in Germany—Col. John O. Kilgore, a West Point graduate in the Class of 1927, has been appointed chief of staff of the 100th Division to succeed Col. Richard G. Prather.

Col. Richard G. Prather, who has served as chief of staff for the 100th Division throughout its combat action in France, Alsace, and Germany, has been appointed commander of the Century Division's 397th Infantry to succeed Col. Gordon M. Singles.

UNITED STATES ARMY

Gen. Witsell Nominated

The President on 2 July recommended to the Senate the temporary promotion of Brig. Gen. Edward T. Witsell to the grade of major general.

General Witsell, who is Acting The Adjutant General while Maj. Gen. J. A. Ulio is hospitalized, is Chief of the Military Personnel Division in The Adjutant General's Office.

General Witsell was transferred from his assignment as Adjutant General of the Third Corps Area (Third Service Command) to the War Department early in 1942 for the purpose of setting up the Control Branch in The Adjutant General's Office.

The need for reorganization of the entire Adjutant General's Office at that time was so acute, however, that it could not be postponed pending organization of the Control Division. General Witsell reorganized The Adjutant General's Office under the supervision of General Ulio and streamlined its operations to enable it to meet the accelerated administrative burdens imposed by the rapidly expanding Army.

Combat Pay for Medicos

In step with the House which passed the bill last week, the Senate has passed, and sent to the President, H. R. 2477, legislation which would place enlisted men, of the Army Medical Corps, entitled to wear the Expert Medical Corpsman Badge, and in active service under combat conditions, on a plane with Infantry troops on duty under combat conditions, by being paid \$10 per month extra for the increased hazard of that service.

Promotions in RA

The War Department this week announced the following temporary promotions of Regular Army Officers:

Lt. Col. to Col.

G. R. F. Cornish, GSC C. J. Hoy, CAV

W. H. Council, AC F. D. Shoemaker, AC

E. G. Ford, AC G. H. Snyder, AC

S. B. Hardwick, Jr., C. F. Tank, CE

Maj. to Lt. Col.

F. J. Kobes, INF C. A. Troiano, INF

Capt. to Maj.

J. W. Callaway, INF W. B. Frank, AC

2nd Lt. to 1st Lt.

J. F. Ladd, INF

Army Medical Anniversary

The Army Medical Department will celebrate its 170th anniversary on 27 July with the realization that it has grown into the largest organization of the kind ever known and that it is giving this nation's army the best medical care that soldiers have ever received.

From its inception in 1775 shortly after General George Washington became Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army until the present day, the Army Medical Department has made steady progress in military medicine; it has made scientific discoveries that have benefited all of mankind; but never has its progress in both of these categories been so rapid as in recent years.

Under Secretary Patterson, in a tribute to the work being done by the Medical Department under Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk, The Surgeon General, recently said that no army at any time in history has achieved a record of recovery from wounds and freedom from disease comparable to that of the American Army in this war. Mr. Patterson said also that the Medical Department is attaining new records in almost every field of its endeavor. He cited the Army's record of saving nearly 97 of every 100 wounded soldiers who reach Army Hospitals, the disease rate of less than one in one thousand, and similarly startling figures with reference to malaria, the dysenteries, and other diseases, showing that the Medical Department has established effective control on all disease fronts.

Giant Air Troop Carrier

A new six-engine cargo plane, the XC-99, adaptable as a hospital plane or as a troop carrier with a capacity of several hundred soldiers, has been developed for the Army Air Forces, the War Department announced 6 July.

The XC-99 has a wing span of 230 feet, a length of 183 feet, and is powered by six pusher-type power plants. It is the military version of Consolidated Vultee's Model 37, the 204-passenger airliner contracted for by Pan-American World Airways for postwar transoceanic service.

The XC-99 has a tricycle landing gear, pressurized cabins, and a service ceiling of 30,000 feet.

Commands Ground Forces

General Jacob L. Devers, recently returned to this country from command of the Sixth Army Group in the European Theatre, has been appointed commanding general of the Army Ground Forces. He replaces General Joseph W. Stilwell, recently assigned as Commanding General of the Tenth Army.

Gen. Bradley Nominated

Authority for appointment of General Omar N. Bradley, USA, to be Administrator of Veterans' Affairs without affecting his military status and perquisites was voted by Congress and signed by the President this week. The bill specifically names General Bradley as an exception to the law which prohibits an officer on the active list of the Army from holding any elective or appointive civil office. Yesterday, President Truman sent his nomination to the Senate to be veterans administrator.

Enactment of the law was requested by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, H. D. Smith, who wrote:

"The draft of bill would provide that General Bradley would continue, while Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, to receive his Army pay and allowances, with the War Department appropriations being reimbursed therefrom from appropriations of the Veterans' Administration, but that, in the performance of his duties as Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, General Bradley would be subject to no supervision or control by the War Department, the Military Establishment, or the Army of the United States.

"General Bradley's Army pay and allowances are in an amount between \$12,000 and \$13,000; and the bill provides that in the event the civilian salary attaching to the position of Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, which is now \$12,000, should at any time exceed his Army pay and allowances, the difference would be paid to him from Veterans' Administration appropriations.

"The War Department is agreeable to the enactment of this proposed legislation and I have cleared it as to legal form with the Attorney General.

"The President would appreciate your aid in having the bill introduced in the House and in securing its passage as soon as practicable. The President wants to send up General Bradley's nomination at an early date, but, before doing that, would like to see this bill become a law."

It is recalled that the present Administrator of Veterans Affairs resigned his commission in 1920 to enter private business. He was appointed to the Veterans Bureau in 1923. Last year he was restored to the retired list of the Army by a special act of Congress.

Chaplain Corps Anniversary

The Army Chaplain Corps will observe its 170th Anniversary on Sunday, 29 July. The Corps, on its anniversary, numbers approximately 8,000 with two-thirds of its members serving at overseas stations.

While the Chaplain Corps, as such, was not established until 1920, the Continental Congress on 29 July 1775 granted the first formal recognition of a legal status for chaplains in the armed services.

Fifty-two chaplains have been killed in battle or have died of wounds during the present war. Nonbattle casualties total 52. Thirty-four chaplains are listed as detained by the enemy and 180 chaplains have been wounded in action. Three chaplains died of disease while detained by the enemy. A total of 754 decorations have been awarded 602 chaplains. These awards include: 15 Distinguished Service Cross; 1 Distinguished Service Medal; 44 Legion of Merit; 104 Silver Star; 3 Oak Leaf Cluster to Silver Star; 9 Soldier's Medal; 314 Bronze Star; 12 Oak Leaf Cluster to Bronze Star; 1 Air Medal; 234 Purple Heart; 10 Oak Leaf Cluster to Purple Heart; and 7 Foreign Decorations.

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Marine Corps Assignments

The following changes affecting the status of Marine Corps personnel have been announced:

Lt. Gen. Holland M. Smith, from overseas to duty as Commanding General, Marine Corps Training and Replacement Command, San Diego Area.

Maj. Gen. Earl C. Long, from overseas to duty as Commanding General, Marine Corps Base, San Diego, Calif.

Maj. Gen. James L. Underhill, from overseas to Headquarters.

Maj. Gen. Francis P. Mulcahy detached from duty overseas and ordered to aviation duty at Headquarters, Marine Corps.

Brig. Gen. Archie F. Howard detached from duty at San Diego, Calif., to duty overseas.

Brig. Gen. Oliver P. Smith detached from duty overseas to duty at Quantico, Va.

Col. Joe A. Smoak detached from MarFairWest to duty overseas.

Col. Zebulon C. Hopkins detached from MarFairWest to duty at Cherry Point, N. C.

Col. Lyle H. Meyers ordered to duty at El Centro, Calif.

Col. Thomas D. Marks detached from Camp Pendleton, Calif., to duty overseas.

Lt. Col. Kenneth D. Kerby detached from duty overseas to aviation duty at Headquarters, Marine Corps.

Lt. Col. John L. Smith detached from MarFairWest to duty at Cherry Point, N. C.

Lt. Col. Donald N. Otis detached from duty at Quantico, Va., to duty at Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Lt. Col. Lee C. Merrell, Jr., detached from MarFairWest to temporary duty at Coronado, Calif., on completion of which ordered to duty overseas.

Lt. Col. Arthur C. Small detached from duty at Parris Island, S. C., to be relieved from active duty.

Lt. Col. Charles R. Luers detached from El Toro, Calif., to duty overseas.

Lt. Col. Edwin C. Alken detached from duty at the U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., duty overseas.

Lt. Col. Bernard S. Barron detached from duty at San Francisco, Calif., to be relieved from active duty.

Lt. Col. James C. Murray, Jr., admitted to U. S. Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md.

Lt. Col. Louis C. Reinberg detached from Camp Lejeune, N. C., to temporary duty at Fort Sill, Okla.; further orders to be issued on completion.

U. S. NAVY & MARINE CORPS

Honor Adm. King

In sharply curtailed war time commencement exercises on 28 June, Harvard University conferred the Honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws on Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King, USN, who made an address at the Alumni Meeting immediately following the Commencement.

Twenty-two Naval ROTC graduation students were commissioned Ensigns, U. S. Naval Reserve. Commissions were awarded by Rear Adm. Felix X. Gyax, Commandant, First Naval District, and the oath of allegiance was administered by Capt. C. H. J. Keppler, USN, Commanding Officer, Naval Training Schools, Harvard University.

Navy Secretaries Sworn In

Artemus L. Gates, former Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Air took the oath of office as under Secretary of Navy on 3 July. He was sworn in at noon by Rear Adm. Thomas L. Gatch, U.S.N., Judge Advocate General of the Navy.

At the same time the Navy announced that John L. Sullivan took the oath of office as Assistant Secretary of Navy for Air on 2 July aboard Admiral McCain's Flagship in the Western Pacific.

As Assistant Secretary of Navy for Air since 5 September, 1941, Mr. Gates supervised the building of the Navy's air force to its present striking power.

USS Trigger Lost

The Navy Department this week announced that the submarine USS Trigger, is overdue from patrol and must be presumed to be lost, with all officers and men.

The Trigger was under the Command of Comdr. David Rickart Connole, USN, who assumed command of the vessel in February of this year.

USMC Appointments Confirmed

The Senate on 29 June confirmed the appointment in the U. S. Marine Corps of eleven second lieutenants, whose names were listed as nominations on page 1323 of the ARMY and NAVY JOURNAL of 30 June.

USMC Discharge Emblem

The discharge emblem adopted by all of the Armed Services has replaced the white patch worn by discharged Marine Corps personnel. The former white patch was worn on the shoulder in the same position as a division patch while the new emblem is worn over the right breast pocket of the service coat or other outer garment.

USNA Athletics

Lt. William H. Sullivan, Jr., USNR, has been assigned to duty at the U. S. Naval Academy where he will serve as Director of Public Relations for the Navy Athletic Association, it was announced this week by Capt. O. O. Humphreys, USN, Director of Athletics. Before his entry into the Navy in April of 1942, Lieutenant Sullivan had been Director of Publicity at Boston College and Personal Secretary to the Director of Athletics at Notre Dame. After the war he is slated to become Director of Publicity for the Boston Braves baseball team.

The Naval Academy, on 20 Aug., will begin preparations for its fifty-fourth year of intercollegiate football competition when Comdr. Oscar E. Hagberg, USN, Head Coach, will greet candidates for the 1945 Annapolis varsity team. The plebes will report 8 Aug.

Exactly half of the 50 squad members at the time of the 1944 Army game will not be available this season and, of that number, 14 were lettermen.

Don Whitmire and Gail Gilliam, tackles; Jack Hansen and Ben Martin, ends; Ben Chase, guard; Jack Martin, center; Hal Hamberg and Dave Barksdale, backs, outstanding players on the 1944 squad, have played their last game for Navy, but Midshipman H. Richard Duden, '47, captain of the 1945 team, heads a list of seasoned players who will serve as the nucleus around whom the team will be built. Top veterans include Bob Jenkins and Clyde Scott, backs; Ed Deramee and Jim Carrington, guards; and Leon Bramlett, end.

Major problems facing the coaching staff will come in the installation of the newly-adopted T formation and in replacing the tackles and ends who are no longer available.

The coaches hope to get the solution to these problems from the 120 varsity candidates who are expected for the opening day of practice. This number will be supplemented by plebe players who prove outstanding in the workouts between 8 and 20 Aug., and will include, for the most part, players who have had college football experience prior to entering the Naval Academy.

Army Honors Capt. Strauss

An Oak Leaf Cluster to his Legion of Merit has been awarded to Capt. Lewis L. Strauss, USNR, office of the Secretary of the Navy, by the War Department. The original Legion of Merit to Captain Strauss was awarded by the Navy Department. Yesterday, the President nominated Captain Strauss to be a commodore.

The citation, signed by General Brehon Somervell, USA, Commanding General, Army Service Forces, reads: "For exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services of inestimable value to the War and Navy Departments."

Marine Corps Nominations

The following Marine Corps nominations were sent to the Senate 3 July:

Brig. Gen. Harry K. Pickett to be Maj. General.

Brig. Gen. Raymond R. Wright to be Maj. General.

Col. Robert H. Pepper to be a Brig. General.

Civil Engineer Charles T. Dickeman to be a Civil Engineer in the Navy, with the rank of Commodore.

Navy Bureau Chiefs

Declaring that the duties and responsibilities of chiefs and assistant chiefs of bureaus are equally as important as those of commanders in the Fleet, the House Naval Affairs Committee this week filed its report favoring the enactment of HR 1862, a bill giving higher rank and retirement privileges to heads of bureaus in the Navy Department.

In the report, filed by Representative Vinson (D. Ga.), chairman of the Committee, it was stated:

"This bill does five things: First, it authorizes a chief of bureau, after 1 year's service, to be promoted to the rank of vice admiral; second, it permits a chief of bureau so promoted to be retired on his own application after 3 years' service with the rank and retired pay of vice admiral; third, it permits a chief of bureau holding the rank of vice admiral to be retired in that rank for physical disabilities at any time during his term of service as such chief of bureau; fourth, it provides that a chief of bureau, upon completion of his term of service as such, shall have the permanent rank of rear admiral if of a lower permanent rank; and, fifth, it provides that an assistant chief of bureau shall have the rank of a rear admiral.

"The committee proposes an amendment which provides that the terms 'chief of bureau' and 'assistant to chief of bureau' include the Judge Advocate General and Assistant Judge Advocate General, respectively.

"The proposed bill provides that a chief of bureau who has been promoted to vice admiral may at any time after the completion of 3 years' service, without regard to total length of service, upon his own application, in the discretion of the President, be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list with the rank and retired pay of vice admiral. It should be noted that such an officer who comes up for retirement under general provisions of existing law can now be so retired after 2½ years of service as chief of bureau. The proposed legislation is supplementary to the general provisions of existing law in that provision is therein made for the retirement of an officer who has served as chief of bureau who has less than 30 years of service which may be computed for retirement purposes, upon his own application.

"The proposed bill, as amended by the committee, also supplements general provisions of existing law in that it provides that a chief of bureau who has been promoted to vice admiral who is retired for physical disability during such term of service as chief of bureau and before he has served 2½ years as such shall be placed on the retired list with the rank and retired pay of vice admiral.

"The bill further provides that if a chief of bureau is not retired during or at the expiration of his term of service, as chief of bureau, such officer, after the expiration of such term of service, shall have the permanent rank of rear admiral, if of lower permanent rank, with the pay and allowances of a rear admiral (upper half), and shall be carried as an additional number in the line or appropriate staff corps and senior to officers of the line or staff who became rear admirals during his service as chief of bureau. This provision is designed to take care of officers who may have been appointed to chief of bureau and whose permanent rank is below that of rear admiral.

"The committee has for some time been cognizant of the fact that the great expansion which has taken place in the Naval Establishment, with the corresponding increase of responsibility of chiefs of bureaus and assistant chiefs of bureaus, warrants greater recognition in the form of an advanced rank for such chiefs of bureaus and assistant chiefs of bureaus. The committee in deciding on permanent legislation which provides for the increased rank both in wartime and peacetime was duly cognizant of the fact that the post-war Navy will be of such size and the responsibilities of the chiefs of bureaus and the assistant chiefs of bureaus will be of sufficient importance to warrant the advancement. The committee considers that the duties and responsibilities of chiefs of bureaus and assistant chiefs of bureaus are equally as important as the duties and responsibilities of the commanders in the fleet and that they should have commensurate rank."



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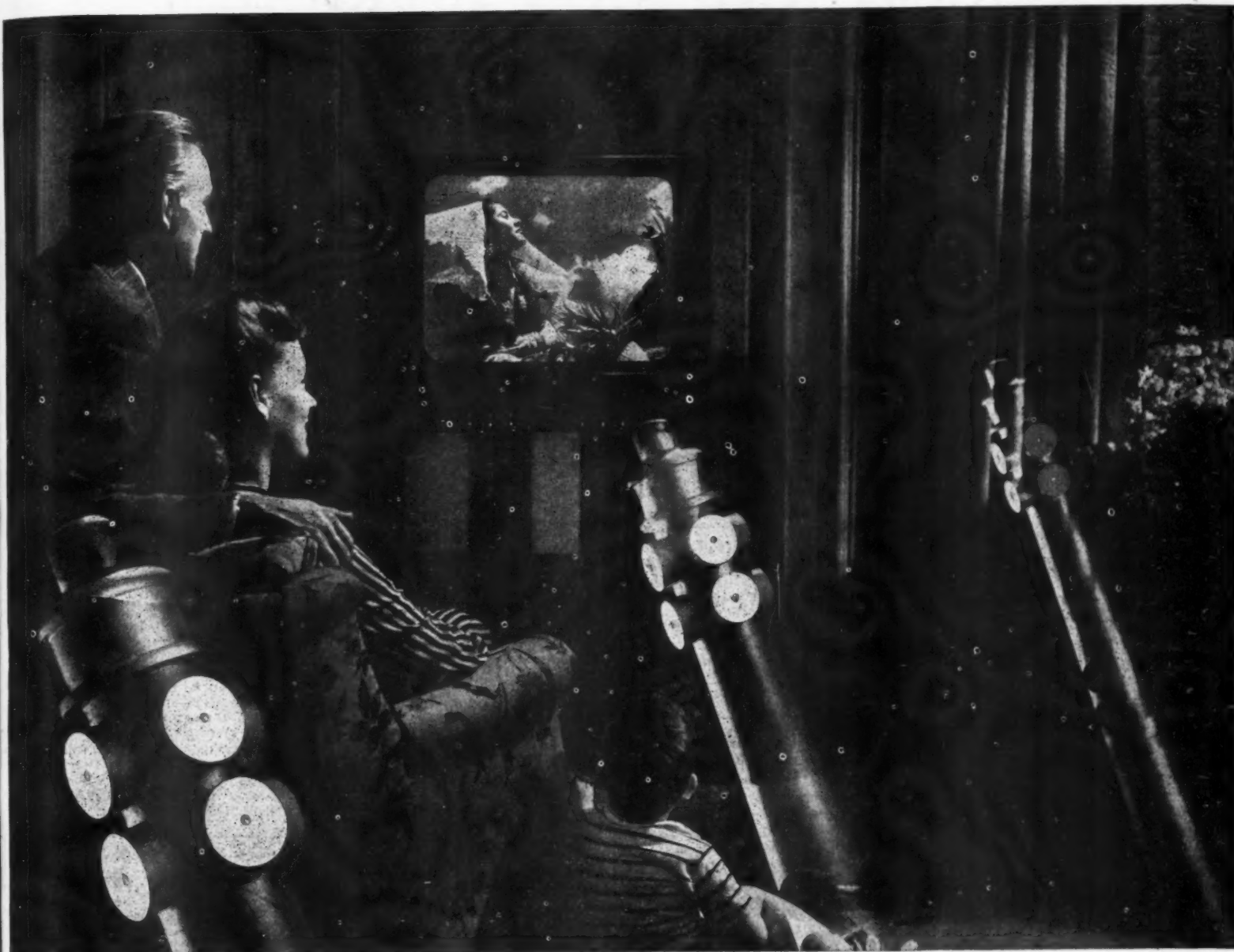
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RCA radio-relay towers—like those phantomed above—will leap the hurdle of distance in post-war television.

Coast-to-Coast Television...through "Radio-Relay"

For a long time it looked as though post-war television might be confined to local stations. Only persons within a fifty-mile radius of New York, for example, would see the important television broadcasts from NBC's pioneer station WNBC, atop the Empire State Building.

That was because the ultra-short waves that carry television do not bend with the curvature of the earth. They go in a straight line out to the horizon—and then keep on going into the sky.

But today, television's "unsurmountable" handicap of short range has been completely overcome at last—by RCA scientists, engineers and their associates.

The *radio-relay* was developed—a tower that "bounces" television programs to the next tower 30 to 50 miles away. Through a network of these automatic, unattended, radio relays, coast-to-coast television is made practical.

This is but one more example of how RCA research constantly "makes things better." Such research is reflected in *all* RCA products.

And when you buy a television set, or radio-phonograph, or anything bearing the RCA label, you enjoy a special satisfaction... a unique pride of ownership. For if it's an RCA you can be sure it is one of the finest instruments of its kind that science has achieved.



C. W. Hansell, RCA specialist in transmitters and relays, is shown here with a radio-relay reflector that can "bounce" radio messages, radiophotos and Frequency Modulation programs at the same time that it relays television!

RADIO CORPORATION of AMERICA

PIONEERS IN PROGRESS



ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

Old Subscription rates effective for new subscriptions paid before Aug. 1, 1945, or renewals paid before Sept. 1, 1945: To individual members of the Service and their families: One year \$4.00; two years \$7.00; six months \$2.25. To civilians and Organizations: One year \$6.00; two years \$9.00; six months \$3.50. New Subscription rates effective for payments postmarked later than above dates: To individual members of the Service and their families: One year \$5.00; two years \$9.00; six months \$3.00. To civilians and organizations: One year \$7.00; two years \$12.00; six months \$4.00. Foreign postage \$1 additional per year. Advertising Rates on Request. Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation.

"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it. The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

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SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1945

"Modern war is a great and grim evolution and he who recognizes that and meets it is the one who wins the war."—SECRETARY OF WAR STIMSON.

IN his graphic communique announcing the liberation of the Philippines, dramatically issued on Independence Day, General of the Army MacArthur attributed the greatest disaster ever inflicted upon Japanese arms, to the Navy, Army and Air force "working in complete unison." The manner of his mention of the Services showed his appreciation of the part each member of his team played in the strategical and tactical operations required of us. It was the Navy which gained control of the Sea by the battles with Japanese fleets which now are history, and it was the Army and its air force, conveyed to their points of attack and with communications secure, which annihilated the enemy, first on Leyte, then on Luzon, and meanwhile on the other islands he had garrisoned. It took three years and a little less than seven months for the Navy, crippled at Pearl Harbor, to make the way safe for the Army to come in contact with the Japanese, and because vast as the Pacific is, operations, say in the westernmost islands of the Aleutians, affected the situation in the Antipodes, credit for our recapture of the Philippines belongs to all those gallant officers and men, who served during that long and bloody period. As our strategy is now revealed, we can see that it accorded with the plans originally conceived, first to make safe the triangle from the Aleutians to Hawaii, the Panama Canal and the Pacific Slope, then to regain Kiska and Attu, which furnished protection for Alaska and the northwest section of the country, and to occupy Guadalcanal, and thus safeguard our supply route to Australia, and then to march from that island and from the Down Under continent, toward our goal, the Philippines. Had not Europe been our first preoccupation, and had General MacArthur been supplied with the Fleet and sufficient troops and air forces, unquestionably the Archipelago would have been freed long ago. But he was compelled to wait, wait for Fleet Admiral Nimitz and his commands to drive back and destroy the enemy's sea forces, wait for the near defeat of Germany to obtain the manpower and the munitions with which to strike when landed. When these necessities were achieved and with the power which supreme command permitted him, there began the performance of the task which has won for us the essential advantages the general described in his communique. It was a team under a single leader, Admiral Nimitz, which gave us control of the seas, it was a team under a single leader, General MacArthur, which has reconquered New Guinea and occupied islands, and, to jump to Europe, it was a team under a single leader, General Eisenhower, which brought about the defeat of Germany. In the Far East we have the team, but we have not the single leadership for the final operations against Japan other than that found in the Joint Chiefs of Staff ten thousand miles from our enemy's homelands. However, we believe and shall hope that the relations of General MacArthur, Fleet Admiral Nimitz, General Wedemeyer in China and Lord Mountbatten in Southeast Asia, will be such that coordination will maintain. There is promise of it because of the sensible character of the commanders, and in the satisfactory execution of that promise Japan's defeat will be accomplished.

SO rapid has been the development of mechanical and scientific means of combat that there have been tendencies to neglect fundamental and basic arms. To the dismay of students of the art of war, early in this global conflict the emphasis upon aircraft and tanks subordinated the Infantry. Experience in the field soon made it necessary to transform men and units of Arms and Services into doughboys and advisable to conduct a campaign to restore public esteem for the mud-slogging infantrymen who take and hold ground in the face of the enemy. However, one traditionally American Arm, which has contributed to many victories in the history of our country, has been entirely passed over—the mounted Cavalry. Pre-war projects for the organization of a Cavalry Corps and the integration of mounted units into other components were dropped to provide men for mechanized units. The First Cavalry Division, whose exploits shine brightly through the pages of United States history, was sent to the Southwest Pacific, where, though dismounted, it fought brilliantly from the Admiralties to the Philippines. Two units of Texas National Guard Cavalry, the 112th and the 124th, which formerly comprised the 56th Cavalry Brigade, are now fighting dismounted in the Southwest Pacific and China, respectively. But horse Cavalry, as such, has not been used. Yet had they been available they could have been effectively employed by our commanders in the field. General Patton said that "had we possessed an American Cavalry division with pack artillery in Tunisia and in Sicily, not a German would have escaped." General Bradley gave his opinion that plans for operations in mountainous terrain should include facilities for supply by pack train. General Truscott is "firmly convinced that if one squadron of horse cavalry and one pack troop of 200 mules had been available to me at San Stefano on 1 August, they would have enabled me to cut off and capture the entire German force opposing me and would have permitted my entry into Messina at least 48 hours earlier." Like statements emanate from other combat leaders. The Red Army has made wide and profitable use of Horse Cavalry in all its campaigns. The stark fact is that, unlike in the early days of our country, Cavalry can not now be readily improvised. Unless the Remount Service can continue to buy animals, breeders will drop the development of Cavalry type horses. Men familiar with the care of horses and horse equipment can not now be picked up on every farm, they must be trained for the purpose. The study now underway in the Army Ground Forces will show the un wisdom of this void in our military organization. The War Department must recognize it and direct the early resumption of training and use of this valuable American Arm.

Service Humor

Another
Then there was the GI cook who asked
for extra pay for frying time.

—Skyscraper

Realistic
"What were poor Jim's last words?"
"It sure tastes like the real stuff."

—Skyscraper

Behind on his War
Overheard at a glider base was this remark: "That plane must be in trouble; another one is towing it in."

—Bowie Blade

A Gentle Reminder
Here is about the best of all Jap prisoner stories which has been reported. A patrol of warriors down Anguar way captured themselves a Jap. Instead of turning him in right away, they held onto him for a couple of days.

When, finally, the Jap was brought in for questioning, the first thing asked him by an officer was, "Do you speak English?"

The Jap, a bit bewildered but well rehearsed, blinked at the Bars, then answered, "How do I stand on rotation?"

—Brief

Children Are Frank!
Little Odette, aged four, was given a piece of candy by a German officer billeted in her parents' home at Liege, Belgium.

"Well, what do you say?" her mother asked sternly.

Odette thought it over a minute, then said:

"Thank you, dirty Boche."

—JoJo

Dumb
After giving the private a dressing-down for being so late in returning with supplies, the sergeant demanded: "Okay, let's hear how it happened."

"Well, I picked up a chaplain along the road," said the rookie, "and from then on the mules couldn't understand a word I said."

—Armored News

Reverse
1st Sardine: "Let's swim down Crow creek to Cheyenne."

2nd Sardine: "That's too far to swim. When we get there, we'd be so tired."

1st Sardine: "Well, then, let's take the bus."

2nd Sardine: "What! And be crowded in there like soldiers?"

—Ft. Warren Sentinel

First Freedom
Thank goodness we're still living in a free country and man can do what his first sergeant wants him to.

—Dale Mabry Observer

Enthusiastic
I drink to you when together,
I drink to you when alone
I drink to your health so often
I'm rapidly losing my own.

—Armored News

True
A wife who has good horse sense never becomes a nag.

—Skyscraper

Wisdom
Chaplain's sign: If you have troubles come in and tell us about them; if not, come in and tell us how you do it.

—Bowie Blade

ASK THE JOURNAL

Please send return postage for direct reply.

E. E.—HR 2388 (Public Law 72), approved 1 June 1945, authorizes the War Department to reopen enlistments and reenlistments into the regular establishment up to pre-war strength. No action has yet been initiated by the War Department to carry the law into operation. Existing regulations would allow you to reenlist in your regular permanent grade. If you have no such grade, you would be allowed to enlist as a private.

C. O. S.—The question whether Regular Army EM, upon discharge and subsequent reenlistment, will receive both the reenlistment bonus and mustering-out pay is undecided at the present time. A decision on this matter is expected soon.

T.C.S.—It is not expected that government aircraft facilities will be made available for use by flyers now on inactive status until the end of the war against Japan. A flight training program for officers of the Air Corps Reserve under government supervision is contemplated during post-war years.

R.C.C.—Officers are not required to salute enlisted personnel who wear the Congressional Medal of Honor. The execution of such salute is done as a gesture of military courtesy, and has no basis in Army regulations.

In The Journal

One Year Ago

The swift capture and liberation of Cherbourg was a brilliant feature of this week of the Allied campaign against the Germans in France. But this week was most notable, too, for the fact that it marked the launching of the Soviet campaign in the east directly against Germany.

10 Years Ago

1st Lt. Charles P. Summerall, Jr., FA USA, and Mrs. Summerall have arrived on the post (West Point) from Ft. Bragg, N. C., and 1st Lt. Charles E. Hart, FA USA, and Mrs. Hart, have come from Ft. Riley, Kan. They will be stationed here with the field artillery detachment.

25 Years Ago

The Navy Department has forwarded requests to the fleet commanders to inform the commissioned personnel of their commands that the department contemplates sending to Japan in the near future officers who will be designated as student language officers.

50 Years Ago

Lt. William Lassiter, 1st Art., left David's Island, N. Y. H., this week to spend July and August on leave, during a portion of which he will visit friends in Virginia.

80 Years Ago

It is said the Navy Department has resolved to send an iron-clad gunboat of the Monadnock pattern to the Pacific Coast. It is further reported that the Miantomah, and probably the Monadnock herself, will be sent to Europe. They are both wooden and Navy-built Monitors, and give a more favorable impression of Monitors as homes for men than the iron ones built by contract.

Army Casualties

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lt. R. W. Hoffay
1st Lt. J. P. Viglione
2nd Lt. G. J. Lindgren
1st Lt. L. D. Horton, jr.
1st Lt. T. D. Mote
1st Lt. D. H. Roland
Capt. C. H. Bonnet
2nd Lt. W. R. O'Farrell
2nd Lt. M. C. De Cecca
1st Lt. R. C. Adams
1st Lt. W. R. Herbst
1st Lt. P. W. Betha
Capt. H. E. Ward
2nd Lt. J. J. Dayton, jr.
1st Lt. W. L. Duncan
2nd Lt. J. J. Gruenfeld
1st Lt. R. M. Derr
2nd Lt. R. K. Elmore
2nd Lt. W. G. Brown, jr.
1st Lt. M. J. Chulyak
1st Lt. W. Wilhelm
1st Lt. G. N. Deane
2nd Lt. W. L. White
Capt. F. A. O'Keefe
1st Lt. R. K. Sigler
1st Lt. E. M. Reagan
1st Lt. E. F. Stuessy
2nd Lt. R. M. Wollver
1st Lt. M. H. Nielsen
1st Lt. W. J. Starr
2nd Lt. R. F. McGee
1st Lt. J. J. Kelley
2nd Lt. S. Sacks

1st Lt. W. W. Gregory
1st Lt. F. K. Elfart
2nd Lt. C. R. Sherman
2nd Lt. R. E. Bishop, jr.
1st Lt. T. H. Dawson
2nd Lt. J. A. Zimnitsky
Maj. D. W. Roberts
1st Lt. D. D. Moore
1st Lt. J. L. Phelan
2nd Lt. A. L. Snyder, jr.
2nd Lt. T. C. Geary
2nd Lt. A. P. Lynch
2nd Lt. C. Zwielerin, jr.
2nd Lt. J. J. Mayer
1st Lt. J. E. Phalon
Capt. W. D. Trott
2nd Lt. L. S. Buchdahl
1st Lt. J. H. Holt
1st Lt. H. Clark, jr.
1st Lt. R. L. Carithers
1st Lt. V. J. Kuhn
1st Lt. P. C. Cabot
1st Lt. M. H. Murphy
1st Lt. D. L. Nyman
2nd Lt. R. T. De Neve
2nd Lt. W. R. Patton
2nd Lt. M. Johnson
1st Lt. R. Corder
2nd Lt. J. R. Romine, jr.
Capt. F. M. Williamson

2nd Lt. E. J. Hudac
Capt. H. L. Richardson
1st Lt. G. E. Rinker
2nd Lt. W. W. Baird
1st Lt. J. R. Clark
2nd Lt. J. L. Logerot
2nd Lt. R. C. Bibb
2nd Lt. C. W. Nall
1st Lt. W. J. Upchurch
1st Lt. D. M. Mock
1st Lt. I. Sigmond
2nd Lt. G. R. Clapshaw
1st Lt. R. S. Barker
1st Lt. E. Muller
1st Lt. P. E. Hayman
2nd Lt. G. C. Rintelman
2nd Lt. F. Dorner
2nd Lt. J. O. Mahoney
2nd Lt. C. L. V. Givens
1st Lt. A. C. Stineman
2nd Lt. C. D. Clapshaw
1st Lt. W. L. Richister
MISSING—PACIFIC REGIONS
1st Lt. W. E. Duntrow
1st Lt. G. F. Faivre
1st Lt. W. H. Hain
1st Lt. V. E. Morris
2nd Lt. W. L. Wentz, jr.
1st Lt. H. W. Catls, jr.
1st Lt. M. D. Kay
Maj. R. D. Luman
1st Lt. E. M. Thomas, jr.
2nd Lt. E. W. Karlson
FO. W. A. Mitchell
1st Lt. R. H. Moody
1st Lt. Anton Obert

2nd Lt. F. E. Bates
Capt. A. F. Angulo
2nd Lt. R. H. King
1st Lt. G. R. Ennen
Lt. Col. C. A. Whitcomb
1st Lt. J. J. Browning
Capt. A. F. Wilson
1st Lt. W. Bulger, jr.
2nd Lt. G. W. Jellison
1st Lt. W. F. Cox
1st Lt. J. J. Ballard
1st Lt. O. C. Brister
Maj. W. C. Sikes
1st Lt. P. S. Alston
2nd Lt. L. J. Wright
1st Lt. N. Weiner
2nd Lt. J. E. Herburger
1st Lt. E. G. Martin, jr.
2nd Lt. F. O. Wand
Capt. L. J. Heenan
1st Lt. B. C. Eason
1st Lt. D. J. Jobe
2nd Lt. S. L. Jacobs
1st Lt. R. E. Young
2nd Lt. D. H. Yant
1st Lt. L. I. Hughes
2nd Lt. A. W. Rutter
Capt. Virgil Olds
Capt. J. I. Pankoff
FO. C. G. Agne
1st Lt. Joseph Wirth
1st Lt. L. N. Grow
2nd Lt. L. H. Kasold, jr.
2nd Lt. H. R. Peebles
Capt. R. H. Hamilton
2nd Lt. A. M. Cohen
1st Lt. E. H. Gran
2nd Lt. A. V. Howe

Capt. R. M. Mansfield
1st Lt. G. H. McEneny
2nd Lt. M. Swetsky
1st Lt. S. C. Black
2nd Lt. R. W. Hansen
1st Lt. L. G. Bains
2nd Lt. J. B. Covington
1st Lt. J. R. Lewis
2nd Lt. R. T. Boggan
1st Lt. E. K. Burrell
Capt. W. L. Arthur
2nd Lt. N. J. Giese
2nd Lt. W. H. McClure
Maj. T. R. Garrett
FO. E. W. Long, jr.
FO. G. H. Rainey
2nd Lt. D. F. Vezau
2nd Lt. R. L. Robertson
2nd Lt. C. E. Meides
2nd Lt. L. Schneider
1st Lt. L. Tomberg
2nd Lt. W. E. Fay
1st Lt. S. B. Hitt
2nd Lt. K. L. Ehlers
2nd Lt. R. C. Taylor
2nd Lt. M. E. Zack
2nd Lt. F. S. Green
1st Lt. A. P. O'Hara, jr.
FO. A. C. Deutsch, jr.
2nd Lt. J. B. Medina
2nd Lt. R. D. Harkelrode
1st Lt. R. E. Heidlebaugh
2nd Lt. C. M. Malaby
2nd Lt. W. W. Martin
1st Lt. M. V. Arnold
1st Lt. D. J. Murphy
2nd Lt. L. E. Yakish

Death Cancels Income Tax

Representative Robertson (D. Va.) this week told the House of Representatives that it is not generally known that income taxes assessed or assessable against those in military service are canceled in the event of death in the service. He quoted the following letter from Commissioner of Internal Revenue Nunan: "Under the provisions of Section 421 of the Internal Revenue Code, an individual who dies while in active service as a member of the armed forces will have no tax liability for the taxable year in which he dies, and any tax remaining unpaid for prior years shall not be assessed, and if assessed, the assessment shall be abated, and if collected, shall be credited or refunded as an overpayment. "Accordingly, the Federal income tax in the case of a serviceman killed in action for the taxable year in which occurs the date of death is cancelled and any amount paid in his behalf for such year is refundable. "Any tax remaining unpaid for prior taxable years shall be abated. There is no provision for a refund of the decedent's tax which was paid for taxable years prior to the year in which death occurs."

Pearl Harbor Guns Blast Japs

The next time the USS Pennsylvania blasts Jap ships and shore installations, 11 of the 12 big guns in her armament will be equipment salvaged from Pearl Harbor, from ships sunk or damaged there. Skilled gunsmiths and ordnance men, both professional Navy men and civilian workers, teamed up to perform operations on the 33,000-ton Pennsylvania.

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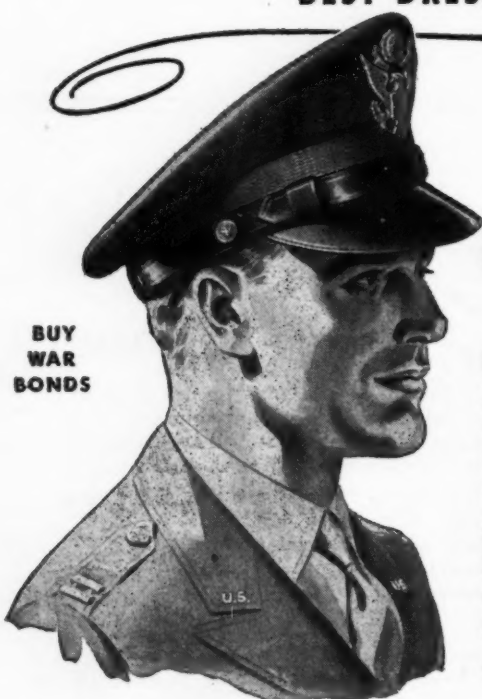
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Calendar of Legislation ACTION ON LEGISLATION

S. 559. To provide reimbursement of naval personnel for property lost between 31 Oct. 1941 and 7 Dec. 1941, and to include household effects in reimbursement. Has special reference to prisoners of war on duty and living in the Pacific when captured. Reported, amended, by Senate Naval Committee.

H. R. 3007. Authorizes appointment of Gen. Omar N. Bradley to the Office of Administrator of Veterans' Affairs without affecting his military status and perquisites. Reported by House Military Committee. Passed by House. Passed by Senate. To President.

H. R. 3322. To enable families of overseas veterans, and returning veterans with families affected by evictions or hardships, to occupy publicly financed war housing which may be vacant. Signed by President.

S. 68. To permit retired officers of the Navy and of the Naval Reserve, while on active duty, to be appointed to ranks or grades in a different branch or corps of the Navy without loss of rights. Signed by President.

S. 612. Eliminates special retirement benefits to officers of the Air Corps serving as wing commanders. Signed by President.

S. 916. Removes the limitation on the right to command of officers of the Dental Corps of the Army. Signed by President.

H. J. 136. To provide for the establishment, management, and perpetuation of the Kermit Roosevelt Fund. Signed by President.

H. R. 2322. To provide for issuing the Mexican Border Service Medal to members of the

Reserve forces of the Army, on active duty in 1916 and 1917. Signed by President.

H. R. 2949. To extend 5-year-level National Service Life Insurance for 3 years. Signed by President.

H. R. 3193. Waives bonds of Navy mail clerks and assistant mail clerks. Signed by President.

H. R. 3233. To permit members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Public Health Service, and their dependents to occupy certain Government Housing facilities on a rental basis without loss of rental allowances. Signed by President.

H. R. 2240. To provide that service in the National Guard or Organized Militia by persons before reaching the age of 18 years shall be credited for longevity or other pay purposes. Reported by House Military Committee.

The following reimbursement bills have been passed by the House, affecting Navy personnel, for loss of personal property by fire: H. R. 2805, Camp Rousseau, Port Huemene, Calif., 22 Dec. 1944; H. R. 2806, Naval Base,

Rosneath, Scotland, 12 Oct. 1944; H. R. 2807, amphibious training base, Camp Bradford, naval operating base, Norfolk, Va., 20 Jan. 1945; H. R. 2853, U. S. Naval Hospital, Seattle, Wash., 16 May 1944; H. R. 2615, at the outlying degaussing branch of the Norfolk Navy Yard,

Army and Navy Journal 1367 July 7, 1945

Portsmouth, Va., 4 Dec. 1942.
H. R. 1512. To amend existing law to pro-
(Please turn to Next Page)

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Calendar of Legislation

(Continued from Preceding Page)

vide that enlisted men retired with credit for 30 years' service, and who served beyond the continental limits of the United States between 1898 and 1912, such service having been computed as double time toward retirement, shall be entitled to receive the maximum retired pay now provided for the grade in which retired. Passed by House.

The following reimbursement bills have been passed by the Senate, affecting Navy personnel for personal property lost by fire: S. 902, Harrowbeer Airport, Yelverton, South Devon, Eng., 26 Dec. 1944; S. 985, at various shore activities abroad and in the U. S.; S. 986, naval air station, Bunker Hill, Ind., 28 Dec. 1944; S. 996, Lt. (jg) William A.

White, USNR, U. S. naval supply depot, Navy No. 167, 30 Nov. 1944; S. 1062, naval auxiliary air station, Pungo, Norfolk, Va., 13 Feb. 1945; H. R. 1309, explosion at Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Va., 17 Sept. 1943, amended.

H. R. 2477. To provide additional pay of \$10 a month for enlisted men in the Army Medical Corps entitled to wear the Expert Medical Corpsman Badge. Passed by Senate. To President.

H. R. 2685. To reimburse Naval personnel for personal property lost by fire in the bachelor officers' quarters, Macquerie Annex, U. S. naval operating base, Trinidad, BWI, 11 June 1944. Passed by Senate. To President.

H. R. 3180. To restrict disposition of Naval vessels and facilities. Passed, amended, by Senate.

H. R. 3436. To provide for a medal to be awarded to those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States or of the Philippines at any time between 7 Dec. 1941 and the official end of the war. Passed by Senate.

To President.

H. R. 3550. War Department Appropriation bill. Conference report agreed to by House and Senate. To President.

Bills Introduced

S. J. Res. 80. Sen. Johnson, Calif. To investigate the practicability, advisability, feasibility, and location of a U. S. Naval Academy on the Pacific Coast of the U. S.

H. R. 3602. Rep. Rankin, Miss. To amend the Servicemen's Readjustment Act to provide for a readjustment allowance for all veterans of World War II.

H. R. 3625. Rep. Andrews, N. Y. To provide that persons discharged or relieved from active service on their own initiative to accept employment shall be eligible for mustering-out payments.

H. R. 3627. Rep. Rankin, Miss. To liberalize and clarify vocational rehabilitation and education and training laws administered by the Veterans' Administration.

H. R. 3629. Rep. Maloney, La. To authorize the erection of a Veterans' Administration general medical and surgical hospital and domiciliary facility in or near New Orleans, La., for women veterans of any war.

H. R. 3635. Rep. Sikes, Fla. To provide that former widows of veterans of World Wars I and II shall be entitled to compensation

or pension if they remarry and become widowed or are divorced except for adultery. H. R. 3644. Rep. Rankin, Miss., and H. R. 3645, Mrs. Rogers, Mass. To amend existing law to provide additional rates of compensation or pension and to remedy inequalities as to specific service-incurred disabilities in excess of total disability.

S. 1202. Sen. Johnson, Colo. To provide more liberal loans and loan guarantees for veterans. S. 1203. Sen. Johnson, Colo. To liberalize and clarify laws pertaining to hospital treatment, medical care, domiciliary care and related services.

S. 1211. Sen. Butler, Neb. To permit settlement of accounts of deceased officers and enlisted men of the Army without administration of estates.

S. 1215. Sen. Walsh, Mass. To reimburse Marine Corps personnel for personal property lost in the disaster to the SS Maadam on 26 June 1941.

Service Personnel to State

As a means of strengthening its career service, the State Department has adopted a plan to recruit 400 Foreign Service officers from the men and women in the Armed Services and veterans of this war.

The recruitment is being undertaken, according to an announcement made by the Department, because of the greatly expanding American responsibility in international relations in the post war period. According to the Department arrangements have been made with the Army and Navy, including the Marine Corps, Coast Guard and Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps, for examinations to be given at suitable places, and those in active service who receive appointments will be given discharges.

"The American people expect and deserve the best possible Foreign Service and the most suitable talent to draw from is among the men and women who have fought to win the war," the State Department declares.

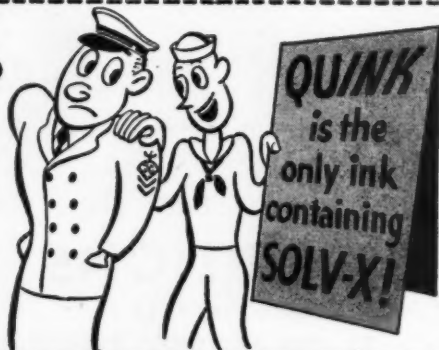
The Department's action is being taken, it was explained, to restore proper balance to a topheavy personnel condition which has resulted from inability during the war years to obtain qualified men and women to fill foreign service jobs which draw beginning salaries from \$2,500 to \$3,400 a year.

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Awards and Decorations

Medal of Honor

*1st Lt. Donald Packet, AAF: Saved the lives of three crew members.

*Sgt. Herschel F. Briles: Twice entered the hulls of burning tanks to rescue trapped comrades.

*Sgt. Day G. Turner, Inf.: Engaged a superior German force in hand-to-hand fighting and held a vital flank position.

*Cpl. Henry F. Warner, Inf.: Gave his life after smashing and setting afire three enemy tanks.

*Sgt. Charles F. Carey, jr., Inf.: Captured 16 Germans and rescued two infantry squads.

*Pfc. Richard E. Cowan, Inf.: Repulsed repeated waves of German attackers.

*Pfc. George Benjamin, jr., Inf.: Led an assault which caused the destruction of strong Jap positions on Leyte.

Distinguished Service Cross

Brig. Gen. H. T. Perrin, USA: Belgium. T5 P. F. Dougherty, CE: Saving drowning man.

Distinguished Service Medal

Maj. Gen. Daniel Noco, USA (OLC): Service to the Govt.

Brig. Gen. W. M. Hoge, USA: Service to the Govt.

Maj. Gen. J. L. Frink, USA (OLC): Service of Supply.

Maj. Gen. A. C. Gillem, jr., USA: Com. Gen. XIII Corps.

Brig. Gen. C. L. Burpee, USA: Asst. Chief of Transportation, ETO.

Maj. Gen. E. H. Brooks, USA (OLC): Attacks by units of VI Corps.

Maj. Gen. L. A. Craig, USA: 9th Infantry Div. in Belgium and Germany.

Maj. Gen. F. E. Uhl, USA: Com. Gen. 4th and 7th Service Commands.

Brig. Gen. A. L. Hamblen, USA: North Africa and Italy.

Maj. Gen. G. B. Erskine, USMC: Iwo Jima.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal

1st Lt. N. K. Brown, USMC: Central Pacific Combat area.

Letters of Commendation

Capt. L. P. Smith, USN-Ret.: Asst. Coordinator of Research and Development.

Rear Adm. S. S. Kennedy, USN: Industrial Manager, Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

Legion of Merit

Capt. L. L. Strauss, USNR: Brig. Gen. E. B. McKinley, USA; Col. J. W. Childs, GSC;

Col. J. W. Green, jr., SC; Col. W. T. Guest, SC; Col. A. P. O'Meara, FA; Col. W. A. Pashley, QMC; Col. H. A. Quinn, Ord.; Lt. Col. W. S. Moore, MC; Brig. Gen. E. A. Evans, USA; Col. M. C. Bernays, GSC; Col. R. C. Diebert, ChC; Col. J. B. Warden, FA; Col. I. D. Yeaton, GSC; 1st Sgt. L. O. Coleman, USA; Lt. Col. R. C. Baker, CE; Lt. Col. A. D. Chaffin, jr., CE; Maj. I. H. Kingman, CE; Capt. T. F. Scott, CE; Lt. Col. W. V. Worland, CE; Col. J. C. Williams, AAF; Com-

modore W. O. Hiltabidle, USN; Col. C. G. Follasbee, USA; Commodore W. W. Warlick, USN; Capt. J. H. Foskett, USN; Capt. B. B. Wygant, USN-Ret.; Maj. Gen. R. W. Hassbrouck, USN; Col. Kennedy Hassenzahl, AUS, and Rear Adm. John L. McCrea, USN (GS).

Silver Star

Sgt. R. W. Riley, USMC: Peleliu. Capt. D. J. Kendall, USMC: Iwo Jima.

Bronze Star

Comdr. K. E. Montross, USN; Comdr. M. G. Schmidt, USN; Lt. Comdr. A. H. Alston, jr., USN; Capt. H. L. Young, USN; Lt. Col. N. K. Brown, USMC; Lt. Col. R. McC. Tompkins, USMC; 2nd Lt. A. C. Eldridge, USMC; T.Sgt. J. H. Love, USMC.

Air Medal

Capt. E. O. McDonnell, USNR; Lt. E. H. Haller, USNR; Lt. (jg) E. T. McNair, USN; Lt. (jg) Perry Close, USNR; AMM 1c G. J. Kapolka, USN; AMM 1c H. B. Levitt, USNR; AMM 3c E. W. Libby, USNR; AOM J. E. McLaughlin, USNR; S2c M. J. Olson, USNR;

AMM 3c W. H. Schultz, USNR; ACMM E. G. Willis, jr., USN; Col. J. O. Seaman, USA; 1st Lt. A. L. McClintic, USMC; Sgt. Charles Glindin; Sgt. F. P. Lisanti; 1st Lt. J. M. Barbecot; Pfc. L. R. Barreto. *Posthumous Award.

Jap Losses to U. S. Subs

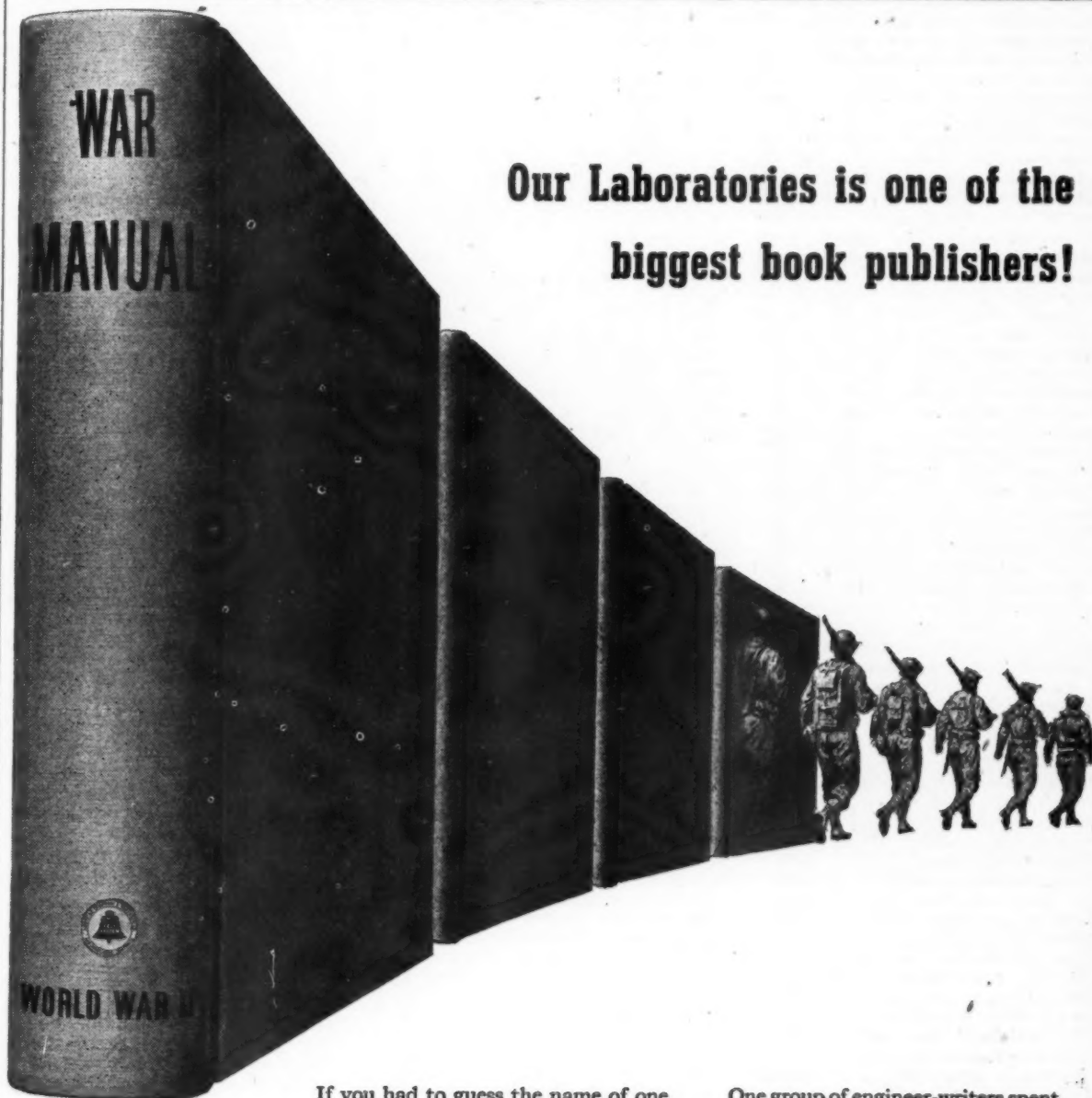
Japanese losses inflicted by American submarines totaled 140 vessels sunk, eleven vessels probably sunk, and 16 damaged, according to the latest Navy Department Communiqué.

According to the Department, American submarines have sunk 4 aircraft carriers, 17 cruisers, 55 destroyers, 3 tenders and 61 "others." The Navy stated that American submarines had sunk 687 cargo and supply ships, 115 tankers, and 165 transports together with 56 "Miscellaneous" for a total of 1,023.

Help Discharged Jap-Americans

With the Fifth Army, Italy—A special Soldier Service Committee to assist Japanese-American soldiers in resettling when they return to the United States has been formed by officers of the 442nd Japanese-American Infantry Regiment and has already assisted 304 soldiers.

The idea originated with 1st Lt. William H. Wolfe, who was impressed by the fact that most soldiers of Japanese descent from the United States have no home, jobs, nor businesses to which to return after their honorable discharge from the Armed Forces. Serving with Lieutenant Wolfe in the organizing group are 2nd Lt. Edward R. Williams, and Capt. California Ushiro.



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One group of engineer-writers spent eight months on one book, a manual for a secret electronic device. Another volume, equally thick, was written by one man in five months. Still another required the full time of one writer for a year and a half.

This publishing achievement is one of the yardsticks by which the Laboratories' war contribution may be measured. That's because each book is an instruction manual to accompany equipment designed by Bell Laboratories for the Armed Forces.



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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

► **FOREIGN AFFAIRS.** The preliminary arrangements made for the impending conference of the Big Three "in the vicinity of Berlin" promise continued cooperation on matters common to them and accord on the principles to be observed at the final peace table. This is not to say that decisions have been perfected, rather that the way has been paved for them. The issues to be discussed necessarily are too vast and too important to be passed upon finally save by the Heads of the States. They include political, economic, financial, and military policies in expansion of the Yalta understandings, and ultimate disposition of captured enemy territory and settlement of territorial claims.

Because economic stability is directly related to political stability, and without the latter there is little hope of realizing world peace, the matter of relief and the contributions thereto of the three nations, calls for primary consideration. Liberated Europe is reported officially to be desperately short of food, clothing, fuel, medical supplies and shelter, and in addition needs minimum quantities of materials, machinery and equipment to get back on its feet as a going concern. Our military authorities are relinquishing their responsibility for supplying European civilians, the funds and operations of UNRRA are limited, and lend-lease appropriations provide only for war supporting requirements. Besides the supplies we are sending, the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, Cuba, Brazil and Mexico are shipping coal, food, clothing, shoes, transportation and other equipment, etc. But the void remains, and this must be filled at least to an extent that will allow people to live until the harvest is reaped and mines and factories are operating. The President realizes that the United States has been, and must continue to be, the biggest supplier of relief to Europe. From Russia's great wheat belt can come shipments in the fall, which will aid in alleviating the situation that has such terms of peril to peace. Rehabilitation, too, demands prompt action, and in this connection will be determined the matter of the amount of loans we shall make to our Allies. The machinery for such loans has been partially created through the Import-Export Bank, and will be set up under the Bretton Woods International Bank and Monetary Fund, legislation for which has passed the House and will pass the Senate next week. In all these matters, the new Secretary of State, former Justice Byrnes, who succeeded Mr. Stettinius this week, will have a powerful voice, since the President has determined that that official shall have the authority possessed, for example, by William Root and Chief Justice Hughes when they occupied that office. Mr. Byrnes is thoroughly familiar with the questions of relief and rehabilitation because of his service as war mobilizer, and his knowledge will be of great assistance to President Truman during the Potsdam conference.

From Poland to the Dardanelles and thence to Tangier, the discussions of the Conference will range, and of present importance to the United States will be the understanding reached between the Chung King and Moscow Governments as a result of the negotiations now being concluded in the Soviet Capital. As to Poland, while Great Britain and the United States have withdrawn recognition of the Government in Exile, there are angles of the question to be finally determined, such as the treatment of the Polish Forces which served with American and British units under the aegis of the London government, and the recovery of the funds of the pre-war Poland which were turned over to the exiled leaders. Obviously connected are Russia's demands upon Turkey for freedom of passage through the Dardanelles, and for participation in the American-British-French conference regarding the ousting of Spain from Tangier and the future status of that city. Possibly the latter claim was advanced in order to prevent British support of the Turkish Government's refusal to permit any infringement of its sovereignty over the Straits. Justification for the claim is found in Soviet membership on the Mediterranean Council, a concession by Britain which gave recognition to Russia as a Middle Sea Power. France and the United States have no objection to Russian participation in the Tangier conference, and Britain also will be forced to agree. Without firm support from London, it would seem that the Ankara Government will be forced to yield to Moscow in the matter of the Dardanelles, though that Government is determined to preserve its sovereignty over European as well as Asiatic Turkey.

That Russia and the Chung King Governments will come to an harmonious understanding regarding their common interests in the Far East is indicated by information which has reached Washington. Such an understanding is momentous to Japan and is of first importance to us. If the understanding lead in the direction of the unification of China, as is anticipated, it will mean eventually a stronger mainland enemy for Japan. The Russians have never been interested in the agrarian movement in northwest China, incorrectly described as communist, and have looked with favor upon our efforts to bring about the amalgamation of that movement with Chiang-Kai-Shek. Their negotiations with the latter's mission would be a blow to that movement and an encouragement to Chung King. As such it will arouse deep resentment and apprehension in Japan. The presence at the Potsdam conference of Chiefs of Staff of the Three Powers also will give concern to Tokyo. It knows there is no military situation in Europe to require further operations. It is feeling the effects of our blockade. It is broadcasting the ruins of its cities caused by our bombs. These facts unquestionably were responsible for the meeting last week of Premier Suzuki and all living ex-premiers. They were responsible, too, for the peace feelers that have been insistently emanating from Tokyo.

Republican leaders in the Senate and House urged this week that President Truman clarify for the benefit of the Japanese the meaning of our demand for their unconditional surrender. Senator White described the term as meaning the acceptance by the vanquished of the will of the victor. It calls for the total loss of the Japanese Navy, disarmament of its other military forces, surrender of its conquered lands, and destruction of its war productive agencies and complete control by the United Nations of its economic capacity for war. However, the Senator added, it does not involve the destruction of the home and the family life of the Nips, interference with their religious beliefs, and the complete abandonment of agricultural activities and peaceful industries, and the loss thereby of a livelihood for the masses of the people. He added that the choice of the Japanese people is unconditional surrender as so defined, or annihilation. Senator Barkley responded that President Truman could not define Unconditional Surrender save in accordance with the views also held by our Allies. It would not be surprising should the President decide to issue a statement following, perhaps, consultation with Prime Minister Churchill or with his successor should the elections held on Thursday fail to provide the latter with the majority in Parliament necessary to continue him in charge of the Government. While it is predicted Mr. Churchill will be victorious, the results of the elections will not be known for two or three weeks

because there must be counted the ballots of the soldiers and sailors away from home. The doubt that exists regarding Mr. Churchill's position may prolong the conference since both President Truman and Marshal Stalin will wish to be assured that the commitments made by him are the commitments of the new Government.

Disappeared from public life in Washington is Harry Hopkins, the alter ego of President Roosevelt. Gone, too, is Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau, who figured largely in the financial negotiations with our Allies. Justice Roberts has resigned from the Supreme Bench to devote his time to the prosecution of criminals. Justice Roberts is known to the country for his work as chairman of the commission appointed by late President Roosevelt to investigate the Pearl Harbor catastrophe.

► **NAVAL AERONAUTICS.** A Navy squadron of JATO equipped PBM Mariners, rescued 39 U. S. airmen downed in the Pacific in April. The rescues necessitated 27 open sea landings, six of them under enemy fire, in the waters around Japan. JATO—meaning "jet-assisted takeoff"—permits short, speedy takeoffs in the open sea allowing a plane to get away in a hurry when it has landed to make a rescue under enemy fire.

Ens. R. G. Koeller, USNR, is back on a fast Navy carrier in the Pacific after being rescued from under the noses of the Japs when his Hellcat, battered by anti-aircraft fire, crashed in the mouth of Kagoshima Bay. The bay is at the southern tip of the Japanese home island of Kyushu, and his rescue from its waters is comparable to a Jap pilot's being saved by his own forces after cracking up in San Francisco Bay, the Navy states.

From Guam comes news that airborne return of wounded during the Okinawa campaign reached a new high in the Pacific war, with the Navy's crack air evacuation squadron—VRE-1—playing the major role of flying 1,248,800 over-ocean miles to evacuate 9,424 casualties.

One of the eight squadrons in Naval Air Transport Service Pacific Wing, VRE-1 landed the first transport plane on the embattled island eight days after the invasion and flew 446 round trip missions through 22 June when the island was declared secured. Only one fighting man, a marine, died aloft.

Composite Squadron Ninety-four has returned to the United States after five months of strenuous duty in the Western Pacific. Ninety-four has participated in the Luzon and Iwo Jima invasions and then went into 62 consecutive days of action off Okinawa.

A division of wildcat fighters, led by Lt. Carl J. Rieman, USNR, helped in the destroyer USS Laffey's fight for life against 25 Kamikazes. Four of the 25 Jap planes were shot down by the four-man division, one each by Lt. Rieman; Ensign Jack O. Dean, USNR; Ens. Richard A. Collier, USNR, and Lieut. John Hocza, USNR.

Four days earlier, another division of Wildcats led by Lt. Leland E. Terry, USNR, squadron commander and senior fighter pilot, tangled with two suiciders above another destroyer off Okinawa.

A mass suicide attack never materialized, because the Japs, hiding camouflaged in an inlet, were spotted by Lt. John W. George, USNR. He and other Avenger pilots immediately initiated bombing and rocket attacks. Among those with him was Lt. Robert H. Ault, USNR; Ens. Robert F. Mason, USNR.

► **MARINE CORPS.** Maj. Gen. Louis E. Woods, USMC, has succeeded Maj. Gen. Francis P. Mulcahy, USMC, as commanding general of the Tenth Army Tactical Air Force and the Second Marine Aircraft Wing. General Woods, a former Director of Marine Corps Aviation, was, until recently, commanding general of the Fourth Marine Aircraft Wing.

Maj. Gen. LeRoy P. Hunt, USMC, has assumed command of the Second Marine Division, succeeding Maj. Gen. Thomas E. Watson, USMC. General Hunt, who was recently promoted to his present rank, was formerly assistant commander of the division. As a colonel he commanded the first Marine combat group to land on Guadalcanal in the opening phase of the Solomons campaign. He later served as commanding general of Marine Garrison Forces in the 14th Naval District.

► **NAVY YARDS.** From January to April of this year Puget Sound Navy Yard moved 3,832 items worth more than \$2,000,000 thus releasing more than 30,000 square feet of vital storage space. Under the title of Technical Research and Utilization group, the Supply Department of the yard decided to get rid of inactive supplies on hand either by substituting them for other material or by selling them as salvage. So successful have their efforts been that other yards may adopt the plan.

► **NAVY SHORE CONSTRUCTION.** Seabees on Okinawa are "doing a grand job of handling a difficult task," according to Rear Admiral Carl H. Cotter, CEC, USN, Director of the Pacific Division, Bureau of Yards and Docks.

Following a two-day inspection tour of construction projects with Commo. Andrew G. Bisset, CEC, USN, Commander of construction troops on the Island, Admiral Cotter said that the work planned for the island will enable the United States to really "pour the heat on the Japanese homelands."

Rear Admiral Cotter, who has travelled over 300,000 miles in the Pacific inspecting advanced base construction from the humid islands of the South Pacific to the Ryukyus, paid tribute to the Naval Construction Battalions, builders of those earlier bases.

► **WOMEN'S ARMY CORPS.** The first high-score Wacs to be returned to the United States from the European Theater of Operations—a group of approximately fifty—will be flown home some time in July, Lt. Col. Anna W. Wilson, ETO Wac Staff Director, announced.

They will begin arriving at reinforcement depots shortly after 1 July, and will be flown home as soon as air space is available. All of the group have scores of over 70 points. The highest score is 112 points. A minimum of 50 Wacs will be returned monthly thereafter until November, when a substantial increase in the quota is expected, Col. Wilson said. Some 3,000 Wacs in the ETO are eligible for release under the War Department critical score of 44 points.

Each month, it was explained, an ETO Wac score will be announced. All Wacs above this score who so desire will be returned to the U. S. Wacs above this score may, however, elect to apply for an overseas discharge, or to remain in the Army. The Army will help Wacs obtain suitable civilian jobs with government agencies in the theater, Col. Wilson said. Any Wac with more than 44 points may apply now for a civilian job in the ETO. She will be notified as to suitable vacancies existing. However, she will not be released to take a civilian job until her score is reached in the ETO program.

Although many high-score Wacs are now frozen on their jobs by the designation of all clerk-typists and stenographers in the theater as essential personnel, the situation is expected to be relieved by the availability of replacements within the next few months, it was said.

ARMY AIR FORCES. Lt. Gen. Lewis H. Brereton, recently returned from three years' service in the Middle East and European Theaters, has assumed command of the Third Air Force, with headquarters in Tampa, Fla. He succeeds Maj. Gen. Westside T. Larson, who leaves the Third Air Force post for an undisclosed assignment. General Brereton has served as commanding general of the Tenth Air Force in India, of the Ninth Air Force, Middle East Command, of the United States Army Forces in the Middle East, and the First Allied Airborne Army, which organization he commanded from August, 1944, until the capitulation of Germany.

General Carl A. Spaatz left Europe 30 June for the United States to take a new and undisclosed assignment, dispatches from Paris state. He was accompanied by his chief of staff, Brig. Gen. Edward P. Curtis, and other members of his staff. It was also stated that Lt. Gen. John K. Cannon, commander of Allied Air Forces in the Mediterranean Theater, will command the Occupational Air Forces in Europe.

Lt. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg, formerly commanding general of the Ninth Air Force, has been appointed Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Operations, Commitments, and Requirements, Headquarters, AAF. He succeeds Maj. Gen. Donald Wilson, who has left for an undisclosed assignment.

Headquarters of United States Forces in the China Theater have rescinded censorship of the fact that B-29s are no longer based in China.

Col. Melvin B. Asp has been appointed chief of staff to Col. Clarence P. Talbot, commanding officer of the Fourteenth Air Force Service Command in China.

Col. Benjamin J. Webster has relieved Col. Joe W. Kelly as commanding officer of Stewart Field, the Basic-Advanced Flying School for West Point cadets, it was announced 28 June by Maj. Gen. Francis B. Wilby, superintendent of the Military Academy. Colonel Kelly is assigned as A-3, Training Command, Fort Worth, Tex. Colonel Webster was director of training at Stewart Field when he left for overseas duty in November, 1943, and has been in England with the Eighth Air Force, first as executive officer of the 67th Fighter Wing, then as Acting Chief of Staff of the Eighth Fighter Command, and finally as commanding officer of the Eighth Fighter Command.

Appointment by President Truman of Brig. Gen. Edward M. Powers, Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Materiel and Services, AAF, to membership on the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics was announced by Dr. Jerome C. Hunsaker, NACA Chairman 6 July. General Powers assumes the place on the Committee recently vacated by Maj. Gen. Oliver P. Echols upon the latter's assignment to duty overseas.

The Eighth Air Force has lifted the cloak of secrecy from its 492 Bombardment Group. Flying at night from bases in Dijon, France, in March and as recently as 26 April, planes of the group went deep into southern Germany, dropping agents in the mountainous region—men who observed enemy movements in that area and reported back to London by radio. Liberators of the 801st and 492nd last year flew over Belgium, France and Holland at low altitudes at night, dropping hundreds of trained agents and sabotage men and thousands of tons of military supplies, including jeeps, for resistance movements.

A new P-38 lead plane that pin-points targets through fog, darkness and bad weather for high-flying conventional Lightnings with heavy bomb loads has been announced. Termed the Pathfinder, the modified fighter carries equipment still not releasable but revealed to be extremely effective. The Pathfinder's elongated metal and plastic pilot's nacells are cylindrical and blunt. It has instruments that are advanced over those of the now famous "droop-snoot" Lightning which contained all the standard bombing and navigational equipment of a heavy bomber.

Thunderbolt fighters are now being equipped by the AAF with General Electric autopilots for combat missions against the Japanese homeland areas. Installation of this system for the first time in AAF fighters primarily is to ease the strain on pilots during long missions. On missions such as escorting B-29s on attacks against Japan, fighter pilots now can fly hundreds of miles from advanced island bases and still reach the combat zone in good physical efficiency.

A survey released 5 July by the Air Transport Association of America discloses that in their early expanded post-war fleets 19 airlines of the United States expect to have 975 planes operating at higher speeds with many new comforts and seating 36,180 passengers. To raise their equipment to meet post-war programs, the airlines have ordered or have on option 409 new planes seating 23,725 passengers, and including the latest models of aircraft incorporating many war-developed improvements in design, speed and detail appointments.

Air Transport Command.—The Chinese Government 20 June conferred the Order of the Cloud and Banner to eight Air Transport Command officers who trained men for flying over the "Hump." The presentations were made on the lawn of the Chinese Ambassador's residence in Washington, D. C., by Dr. H. H. Kung, personal representative of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. The medals went to Lt. Gen. Harold L. George, commanding general of the ATC, Brig. Gen. T. B. Wilson, Col. Frank H. Collins, Col. George K. Nissley, Lt. Col. H. A. Kenyon, Lt. Col. George A. Braga, Maj. A. Kidder and Maj. George Holt. Over 100 Chinese and American officials were present at the ceremony, among them being General Shang Chen, chief of the Chinese Military Mission to the United States, and General P. T. Mow, deputy chief of the Chinese Air Force.

As commander of the North African Division of the ATC, Brig. Gen. James S.

Stowell was honored recently when the Sultan of Morocco presented him with the Second Degree of Grand Officer of the Cherifien Oulissam Alaoulte Order.

Air Technical Service Command.—Some 60 officers from AAF installations throughout the country convened at headquarters of the ATSC, Wright Field, Ohio, 2 July, for the first of a series of six-day courses in local purchase contracting procedures, it was announced by Brig. Gen. D. C. Swatland, chief of the ATSC's procurement division. Set up at AAF direction to school contracting officers in efficient, economical contracting methods, the course is supervised by Lt. Col. E. W. Brackett, chief of the procurement division's local purchase control section. Officers of Colonel Brackett's section are providing instruction. Courses will be given twice a month throughout the remainder of the year. The 700 to 900 officers who are expected to attend this school are responsible for local buying at all AAF stations in the country, including the ATSC, AAF Training Command, Air Transport Command, and the four Air Forces based in the United States.

Training Command.—Headquarters of the AAF Training Command observed a double anniversary this week. On 1 July, three years ago, the Training Command, under Lt. Gen. Barton K. Yount, transferred its headquarters from Washington, D. C. to Fort Worth, Tex. On 7 July, three years ago, the Training Command was created by a merger of the Flying Training Command and the Technical Training Command, which had been operating its program from a headquarters at Knollwood Field, N. C.

NAVY SHIPS. The USS Fletcher, first of more than 100 destroyers of her type to join the United States Fleet, has traveled in excess of 200,000 miles in the Southern and Western Pacific in the last two and a half years. During this time the vessel and her crew have waged war against the Japs in three surface campaigns, 31 separate antiaircraft actions, five submarine attacks and 16 major shore bombardments. The Fletcher's guns, which are still blazing against the Japs in the far Western Pacific, have blasted 11 enemy planes from the skies, aided in downing eight others, sank a Jap cruiser, assisted in sinking another and heavily damaged two enemy destroyers. The ship also has credit for one Jap submarine "kill" and probable destruction of another.

Successive commanding officers of the Fletcher have been: 30 June until 11 Dec. 1942, Capt. (then Lt. Comdr.), William M. Cole, USN; until 16 April 1943, Comdr. (then Lt. Comdr.) Frank L. Johnson, USN; until 10 Feb. 1944, Comdr. (then Lt. Comdr.) Robert D. McGinnis, USN; until 12 April 1945, Comdr. (then Lt. Comdr.) John L. Foster, USN; at present, Lt. Comdr. Robert R. Green, USN.

Another Navy ship with an admirable record is the USS Grayson, a destroyer, and an old-timer in the Pacific. The Grayson joined the Pacific Fleet back in 1942 when the Navy, cooperating with Lt. Gen. James H. Doolittle, AAF, was working on the now famous attack on Tokyo. Since that time the Grayson has roamed the Pacific. On 7 Aug. 1942, she showed up in the South Pacific for the Guadalcanal-Tulagi campaign. During this period the ship's crew shot down three strafing planes and sank one Jap submarine.

In the Spring of 1943, the Grayson took time out for overhaul, and her first skipper, Capt. (then Comdr.) Frederick Bell, USN, turned over his command to Comdr. (then Lt. Comdr.) H. O. Hansen, USN. Since that time the Grayson has been under the Command of Comdr. William V. Pratt, and is presently commanded by Comdr. Everett A. Trickery, USN.

HORIZONS of TOMORROW



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LET'S KEEP AMERICA STRONG IN THE AIR!

CONSOLIDATED VULTEE AIRCRAFT CORPORATION

The tanker SS St. Mihiel is afloat today, because of the recent heroic effort of two destroyer escorts of the Atlantic Fleet, the USS Stewart and the USS Edsall. Rammed by another tanker, the SS Nashbrook, with whom she was in convoy, the St. Mihiel was damaged amidships and instantly set aflame from bow to stern. Six million gallons of high octane gasoline fueled the fire that followed. The USS Stewart with Lt. Comdr. Alvin Chesley Wilson, Jr., USNR, in command came alongside to aid the crippled tanker. Shortly after came the USS Edsall under the command of Lt. William W. Yoemans, USNR, to relieve the Stewart men, and ultimately get the fire under control.

Designed and built for escort duty the Destroyer Escort, USS Gilmore has taken a prominent place among the Navy's fighting ships. Constructed at Mare Island Navy Yard for the British Government, the vessel was turned over to the United States in 1943 when the American destroyer escort program was initiated. With a total mileage of more than 59,000 miles, she has travelled from San Francisco to the Aleutians and to within 250 miles of original Japanese territory. She is now carrying men and supplies to the Pacific.

The Gilmore has earned a decoration for a commanding officer. Lt. Walter D. Jenckes, USNR, was awarded the bronze star and her officers and crew wear an authorized engagement star for their Aleutian service. Now the ship is under the command of Lt. Theodore Frederick Meyer, Jr., USNR. Her executive officer Lt. James Francis McHugh, aboard the vessel since commissioning, has but two things to say, "Good ship, good crew."

The USS Salpan, a light aircraft carrier of 14,500 tons, will be launched tomorrow, 7 July, at the New York Shipbuilding Corp. The Salpan will be christened by Mrs. John W. McCormack, wife of the Majority Leader of the House of Representatives. She is the former Harriet Joyce, noted Boston contralto.

The 27,000-ton aircraft carrier Princeton will be launched tomorrow at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

The submarine Tusk, to be launched at Cramp Shipbuilding Yards, also tomorrow, will be christened by Mrs. E. W. Mills, Chevy Chase, Md., wife of Rear Adm. E. W. Mills, assistant chief of the Bureau of Ships.

A Japanese plane, zooming suddenly out of the night dropped a missile which fatally wounded the USS Twiggs, a 2100-ton destroyer on 16 June off the southern tip of Okinawa.

At the same time the Navy announced the loss of the destroyer William D. Porter, veteran of campaigns in the Kuriles, Philippines, and the Ryukyus. Although the Porter sank rapidly, the Navy said that the entire crew had escaped before the vessel went to the bottom. Thirty-eight of the more than 300 crew members suffered injuries. Six of these were wounded seriously. By nightfall all of the injured had been taken aboard the Navy hospital ship USS Relief. Comdr. Charles M. Keyes, USN, was in command of the Porter.

Casualties from the attack upon the Twiggs were four men killed, one who died from wounds, five missing and eight men and two officers wounded. The wounded were transferred to the hospital ship, USS Samaritan.

At the time the Japanese Dive bomber hit the Twiggs, Comdr. George Philip, Jr., USN, was in command. He is reported missing.

ARMY GROUND FORCES. Promoted from the rank of colonel is Brig. Gen. Harvey Edward, QMC, who is Ground Quartermaster under Gen. Jacob L. Devers, new commanding general of AGF with headquarters in the Army War College.

Present here for conference purposes several days of last week was Col. Albert H. Dickerson, Infantry, former Infantry member of the Observer Board in the European Theater of Operations.

Newly assigned here for permanent duty are Lt. Col. Claude L. Crawford, Inf., Ground G-3 Section, and Lt. Col. Samuel S. Gregory, Jr., CAC, and Lt. Col. Robert E. Hunneycutt, FA, Ground Requirements Section.

Field Artillery School.—The first United States Marine Corps enlisted men to study here in this war—10 enlisted men from Camp Lejeune, N. C., are enrolled in the Enlisted Sound Ranging Course of the Department of Observation. Although several Marine officers have attended courses at the Field Artillery School, the 10 men now studying here are the first enlisted Marines to take such a course in this war.

Those attending the course include Lt. William Bradford, S. Sgt. B. P. Hinkle, Cpls. Lionel D. Mermer, Oscar Dean, Paul C. Menton and Ralph Cochran and Pfc's Robert W. Wilcox, Raymond J. Tracy, Lee A. Wigand, Daniel M. McKenna and Gilbert Mason.

Capt. Charles B. Foster, Jr., has been assigned as a member of the staff and faculty of the Field Artillery School, Department of Combined Arms.

Armored Center.—Field Marshal Sir Henry Maitland Wilson, one of the most famous commanders of the British Army, was the guest of Maj. Gen. C. L. Scott, Commanding General, Armored Center, on a three-day inspection tour. The field marshal, who heads the British Joint Staff Mission in Washington, is a member of the Combined Chiefs of Staff. Field Marshal Wilson was shown many items of new Armored equipment and talked to ranking officers at the Armored Center on matters of interest to the Combined Chiefs of Staff.

Armored School.—Col. Thomas E. Winstead, Director of Armored Officer Candidate School and Commanding Officer of the Training Group, has left Ft. Knox for an assignment overseas. He was succeeded by Col. Haydon Y. Grubbs as director of OCS and by Col. Thomas A. Northam as Training Group Commander.

In addition to his OCS duties, Col. Grubbs continues as director of the Gunnery Department. He has held the latter position since May, 1944, when he returned from Italy where he commanded an Armored Field Artillery battalion of the 1st Armored Division.

Eighty-three candidates were commissioned second lieutenants upon graduation from Armored Officer Candidate School in the 76th class. Col. Rothwell H. Brown, director of the Tank Department, was the graduation speaker. 2nd Lt. Carol A. Duffy of Detroit was the class honor man. He attained an academic average of 94, one of the highest in OCS history.

Officers recently assigned to the Armored School include: Lt. Col. Edwin M. Cahill, who spent five years in China, and Capt. Everett H. Wilcox, both to the Tactics Department; Maj. Richard J. Grondona, Maintenance Officer on the staff of Brig. Gen. P. M. Robinett, Commandant; Capt. George W. Welde, School Troops; 2nd Lt. Herbert Clodine, Communication Department; and 2nd Lt. Sam H. Robbins, Officer Candidate School.

Armored Replacement Training Center.—Lt. Col. W. L. Strickland has been assigned as S-1 of the ARTC, replacing Lt. Col. Carl F. Swanland who has left the center for a new assignment. Col. Strickland served as Adjutant of the 1st Armored

Regiment from 1940 to 1943, after which he was appointed G-1 of the 1st Armored Division. He fought with the 1st Armored Division through the North African and Italian campaigns, remaining in Italy until the division reached the Arno River.

Infantry School.—Army and Navy Staff College Class Number 12 arrived at Fort Benning for a three-day period of classes and demonstrations at The Infantry School and The Parachute School. Monday and Tuesday, July 2-3, were spent at The Infantry School. The class saw a demonstration of the organization of an Infantry Division and a number of problems on the regular schedule for students, including "Attack of a Fortified Area." Wednesday morning was devoted to seeing an airborne demonstration at The Parachute School.

The Second Student Training Regiment at The Infantry School has been emptied of all troops, six officer candidate classes moving to the Third Student Training Regiment. Service Battalion was divided between the First and Third Student Training Regiments. Lt. Col. Hartwell T. Bynum, formerly commanding officer of the Second, was transferred to the Third, along with Capt. Richard O. Vollrath, Capt. Albert L. Elliott, and Capt. Edward D. Horowitz. Other officers moved to the Third included 19 first lieutenants and 21 second lieutenants.

NAVY NURSE CORPS. On 9 June, at the Boston Navy Yard, Lt. Jennie Anderson, Navy Nurse, christened the new ship YF-891. Miss Anderson was chosen for this honor as the nurse with the longest service at the Navy Yard. She is a graduate of the Hubbard Hospital School of Nursing, Montgomery, Alabama, and entered the Navy in 1938.

Lt. Elizabeth I. Sears (NC) USNR, has left the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, to direct the re-establishment of nursing courses for native women at the U. S. Military Government Hospital, Guam. Miss Sears, B.S., Ohio State University, M.S. Western Reserve University, entered the Navy in August, 1942, at which time she was assistant professor of obstetrics at Ohio State University.

Nine other qualified instructors of the Nurse Corps will staff the Guam school: Lt. Esther L. Schmidt, USN; Lt. (Jg) Lucille Houston, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Ann A. Jessih, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Genevieve S. Jones, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Catherine E. Meredith, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Daisy Phillips, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Lillian B. Schoonover, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Ruth E. Davis, USNR; Lt. (Jg) Nila J. Wallace, USNR.

Lt. Elizabeth B. Seidl (NC), USN, has left Captain Dauser's staff, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, for duty at a fleet hospital in the Philippines. She is a graduate of Misericordia Hospital, Milwaukee, and before entering the Navy in August, 1939, she was instructor of nursing arts there.

Lt. (Jg) Charlotte C. Maas (NC), USN, graduate of Indiana University School of Nursing, has joined Captain Dauser's staff. She recently returned from seventeen months' duty at fleet hospitals in the South Pacific. Before entering the Navy in August, 1942, she was assistant operating room supervisor at the Indiana University Medical Center.

Lt. (Jg) Ann Bruchal (NC), USN, has returned to the Audio-Visual Department, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, after an extensive trip in the Pacific to film the Navy Air Evacuation Service. Miss Bruchal flew many trips with Navy Flight Nurses, including runs to Okinawa and to the Philippines. Miss Bruchal, A.B., Barnard College, M.N. Yale University, was instructor of nursing arts at Mercer Hospital, Trenton, New Jersey when she entered the Navy in July, 1943.

ARMY SERVICE FORCES. Brig. Gen. Stanley L. Scott has been relieved as Director of Planning Division and assigned as Deputy Director, Plans and Operations, ASF.

Brig. Gen. Henry C. Wolfe, recently returned from an overseas assignment, has been assigned as Director of Planning Division.

Maj. Gen. Clarence H. Kells has been relieved as CG, San Francisco Port of Embarkation and assigned as CG, New York Port of Embarkation.

Maj. Gen. Homer M. Groninger has been relieved as CG, New York Port of Embarkation and assigned as CG, San Francisco Port of Embarkation.

Brig. Gen. James C. Marshall has been relieved from duty in the office of the Director of Plans and Operations and assigned to the Boston Port of Embarkation.

Lt. Col. Frank M. Hosterman has been transferred from G-2, WDGS to Headquarters, Fifth (5th) Service Command.

Lt. Col. Joe N. Ballentine, having returned from SHAEF has been assigned to Office of the Chief of Staff, ASF, Washington, D. C.

Two of the foremost supply chiefs in the European Theater—Maj. Gen. Ewart G. Plank and Brig. Gen. Fenton S. Jacobs—have been ordered to the United States prior to taking new assignments in the Pacific. The two officers, General Plank, Commanding General, Advance Section, Com Z, and General Jacobs, Commanding General, Channel Base Section, left Paris by plane to confer with Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, Army Service Forces Commanding General, before assuming their new commands.

Ordnance Department.—Nearly 75,000 general purpose vehicles, 1,182 special purpose vehicles and 16,159 combat vehicles, including 4,462 M-4 medium tanks, were destroyed or junked in the campaign against Germany, according to figures on Ordnance automotive expenditures released by Maj. Gen. Henry B. Saylor, ETO Chief Ordnance Officer.

These figures, Gen. Saylor pointed out, include vehicles completely written off the books and not the thousands upon thousands, damaged in battle and through normal wear and tear, that were repaired and salvaged. Even among vehicles listed as total losses, he added, enough parts were reclaimed to effect savings of many millions of dollars.

Chaplains Corps.—At the annual meeting of the National Council of the Service Men's Christian League in Philadelphia, a luncheon was given in honor of Chaplain Robert D. Workman, USN, and Chaplain George F. Rixey, USA. Dr. William Barrow Pugh presided at the meeting. Distinguished guests were Brig. Gen. Morris C. Gregory, USMC, Dr. Daniel A. Poling and Bishop Oliver J. Hart.

Chaplain Alvie L. McKnight, Officer in Charge, Miscellaneous Division, Office of the Chief of Chaplains, addressed a forum conducted by the young peoples' department of the Brookland Baptist Church, Washington, D. C. The general theme of his discussion was The Church and Its Activities in the Postwar World.

Chaplain Henry P. Simpson, Technical Information Division, Office of the Chief of Chaplains, preached the Baccalaureate Sermon, on Sunday evening, 24 June, at the Carmel High School, Carmel, N. Y.

The Acting Chief of Chaplains, Chaplain (Brig. Gen.) Luther D. Miller met with the Executive Committee of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America at their regular meeting in New York on Tuesday, 26 June.

Medical Department.—The eighth class of the Army Nurses Basic Training

School of Tilton General Hospital, N. J., was graduated last week. The guest of honor and principal speaker at the graduation exercises was Lt. Col. Edna Groppe, Office of the Surgeon General. She was introduced by Col. Thomas P. White, Chief of Medical Service, Tilton General Hospital.

The benediction was given by Lt. Col. P. W. Huntington, Chaplain. Lt. Col. Groppe commended the nurses on the fine job they were doing. She said that even though nurse recruiting had been curtailed, there was still a great need for Army nurses.

Signal Corps—Col. William D. Hamlin, who has been serving as Headquarters Signal Officer, Signal Division, Supreme Headquarters Allied Expeditionary Forces, has returned to Washington and is assigned as Chief, Military Training Branch, Office of the Chief Signal Officer.

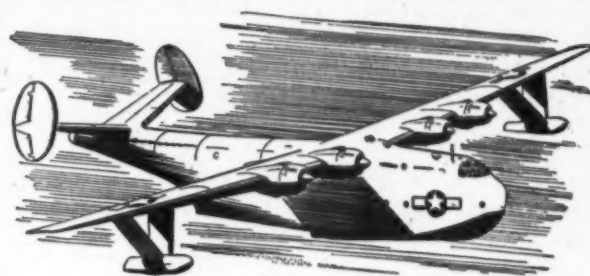
The Holabird Signal Depot, the Army's only training center for Signal Supply Officers, reports that since the establishment of the school in October, 1943, more than 500 officers have completed the intensive courses and practical on-the-job training required there.

The program is a many-sided and strenuous one. Before coming to Holabird, to specialize in Signal Supply, all officers have had either a one-month course in Army Service Forces supply at Camp Lee, Va., or some overseas experience. The Holabird course itself lasts 12 weeks, of which four and a half are devoted to academic classroom training, one week to working in a miniature field depot, and six and a half weeks to on-the-job training where students perform the work of supply in the depot's offices and warehouses.

Several command changes affecting Camp Crowder, Mo., have recently been announced in War Department orders. Maj. Gen. Walter E. Prosser, Commanding General of Camp Crowder, has been directed to report to the Commanding General of the Seventh Service Command for an undisclosed assignment. Brig. Gen. Charles M. Milliken, previously assigned as Commanding General of the Army Service Forces Training Center, succeeds General Prosser as Commanding General of Camp Crowder. Brig. Gen. Terence J. Tully, from the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, Washington, D. C., is assigned as Commanding General of the Army Service Forces Training Center, replacing Gen. Milliken.

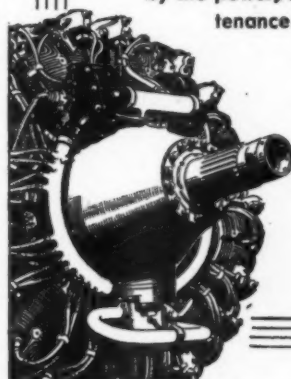
Dr. W. L. Everitt, Chief, Operational Research Branch, Office of the Chief Signal Officer, has been released from active service to return to his private work in industry and as head of the Department of Electrical Engineering at the University of Illinois. He will, however, continue to serve as Director of Staff of the Operational Research Branch on a consulting basis.

Quartermaster Corps—The 299th Quartermaster Salvage Repair Company, operating with the Fifth Army in Italy, has devised a means of reclaiming thousands of dollars worth of equipment from piles of rusted, coal-blackened kitchen and mess gear. With pots and pans classed as critical materials overseas since they are bulky and take up valuable shipping space, the 299th organized a Kitchen Equipment and Repair Department. At first, they scraped and sandpapered the pots and pans but this method was too slow. The pots and pans piled up as a challenge. A power-driven line of wire brushes was devised which now quickly cleans and burnishes the utensils until they shine like new. Further improvisation has resulted in a sand blasting machine which is so efficient that it is profitable to salvage such low-cost items as knives, forks and spoons. No cost is involved in the reclamation, excepting that of the gasoline used to drive the machinery.

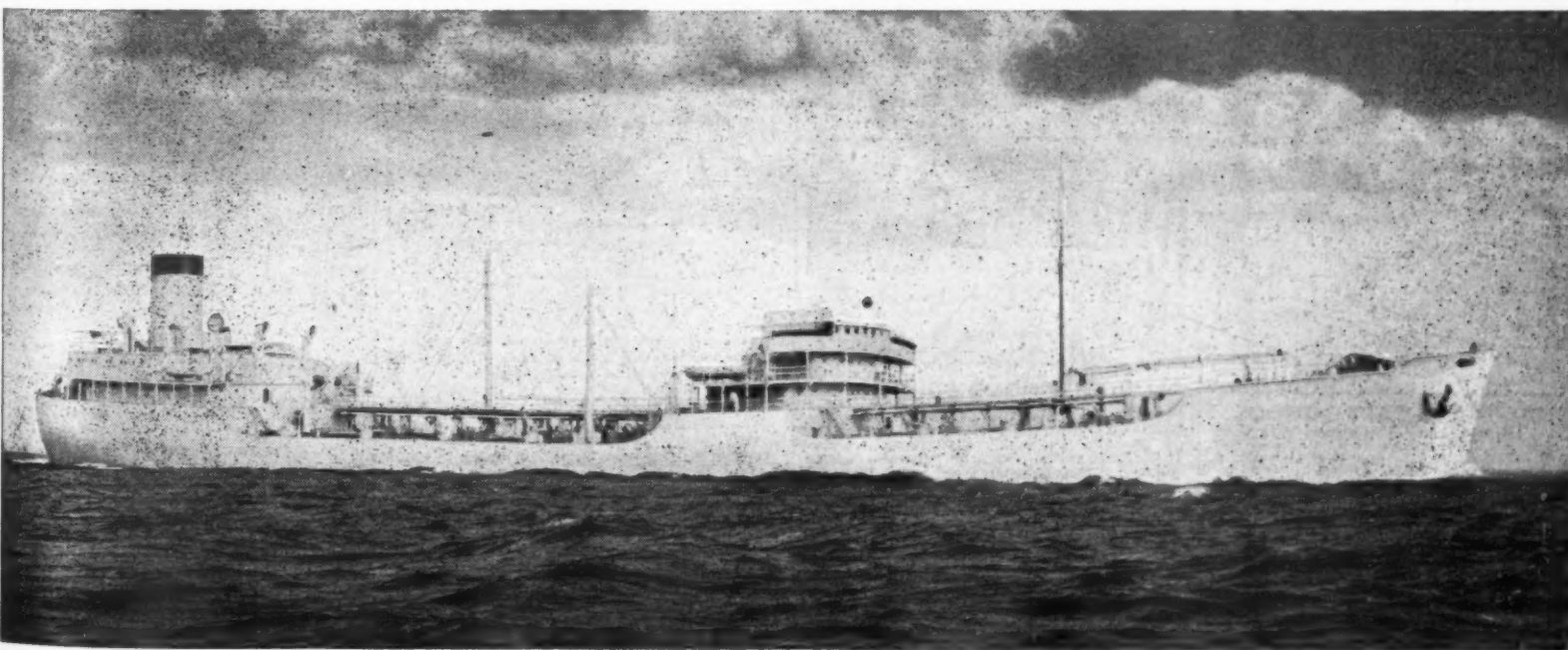


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U. S. War Roundup

ADM. NIMITZ HQ, PACIFIC

No. 405, 25 June—Bombs caused minor damage to U. S. air installations in the Okinawa area on 24 June when the enemy sent four small air raids over our forces. Two enemy aircraft were shot down during the day.

The Tenth Army continued mopping up operations on Okinawa on 25 June. A total of 8,606 enemy troops have been reported captured. Of these prisoners, 2,854 are reported to be labor troops.

No. 406, 26 June—During the night of 25-26 June, a number of enemy aircraft appeared over the Okinawa area and dropped a few bombs which did no damage. Twelve enemy planes were shot down by our anti-aircraft guns and combat air patrols. Marine Corsairs and Avengers attacked enemy targets in the Sakishima Group on 25 and 26 June.

No. 407, 27 June—A few enemy aircraft were in the Okinawa area early in the morning of 26 June but they caused no damage to our forces.

During mopping up operations on the afternoon of 26 June, a patrol of the Seventh Infantry Division located the bodies of Lt. Gen. Ushijima, Commanding General of the enemy's army forces on Okinawa and his Chief of Staff, General Cho, both of whom had apparently committed suicide.

Available reports of casualties to officers and men of the U. S. Pacific Fleet in support of the Okinawa operation and associated operations against Ryukyu and Japan from 18 March to 26 June, inclusive, are as follows: Killed and missing, 4,907; wounded, 4,824.

Light Naval units of Commander, North Pacific Force operating in the Okhotsk Sea, west of Haruukoan Island in the Kuriles, attacked an enemy convoy on 25 June, inflicting the following damage on the enemy:

Sunk: One medium cargo ship, one small cargo ship, one large tug.

Probably sunk: One small vessel.

Damaged: One small vessel.

No. 408, 28 June—Enemy aircraft dropped a few bombs in the Okinawa area on 27 June without damage to our forces. Our night fighters shot down one enemy plane.

Search planes of Fleet Air Wing One inflicted the following damage on the enemy in Korean and Empire Waters on 27 and 28 June:

Sunk: One small tanker, one small cargo ship, one unidentified vessel, four small craft, one freighter.

Damaged: One small freighter transport, five small cargo ships, one small coastal cargo ship, one lugger.

No. 409, 29 June—United States forces have occupied Kume Island in the Okinawa Group. The island has been covered by our patrols, but no enemy troops have been encountered.

No. 410, 30 June—Army Thunderbolts struck Kanoya and Kushira airfields in southern Kyushu on 29 June, destroying four aircraft on the ground and damaging ground installations. They strafed dock installations and set five luggers and two tugs afire and damaged a steamer near the coast of Kyushu. Marine Corsairs and Avengers struck targets in the Sakishima and Amami groups on 30 June.

Three small raids were made on our forces in the Okinawa area on the morning of 30 June. One enemy plane was shot down on that date.

No. 412, 2 July—Search Privateers of Fleet Air Wing One destroyed a river steamer in Hangchow Bay, left a small oiler and three small cargo ships burning and sinking in Tsushima Straits, and damaged a destroyer escort off Shanghai on 1 July. On the same date a Fleet Air Wing One seaplane damaged a lugger south of Kyushu. The total damage inflicted on the enemy by Fleet Air Wing One planes based in the Okinawa area is as follows: Shipping destroyed: 137,875 tons; shipping damaged: 138,400 tons; planes destroyed: 37; planes damaged: 26.

The following forces are now under the command of General Joseph W. Stilwell, USA, Commanding General Tenth Army and Commander Ryukyu Forces:

Naval forces, Ryukyu, Rear Adm. C. H. Cobb, USN, Commanding.

Tactical Air Force, Maj. Gen. Louis E. Woods, USMC, Commanding.

Island Command, Okinawa, Maj. Gen. F. G. Wallace, USA, Commanding.

The Third Fleet forces now in the Ryukyu are under command of Vice Admiral J. B. Oldendorf, USN.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

No. 608, 30 June—The submarine USS Kete is overdue from patrol and presumed lost.

No. 609, 2 July—(Released jointly with the British Admiralty). 1. A British submarine, while operating under United States control in the Southwest Pacific, has sunk a Japanese cruiser of the Haguro class.

2. United States submarines have reported the sinking of 10 enemy vessels in Far Eastern waters: 1 converted gunboat, 1 patrol escort vessel, 4 medium merchant vessels, 1 large tanker, 2 small merchant vessels, 1 small tanker.

No. 610, 4 July—The USS Twiggs and the USS William D. Porter, destroyers, have been lost in the Okinawa area as the result of enemy action.

TWENTIETH AIR FORCE

No. 119, 27 June—None of our planes is missing from an attack made in medium strength by B-29s on Yokkaichi on 26 June. EWT. Bombing was carried out mainly by instrument means on oil installations at Yokkaichi, with all observed results being reported as excellent.

No. 121, 30 June—All of our planes returned safely from a B-29 attack in medium strength upon the Kudamatsu plant of the Nippon Oil Company near Tokuyama on the island of Honshu 20 June. All observed results were excellent.

No. 122, 2 July—Returning crewmen reported results ranging from unobserved to excellent in the very large task force attack against Kure, Ube, Simonsaki and Kumamoto. Two of our aircraft were lost but 20 crew members were rescued.

No. 123, 3 July—Bombing results were unobserved at the Maruzen Oil Refinery near Shimotsu following the night attack in medium force. The mission was flown without loss.

No. 124, 4 July—The cities of Himeji, on Honshu, and Tokushima, Takamatsu, and Kochi, on Shikoku, were bombed with unobserved to excellent results, it was reported by crews who returned from the night incendiary mission flown 4 July. Two of our aircraft are missing.

U. S. FORCES IN CHINA

27 June—Fighters of the Fourteenth Air Force damaged thirteen locomotives on the Tientsin-Pukow and Peking-Hankow railroads 25-26 June.

28 June—Near Tientsin two enemy river craft were attacked. River shipping on the Grand Canal also was hit.

29 June—Aircraft of the United States Fourteenth Air Force, striking Japanese supply and transportation lines from north to south China, on 28 June, destroyed or damaged 40 enemy locomotives, 14 river boats of more than 100 feet and 200 smaller boats and wrecked bridges on three railroads.

GEN. MACARTHUR'S HQ, PACIFIC
28 June—Philippines: Our northern and

southern columns have joined forces, securing the entire length of the Cagayan Valley, the heart of northern Luzon. This juncture climaxes a campaign which overran the 200-mile valley in twenty-eight days. Battered enemy remnants have been driven into the rugged mountain regions to the east and west, cut off from all sources of supply.

Except for isolated operations this closes the major phases of the northern Luzon campaign, one of the most savage and bitterly fought in American history. No terrain has ever presented greater logistical difficulties and none has ever provided an adversary with more naturally impregnable strongholds.

The losses inflicted on the enemy were heavy, 113,593 dead, with the graves of many other thousands located but uncounted, and several thousand prisoners. Our own losses were 3,793 dead, 34 missing and 11,351 wounded, a total of 15,178.

Our troops comprised the First Corps and north Luzon guerrillas, all of the Sixth Army, closely and most effectively supported by the Far Eastern Air Force and the Seventh Fleet.

The entire island of Luzon, embracing 40,420 square miles and a population of 8,000,000, is now liberated.

29 June—Formosa: Destruction of enemy sources of emergency fuel continued as our heavy bombers by day and fighter units at night hit sugar refinery plants near Karenko and Toyohara.

30 June—East Indies: Australian forces in Northwest Borneo occupied Beaufort and patrolled the coast from Brunai Bay to Miri.

1 July—Philippines: Our forces in the northern Cagayan Valley, spreading eastward into the mountains, cleared the enemy from the town of Baguio while elements of the 6th Division on the east flank of the enemy pocket in the central highlands captured Bolog against stubborn opposition.

2 July—Borneo: Australian ground forces have made a third major landing on the vast island of Borneo. Elements of the Australian 7th Division have secured a firm beachhead at Balikpapan, famed oil center on the southeastern coast.

3 July—New Guinea-Bismarck-Solomons: Armored units of the Australian 3rd Division in southern Bougainville dispersed an enemy force as our leading elements with air support pushed forward to Shishigatero, 10½ miles from the Kara airstrip.

4 July—Asiatic Coast: Heavy bombers on routine patrol over the China coast bombed fuel stores at Shanghai and radio installations near Hong Kong. Other units covering southern sectors swept Indo-China railways, destroying rolling-stock and doing extensive damage to installations.

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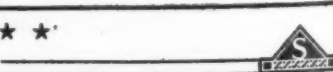
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Opportunities in Radio

(Continued from First Page)
monthly subsistence of \$50 a month for single veterans and \$75 a month for those having dependents.

Army

New inductees in the Army, who are interested in radio-electronics, should discuss that fact with the Classification Officer at their Reception Center. If they have the necessary background, and if requisitions are on hand for new inductees for the Signal Corps, they are likely to be given preference for such assignments.

If a soldier in the Army wants to get into radio work, he should discuss his desires with the "Information and Education Officer" on his post. If he is leaving the Army, he should discuss his plans with the Interviewing Officer at the Demobilization Center.

Navy

So far as the Navy is concerned, a young man who has not yet been enrolled but who desires to specialize in radio, can make an application at the Naval Recruiting Station to take the "Eddy Test." If an applicant passes that test, it is taken to mean that he has an aptitude for radio, and he may be assigned to the Navy Radio Technicians School at Chicago.

If he is enrolled in a Naval Training Station, he should apply for information to the Personnel or Classification Officer of the Station. If he is stationed on a Naval vessel, he can put in a request to the Executive Officer, stating that he would like to be considered for further training in radio.

If he is ready to leave the Navy and wants to make a career in radio, he should discuss his plans with any of the Interviewing Officers at the Navy Demobilization Center to which he is assigned.

Marines

In the Marine Corps, application for information concerning a possible future in radio or electronics should be made to the Rehabilitation Officer of the post or of the district—either while in the service or at the time of discharge.

Coast Guard

Members of the Coast Guard who desire training in radio or electronics should ap-

ply to the Educational Officer of their unit, for applications to study at the Coast Guard Institute, Groton Training Station, New London, Connecticut. If about to be discharged, they can obtain the necessary information from the Interviewing Officers at the discharge centers. Veterans who are members of the Coast Guard Reserve are entitled to take training courses at the Institute.

The United States Maritime Service maintains a Radio Operators School at Gallups Island, Boston, Mass. Members of the Merchant Marine can apply for training in radio and electronics at this school or at the Radiomarine Installation Laboratories at Hoffman Island, New York.

Payment of Overseas Troops

To make certain that American troops, whether on duty in Europe temporarily or for the period of occupation, shall not be paid in the unstable currencies of any of its nations, Sen. Maybank, S. C., has introduced S. 1223, a bill which would prohibit the payment of pay and allowances to overseas troops in currency or coin other than legal tender of the United States.

Senator Maybank said:

"If it is necessary for our allies to stabilize these currencies then it should be done without any hardship to the Armed Forces; but when our soldiers overseas are paid in French francs or Belgian francs, or Italian lira, or whatever money it may be, whose value is far less in purchasing power than the money of the United States, their compensation is materially reduced below what we in the Congress of the United States expected it to be when we voted not only increased compensation to the armed forces but from time to time by bills from the Military Affairs Committee, which were passed, increased the amounts paid to their dependents."

Senator Maybank, S. C., also introduced a bill this week providing that payment of troops overseas shall be in legal tender of the United States. He said on the floor of the Senate: "It is my hope and desire that the American soldiers, who naturally will be in the Army of occupation for considerable time, shall be rewarded and paid sufficient so that in some small way at least they may be compensated for their sacrifices and absence from home."



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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

THE Commandant of the Marine Corps and Mrs. Vandegrift entertained at a buffet supper Monday evening in the garden of their quarters at the Barracks. There were about sixteen guests, among them the Under Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Gates. A pleasant feature of the evening was the concert by the Marine Band in the adjacent Parade Grounds.

The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Forrestal have purchased an old-time mansion in Georgetown, known to the old settlers of the community as the Steele-Morris house. It tops the bluff overlooking the lower section and has a magnificent view down the Potomac from its spacious garden. It is 3508 Prospect Ave., in the next block to the old mansion once the home of Stoddard the first Secretary of the Navy.

Secretary and Mrs. Forrestal entertained the other evening at what might be called a house warming, though in reality it was a garden party and held at night after sundown and when the lights on the opposite Virginia shore added their allure to the picturesque scene. The hostess wore a charming gown of ice blue chiffon, her diamond ornaments adding high lights to the costume. Guests represented the Diplomatic Corps, high ranking officers of the Services and members of residential society.

Mrs. Richard K. Sutherland, wife of Gen. MacArthur's Chief of Staff, was hostess the other day at the Army and Navy Club at a luncheon at which one of her guests was Mrs. Russell Maxwell, wife of the General, stationed at Ft. Myer, and who was one of the most enthusiastic sponsors for the Junior Officers' Club at the corner of H and Seventeenth street. Mrs. Maxwell stated that the Club will have dances Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, all through the summer.

Col. William Westlake, AAF, public relations aide to Gen. H. H. Arnold, is leaving for a new assignment in Germany and he was complimented by Mrs. Herbert T. Edwards who gave a cocktail and swimming party Sunday afternoon. In the company that met at her home in Kensington were Admiral and Mrs. A. M. Charlton, Admiral and Mrs. Vance Chapline, Col. Noel Macy, Col. Oveta Hobby, Col. and Mrs. Alan Tappan, and Representative Emily Taft Douglas, who reported her husband, a Marine officer, convalescing in a Norfolk Hospital after being invalided back from the Pacific. Representative Helen Gahagan Douglas had expected to be present but left suddenly for New York to meet Major Melvin Douglas returned from the CBI theatre.

(Please turn to Page 1378)



Left—Mrs. Charles James Geyer, who before her recent marriage to Mr. Geyer was Miss Hattie Lu Rogers, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Pleas Blair Rogers, USA.
Center—Mrs. William R. Guthrie, who before her recent marriage to Lieutenant Guthrie, USA (USMA '45) was Miss Barbara Steinmeyer, daughter of Col. and Mrs. George E. Steinmeyer, J., USA.
Right—Mrs. James Russell Major, who before her marriage on 9 June to Lieutenant Major, U.S. (USMA '42), was Miss Blair Louise Rogers, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Pleas Blair Rogers, USA.

Weddings and Engagements

BRIG. Gen. and Mrs. Burton Oliver Lewis, announce the marriage of their daughter, Nancy Clifton Lewis, to Lt. Rolfe Louis Hillman, jr., USA, on 28 June.

The ceremony took place at the Army Chapel at Forest Glen, Md., with Chaplain Cutton, officiating.

Lt. Hillman was a member of the class of '45 at the U. S. Military Academy. The former Miss Lewis was graduated from Holton Arms School in Washington and is a member of the Junior League of Washington.

After a few days at the Homestead, Hot Springs, Va., Lt. and Mrs. Hillman will leave for Ft. Benning, where he is stationed.

The wedding of Miss Frances Paget Shugg, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Roland P. Shugg, FA, to Mr. Howard Willis Hand, jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard W. Hand of Corvallis, Ore., was solemnized in the Church of the Good Samaritan, 17 June, Corvallis, Ore.

The ceremony was read by the Rev. Charles S. Neville before the altar with its embarkment of white calla lilies, irises, roses and Canterbury bells, with pastel blue and pink delphiniums providing the only bit of color. Lighted tapers were lit by Jack McClintagh.

In the absence of her father who is in Europe, the bride was given in marriage by Col. Paul R. Goode, an old family friend. She wore a wedding gown of

white marquisette. The full skirt was caught up in front with a large bow and ended in a long train edged with two wide ruffles of marquisette. Her coronet trimmed in seed pearls and veil of rose-point lace had been worn by her mother and sister. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and stephanotis with a white orchid in the center.

Her attendants were her sisters, Miss June Shugg as maid of honor and Mrs. George Cushman and Miss Patricia Shugg.

The best man was Mr. William C. Woodcock. Ushers were Messrs. Ted Carlson, George LeTourneau, Clarence Eld, and Lt. (jg) Merl Iiams.

A reception followed in the Chi Omega sorority house.

After a wedding trip to the McKenzie River, Mr. and Mrs. Hand will reside in Portland where Mr. Hand is employed in the engineering department of General Petroleum.

Mrs. George Chase Lewis, of Mt. Vernon, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Virginia June Lewis, to Capt. Harrison Alger Epperson, AUS, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Howard Epperson, of Sioux City, Iowa. Miss Lewis' father was the late Col. George Chase Lewis, USA.

Miss Lewis attended the Maret French School in Washington, Brearley School in New York City, Scuole Eversholme in Florence, Italy, and was graduated from St. Catherine's School in Richmond, Va. She also attended Finch Jr. College in New York City, Bryn Mawr College, and Wells.

Miss Lewis' father, at the time of his death, was on the staff of Maj. Gen. Thomas A. Terry, commanding general of the Second Service Command, and was Chairman of the Reclassification Board.

Captain Epperson was graduated Phi Beta Kappa from the University of Nebraska in 1939, and in 1940 from the Harvard Graduate School of Business.

Miss Lewis and Captain Epperson plan to be married at the end of July.

Miss Elizabeth Price Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Wilson of Edgewater, Phoenix, Va., was married 30 June in the Church of the Centurion, Ft. Monroe, Va., to Lt. Peter Holden Spear, U. S. Army Air Force.

Chaplain Raymond E. Brock, on leave from St. Stephen's Church, Tottenville, S. I., N. Y., performed the ceremony. The bride was given in marriage by her father. Mrs. Thomas J. Thorne, jr., was matron of honor and Miss Aline Scarborough Poole was maid of honor. The best man was Lt. Arnold Channing Gay of Auburndale, Mass., and Lt. Gordon T. Reed of San Francisco, Cal., was usher. Both are stationed at Langley Field.

A reception and wedding breakfast followed at the home of the bride's parents.

Mrs. Spear attended Vesper George School of Art, Boston, Mass., and the Central Park School of Art, New York City.

Lt. Spear, son of Mrs. Thomas Sprigg Poole of Staten Island, N. Y., and Tryon, N. C., and the late Capt. Holden Spear, USA, served in the Royal Canadian Air Force from July 1941 to June 1942 when he transferred to the U. S. Army Air Force.

(Please turn to Page 1378)

The Gift for September

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Posts and Stations

FORT JACKSON, S. C.

30 June 1945

The Chief of Staff of the First Army, Maj. Gen. Wm. B. Kean, paid a brief visit to Fort Jackson Monday. Gen. Kean flew here from Sea Island, Ga., where he is spending a leave prior to resuming duty with the First Army which is slated for assignment to Fort Jackson preparatory to redeployment. The First Army chief of staff returned to Sea Island the same day.

Col. R. H. Garity, commander of the 15th Armored Group, and his entire staff attended the "stag" party given by Chaplain C. E. McArdle (captain): 1st Lt. Ray Heldreth and 1st Lt. Thomas Wasson Monday evening. The officers gathered at the 15th AG clubhouse at Weston's Lake for an old-fashioned get-together. Delicious food and drinks were served. Lt. Bertha G. Mosier, WAC, Assistant Chief, Military Personnel branch, is recuperating from an operation recently undergone at the Regional Hospital here. She is spending a 30-day sick leave with her parents at Bath, Pa.

Officers and enlisted personnel will be given the opportunity next week to hear three representatives of the National Conference of Christians and Jews at their regular orientation periods, information and education of officers report. Msgr. Joseph L. O'Brien, of Charlotte, N. C., representing the Catholic faith; Rabbi Frank Meyersburg of Kansas City, Mo., of Jewish faith, and the Rev. H. Frank Ledford, Protestant, will hold the conferences at Fort Jackson on orientation meetings from Monday through Friday. Present plans call for a 15-minute lecture by each participant at each meeting. Plans were coordinated by Maj. R. B. Elzezer for Service Forces personnel and by Lt. D. G. Holm, 12th Detachment, second army, for ground forces units.

The Silver Star medal, posthumously awarded 2nd Lt. Robert O. Entzminger of Hartsville, S. C., for gallantry in action in Germany, was presented to the infantry officer's father, R. I. Entzminger, of Hartsville, at presentation ceremonies at Fort Jackson Friday afternoon.

Chaplain Carl Roemmich arrived at Fort Jackson this week and has been assigned as Chaplain of the German Prisoner of War camp here. Of Congregationalist denomination, Chaplain Roemmich was pastor of Salem Congregationalist church in Lincoln, Neb., prior to entering the service. Mrs. Entzminger and their four children are residing in Lincoln.

CHICAGO QRM. DEPOT

30 June 1945

On their way to attend the Annual Quartermaster Conference at Camp Grant, Ill., three ASF and QM. Depot Commanders stopped to pay their respects to Brig. Gen. J. E. Barzynski, Commanding General of this installation. They were: Brig. Gen. Ralph Talbot, jr., Commanding General of the Utah ASF Depot; Brig. Gen. Guy I. Rowe, Commanding General, Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot; and Colonel Bernard J. Finnan, Commanding Officer, Boston Quartermaster Depot. Generals Talbot, Rowe and Barzynski, picked up Brig. Gen. Russell A. Ozmun, OQM, at the airport, then continued by motor to Camp Grant, while Colonel Finnan, formerly Director of Procurement for this Depot, continued the following day by train.

2nd Lt. Irvyn Williams married the former Kay Seymour 30 June in a ceremony performed in Minneapolis, Minn., the bride's home-town. This climaxed a romance which started when Lt. Williams was stationed at Fort Snelling. He is the OIC of the Poultry Products Section, Fats, Fish and Poultry Branch, Subsistence Research and Development Laboratory. He has won the 1937 International Poultry Judging Contest which was held in Chicago; the World's Poultry Contest held in Cleveland in 1939, and the 1942 Poultry Science Research Prize.

Maj. James R. Mills, formerly of the Stock Control Division, visited his friends at this Depot on 20 June. He has just returned from duty in the South Pacific and is enroute to

attend a Quartermaster School in the East.

1st Lt. Cecelia Stankiewicz, newly-assigned to the Stock Control Division, spent a ten-day leave at Waupaca, Wisconsin, her home-town.

The wife and daughters of Major M. C. Pratt, Mrs. Isabel G. Pratt and Carol and Judith, joined the Junior Army Navy Guild Organization (JANGO), as did Captain E. T. McCann's daughter, Rosemary, who is employed in the Military Personnel Division. They will serve at either the Gardiner General or St. Luke's Hospital, in Chicago. Major Pratt is from the Clothing and Equipage Section, Procurement Division, and Captain McCann is the Safety Officer.

A son, Donald Francis, was born to Captain and Mrs. Constantine F. Tuzin on 14 June. Captain Tuzin is attached to the Medical Nutrition Laboratory.

The Quartermaster Subsistence School has enrolled 13 Army officers, 6 Navy and 1 Marine in its third class which started 18 June.

The University of Maine, on 24 June, conferred upon Col. Rohland A. Isker, Director of the QMC Subsistence Research and Development Laboratory, located at this Depot, the honorary degree of Doctor of Science for his outstanding research work in development of Army rations.

NORFOLK, VA.

5 July 1945

Miss Rosa Wainwright, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Dallas Bache Wainwright, of Colorado, formerly of this city, was married on Saturday, to Ens. John L. Kauth, jr., USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Kauth of Minneapolis, Minn. The ceremony was performed here where the young couple are making their home. The bride made her debut this season at the opening ball of the Norfolk German Club.

The marriage of Miss Patricia Rudgard Wigg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Maddock Rudgard Wigg, to Lt. (jg) Carl Howard Schupp, USNR, of Booneville Mo., took place on the evening of 3 July in the Church of the Good Shepherd, and was followed by a reception at the Woman's Club of Norfolk.

Ens. Donald Mann USNR was best man for Lieutenant Schupp and the ushers were Lt. (jg) Leland Rodman Pwyton, 2nd, Ens. Robert Doyle, and Ens. Marvin Garr Linson, all of the U. S. Naval Reserve.

Mrs. W. C. Wallace, wife of Captain Wallace, the new Atlantic Fleet Supply Officer, was guest of honor Thursday at a luncheon bridge given at the Commissioned Officers Club. The guests included wives of officers attached to the Fleet Supply Section of the Service Force. They were: Mrs. F. D. Stone, jr., Mrs. H. S. Nisbet, Mrs. E. T. Browne, Mrs. A. H. Bent, Mrs. E. P. Coulton, Mrs. R. C. French, Mrs. R. L. McDonald, Mrs. E. A. Kimpel, Mrs. J. H. Alexander, Mrs. E. B. Jordan and Mrs. L. D. Goldsmith, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Wallace.

Lt. and Mrs. David Meade Barner were hosts Saturday night at their home on Trouville avenue at a charming party given in honor of their debutante daughter, Miss Meade Allaire Barner. The guests included the debutantes of the season and their escorts.

Capt. and Mrs. Crutchfield Adair and their two daughters, Misses Lee and Ann Adair, who have been occupying quarters at the Naval Air Stations, will leave today for the West Coast stopping over in Washington for a brief visit to friends.

Mrs. Thomas B. Neblett, wife of Captain Neblett, USN, who has been living in Algonquin Park, left last week for Washington to spend the summer with her brother-in-law and sister, Comdr. and Mrs. James R. Lee.

WRIGHT FIELD, OHIO

2 July 1945

Appointment of Brig. Gen. Donald C. Swatland as Chief of the Procurement Division, ATSC, Wright Field, was announced recently with the departure of Brig. Gen. Orval R. Cook, for an undisclosed overseas assignment.

General Cook has been Chief of the Procurement Division, in which is vested the function of procuring all aircraft and aeronautical equipment for the Air Forces, since its organization in September, 1944. Prior to this he was Chief of the Production Division, the work of which is now a part of the Procurement Division.

A Command Pilot with more than 4,000 flying hours to his credit, Gen. Cook first reported to Wright Field in June, 1929. He has been one of the officers known as "Flying Engineer." His principal military life has been spent in the technical laboratories of the Air Technical Service Command.

He is a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, West Point. General and Mrs. Cook have given up their quarters at Wright Field. Mrs. Cook will spend the summer in Colorado and is then planning to visit her mother in El Paso, Texas.

Gen. Swatland is the former Deputy Chief of the Procurement Division, and is a graduate of Princeton University and a veteran of World War I. In April, 1942, he resigned from a New York law firm to enter the service as a lieutenant colonel, and with the exception of a six-week tour of special duty in North Africa, has served at Wright Field since that time.

Succeeding Col. S. R. Stewart as Chief of the Equipment Laboratory, is Col. T. B. Holliday, former Chief of the Electrical Equipment Branch. Col. Stewart left recently for an unrevealed destination.

A graduate of Purdue University with BS, NS, and EE degrees, Colonel Holliday has been associated with the Electrical Equipment Branch of ATSC for many years. It was at his instigation that the voltage power of the airplane has been continuously magnified with a corresponding decrease in proportional weight of equipment. Such development paid dividends when the B-29 was quantity produced in record short order.

Army and Navy Journal

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The Locators

(Army—Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 537, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.)

THE Locators have received several urgent requests for the addresses of widows of recent casualties. These requests receive "top priority" and anyone having these addresses is urged to forward them at once to the Locators office, so that this information may be made available to their friends.

The Locators have requests for the addresses of the following officers' wives:

Dr. Beulah Ream Allen, wife of Major Henderson W. Allen, QMC; Mrs. Nell Amasen; Mrs. O. K. Andrews (Florence), Major, M. A. C.; Mrs. J. D. Bestor; Mrs. Jack Leslie Conn (Mildred), Lt. Col.; Mrs. N. O. Corcan; Mrs. Philip M. Courtney, III.; Mrs. Peter Davis (Mildred), 2nd Lt.; Mrs. J. H. Dixon; Mrs. W. E. Douglas; Mrs. George Fears (Almeda), Lt.; Mrs. Wallace Ford (Betty), Col.; Mrs. J. S. Gault; Mrs. Seymour Gilgoff (Mildred or Mickey), FO, AC; Mrs. James Horton, Brig. Gen.; Mrs. John Jones (Helen), Col., Inf.; Mrs. A. Joyce; Mrs. Ralph Kinsker (Katherine), Col., Inf.; Mrs. Krentzel, wife of Lt. AC; Mrs. Albert L. Land (Frieda), Col.; Mrs. J. W. Leekman (Jean), Lt., Armored Forces; Mrs. F. A. Maieski (Marge), Major; Mrs. J. Wm. Meara (Edith), Capt., FA; Mrs. C. C. Nesselrode, (Tony); Mrs. P. P. Passarella (Marion), Lt. Col., CAC; Mrs. R. E. Roderick, wife of Col., Inf.; Mrs. Francis Rudolph (Pete), Col., Inf.; Mrs. Marie Russ, widow of Major, Tank Corps; Mrs. Ralph Steffens (Elizabeth), Capt.; Mrs. John Stuart, wife of Col., CA; Mrs. Warren D. Stubbins (Lucille), wife of Major, 101st Airborne Div.; Mrs. A. C. Seltz; Mrs. Floyd P. Swails (Maudie), Major, FA; Mrs. Vincente J. Tazola, Col., Inf., (deceased); Mrs. Jack Tomasheska (Janet), Capt., AC; Mrs. D. R. Watkins; Mrs. Robert N. Young (Cameron), Brig. Gen.



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Society

(Continued from Page 1376)

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles R. Sanderson entertained at dinner Friday evening at the Chevy Chase Club in honor of General and Mrs. Alexander A. Vandegrift.

A delightful party was that which took place at the home and garden of Mr. and Mrs. Corcoran Thom, in Nebraska Ave., when their son-in-law and daughter, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Robert L. Walsh entertained for the delegates and advisors of the Inter-American Defense Board. An orchestra played soft music throughout the hours between six and nine.

The Brazilian Ambassador and Senora de Martins were among the guests as were Senora de Mora, wife of the Chilean Ambassador and their daughters. Among the North American guests were Maj. Gen. and Mrs. J. G. Ord, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Kenneth F. Hertford, Vice Adm. and Mrs. Alfred Johnson, Rear Adm. and Mrs. W. O. Spears, Col. and Mrs. Edward H. Porter, Col. Winant Johnston, Lt. Col. and Mrs. O. T. Jamerson and many more.

Mrs. Carl A. Spatz, wife of the General was among the guests as were Mrs. Ira C. Eaker, Mrs. L. J. Kuter, wife of Maj. Gen. Kuter, Air Vice Marshal George Walsh, and Mrs. George, wife of Lt. Gen. Harold George.

Mrs. James H. Doolittle, wife of Lt. Gen. Doolittle, has been elected secretary of the National Aeronautic Association, succeeding Richard C. Palmer, chairman Aircraft War Production Council and now vice president of the NAA air defense division. She is soon to give a talk on Air Transportation from the Women's Viewpoint.

Lt. T. C. Schumacher, USA, son of Capt. T. L. Schumacher, USN, and Mrs. Schumacher of Chevy Chase, has left for temporary duty at Gelger Field, Spokane, Wash.

BUY WAR BONDS

U. S. COAST GUARD

COMDR. Stephen H. Evans, who earlier in the war commanded an escort task unit in the North Atlantic, assumed command of the Coast Guard's base on Government Island, Alameda, Calif., on 1 July. He relieved Capt. Eugene Blake, Jr., who was recalled from retirement late in 1943 for assignment as commanding officer of the Coast Guard's West Coast installation. Captain Blake, who has made his home in Alameda, began his Coast Guard Service as an officer aboard the cutter Grant during the Spanish-American War, and with his second retirement ends a record of service which spans three wars.

Simultaneously with announcement of change in commands at Government Island, the Coast Guard revealed that all men moving through the 12th Naval District for duty aboard fighting ships in the Pacific will now be given final combat training at Alameda. The Coast Guard's receiving station in San Francisco, it was stated, now will be devoted exclusively to processing overseas personnel returning for rehabilitation leaves and new assignments.

One of the youngest Coast Guard officers to hold such an important command assignment, Commander Evans has served at Government Island since January, 1944, as officer-in-charge of the manning unit, responsible for delivering trained crews to all Coast Guard-manned

ships commissioned at West Coast shipyards and assigning other thousands to forward areas as rotation replacements.

As Commander, Coast Guard Group, Alameda, and Commanding Officer, Alameda Training Station, Commander Evans will also continue to direct the activities of the manning unit, enlarged to meet increasing Coast Guard personnel movements through the Bay Area.

Commander Evans, who resides in Piedmont with his wife, the former Patricia Kinney, of Honolulu, and their 12-year-old daughter, Patricia, graduated from the Coast Guard Academy in 1927. His previous service in the Bay Area has included assignments aboard the cutter Itasca, commissioned at Oakland in 1931, and as navigator aboard the Shoshone, formerly based in Oakland.

Early in the war, Commander Evans was ordered to duty at the Coast Guard Academy, New London, Conn., where he played an important part in development of the Coast Guard's reserve officer training program which has graduated thousands of young officers for combat assignments at sea.

Commander Evans is the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Evans, of 5448 Nebraska Avenue, Washington, D. C. A brother, Lt. (Jg) A. B. Evans, Jr., USCGR, was lost while aboard the destroyer escort USS Leopold, sunk in a North Atlantic submarine battle.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 1376)

Force. He was in China with the 14th Air Force and received the Air Medal and the Distinguished Flying Cross, with Clusters. He has been stationed at Langley Field since August 1944.

Capt. and Mrs. Benyaurd B. Wygant announce the marriage of their daughter, Barbara Bourne Wygant to Lt. John Farr Hawley, USNR, of El Paso, Texas. The wedding took place Saturday evening, 23 June, in the Chapel of Saint James Epis-

copal Church, Chicago, before a gathering of a very few intimate friends.

Lieutenant Hawley is the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Hawley of El Paso, Texas, and is at present on leave from his ship which is operating in the Pacific area. Mrs. Hawley is the Great Granddaughter of Commo. Charles William Whipple Pickering of Portsmouth, N. H., who served in the Civil War and the Granddaughter of the late Surgeon Arthur Cowton Heffenger, USN, of Portsmouth, N. H., and of the late Colonel Henry Wygant, USA. When Lieutenant Hawley goes to sea, Mrs. Hawley will rejoin her parents in Elgin, Ill., where Captain Wygant is to become Headmaster of Elgin Academy.

Brig. Gen. Pleas Blair Rogers, USA, came back to the States from Paris for the weddings of his two daughters, Miss Hattie Lu Rogers and Miss Blair Louise

Rogers, but has now returned to France.

The marriage of Miss Hattie Lu, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Rogers to Mr. Charles James Geyer, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Geyer of Richmond, Va., took place in the First Presbyterian Church in Front Royal, 2 June, and that of Miss Blair Louise to Lt. James Russell Major, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Julian Neville Major of Front Royal took place on 9 June.

The latter was graduated from West Point in '42 and has just returned from one year in Europe. His bride is a graduate of Vassar, class of '44. They will go to Ft. Sill, Okla., for station.

Mr. and Mrs. Geyer will make their home in Front Royal, where he is connected with the American Viscose Corporation. He is an alumnus of the School of Chemistry of the University of Virginia. The bride, like her sister is a graduate of Vassar, class of '41.

A recent wedding was that of Miss Mercia Roselle Fischer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fischer, and Lt. (Jg) James W. Dillon, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Dillon of Roanoke, Va., at which the officiating clergyman was the Rev. Wilford H. Taylor. A reception followed the ceremony.

The bride was given in marriage by her father and wore a gown of ivory satin with fitted bodice and yoke of marquise, her finger-length veil being fastened to her head by a semi-circlet of orange blossoms and she carried a bouquet of white roses centered by an orchid.

Attendants were Mrs. Richard Hardman, Miss Elizabeth Brewster and Miss Cecelia Conrey, the latter the maid of honor. Lt. Comdr. George Platts, USN, was best man.

The ushers included Lts. J. E. Girard and Elwood Vanderlander with Lt. (Jg) Joseph Flannery, USN, and John Culley.

Announcement is made of the recent marriage of Miss Marian Bower Smallwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smallwood, sr., and Capt. Harold Greever Wylie, AUS, son of Mr. Edgar N. Wylie, and the late Mr. Wylie of Roanoke, Va. The ceremony was performed by Dr. Wm. Thomson Hanzsche.

The bride, given in marriage by her brother, Frank Smallwood, Jr., USN, wore a gown of ivory satin trimmed in seed pearls, with train. Her finger-length veil fell from a coronet of pearls and she carried a white Bible with orchids.

Miss Rhoda E. Smallwood, sister of the bride, was her only attendant.

Robert W. Wylie of Pottsville, Pa., uncle of the bridegroom, served as best man and the ushers were E. J. Smallwood, USN, cousin of the bride, and Charles Hanford, USN.

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Born

BETTINGER—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 22 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Herbert C. Bettinger, a daughter.

BILLINGS—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Thomas J. Billings, Inf., a daughter.

BRANNAM—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 17 June 1945, to M. Sgt. and Mrs. Finis Columbus Brannam, a daughter, Linda Gay Brannam.

BUCKLAND—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. James A. Buckland, CE, a daughter.

CAIRNES—Born at Pasadena, Calif., 20 May 1945, to Comdr. and Mrs. George C. Cairnes, USN, a son, George Wilson, III.

CREYKE—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Richard Creyke, SC, a daughter.

CROMWELL—Born at the Hospital for the Women of Maryland, 2 July 1945, to Lieut. and Mrs. Josiah J. Cromwell, USNR, a son.

DAVIDSON—Born at University of Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., 21 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Charles Davidson, Sig C, a son Lawrence Ray Davidson. Lt. Davidson is on duty with the AAF GFE Depot in Rochester, N. Y.

DEERYBARRY—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 14 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Edwin Clair Derrybary, a daughter, Joanne Derrybary.

DOLD—Born at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 3 July 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. William Dold, CE, a son.

DOYLE—Born at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 1 July 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. John S. Doyle, Sig C, a son.

EDWARDS—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 20 June 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Milburne Ernest Edwards, AUS, a daughter, Jacqueline Ann Edwards.

FAHNCKE—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 24 June 1945, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. Kenneth F. Fahnce, a son.

FLANDERS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 22 June 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Lawrence B. Flanders, a son.

FRANK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Gilbert W. Frank, AAF, a son.

FROST—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 24 June 1945, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. Harry E. Frost, a son.

GERLINGER—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 16 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Theodore Valentine Gerlinger, a son, Tom Vaughn Gerlinger.

GIDDENS—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to 1st Sgt. and Mrs. George Giddens, Inf., a son.

GIDDINGS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 21 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Paul R. Giddings, a son.

HAMRICK—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 20 June 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. James Q. Hamrick, a set of triplet sons.

HANSEN—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 23 June 1945, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. Whipple B. Hansen, a son.

HARDIE—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 17 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Robert Lee Hardie, a son, Leslie Glenn Hardie.

HITCHINGS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 23 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Theodore C. Hitchings, a son.

HOLMES—Born at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. William Holmes, Sig C, a son.

HUBBARD—Born in Asheville, N. C., 25 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Frank Goodwin Hubbard, CE, a daughter, Claire Jane Hubbard, granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Moore of Asheville, N. C. and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. F. L. Hubbard, MC, USN-Ret., Virginia, Illinois. Major Hubbard is with the China Combat Command.

HUBBY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to 1st Sgt. and Mrs. Howard I. Hubby, a daughter.

INDYK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Walter A. Indyk, SC, a daughter.

KOUTS—Born at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 3 July 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Herbert J. C. Kouts, AAF, a daughter.

LYON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Edward Lyon, AGD, a daughter.

MACDONALD—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 15 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Aleck Francis MacDonald, a son, Edward Angus MacDonald.

MARKELL—Born in Atlanta, Ga., 23 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Charles Markell, Jr., AUS, a daughter.

MARTIN—Born at Huntington Memorial

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service announcements. Please notify promptly.)

Hospital, Pasadena, Calif., 26 June 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Varick Dey Martin, Jr., AAF, a son, Varick Dey Martin, III.

MATHER—Born at Norfolk (Va.) General Hospital, 24 June 1945, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Lee Wilson Mather, USNR, a daughter, Winton Taggart Mather.

MCBREIGHT—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. James C. McBreight, MIS, a son.

MITCHELL—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 20 June 1945, to CWO and Mrs. Merrill L. Mitchell, a son.

MOORE—Born at Lawrence Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., 27 June 1945, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Raymond A. Moore, USN, a daughter, Lucy Elise Moore, granddaughter of Capt. and Mrs. Edwin F. Cutts, USN and Mr. and Mrs. William E. Moore of Wheelock, Texas.

NELSON—Born at Regional Hospital, Fort Knox, Ky., 28 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Joseph P. Nelson, AUS, a daughter, Elizabeth Susan.

NEWSOME—Born at Station Hospital, Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, 13 June 1945, to Lieut. and Mrs. Charles Hinton Newsome, AUS, a son, Richard Hinton.

NIXON—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 20 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Robert Read Nixon, sr., a son, Robert Read Nixon, jr.

O'CONNELL—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Valentine G. O'Connell, CE, a son.

OVERBECK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. William R. Overbeck, Inf., a daughter.

PAETZ—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 20 June 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Paul E. Paetz, a son.

POLLARD—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 20 June 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Bernard C. Pollard, a daughter.

PORTER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Robert R. Porter, IGD, a son.

PRICE—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 15 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. William Jess Price, a daughter, Laura Elizabeth Price.

RAWLS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 23 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Frederick L. Rawls, a daughter.

REID—Born in Washington, D. C., 10 June 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. William Robert Reid, Inf., a son, Robert Nikolas Reid. Lt. Reid is on duty in the Pacific.

SHAW—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 18 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Collins Maynard Shaw, a daughter, Margaret Jo Shaw.

SIMS—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 25 June 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. John A. Sims, a daughter.

SMITH—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Laurence K. Smith, FD, a daughter.

SPEED—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 18 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Louis Pinkney Speed, a daughter, Mary Catherine Speed.

SWARTZ—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 14 June 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Richard Clifford Swartz, sr., a son, Richard Clifford Swartz, jr.

TANNER—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 12 June 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Harley Grant Tanner, jr., USNR, a son, Harley Grant Tanner, 3rd.

TEVDT—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 23 June 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Richard E. Tevdt, a daughter.

VILLADEMOROS—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 19 June 1945, to Capt.-Ret. and Mrs. Joseph John Villademoros, a son, Stephen Villademoros.

VOEHRINGER—Born at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 2 July 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Walter J. Voehringer, Inf., a daughter.

WECK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 June 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Frank A. Weck, MAC, a daughter.

WEIGHT—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 25 June 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. William K. Weight, a daughter.

WRIGHT—Born at Harkness Pavilion, Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center, New York City, 26 June 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. John Wright, 3d, a son.

YOUNG—Born at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 2 July 1945, to Major and Mrs. Robert P. Young, CE, a daughter.

Married

ALLEN-BLACKLOCK—Married in Catons-

ville, (Md.) Presbyterian Church, 23 June 1945. Miss Julia Low Blacklock to Lt. Eugene Thomas Allen, AUS.

BALLANCE-SAWYER—Married in Court Street Baptist Church, Portsmouth, Va., 9 June 1945, Miss Mary Belle Sawyer of Portsmouth, to Lt. Gilbert Sylvester Ballance of Elizabeth City, N. J.

BATTLE-HARRISON—Married in the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawr, Pa., 22 June 1945, Miss Margaretta S. Harrison to Lt. Hyman L. Battle, jr., USMCR.

BEEM-BENSON—Married in the First Congregational Church, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1945, Miss Mary Jane Benson to Lt. Eugene Robert Beem, AUS.

BENNETT-FENNER—Married in Trinity Church, Boston, Mass., 29 June 1945, Miss Evelyn Fenner to Lt. (jg) Walker Gardner Bennett, II, USMS, son of Col. Floyd W. Bennett, USMC.

BESSMAN-NEUMAN—Married in Washington, D. C., 3 July 1945, Miss Alice Neuman to Lt. Samuel Paul Bessman, MC, AUS of St. Louis, Mo.

BOOTH-PIFER—Married in St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, College Park, Md., 30 June 1945, Miss Rosaleen Pifer of Silver Spring, Md., to Capt. William Tighman Booth, AAF.

BOWKER-GULLER—Married in the chapel of the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa., 24 June 1945, Miss Patricia Guller, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. R. F. Guller, USN, to Mr. George C. Bowker of Germantown, Pa.

BRUEGGE-MCNEESE—Married in the chapel at Camp Wheeler, Ga., recently, Miss Susan McNeese, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Oswald Wilson McNeese, of Washington, D. C., to Lt. Howard Vorder Bruegge, AUS.

BURNS-BERTLES—Married in the Episcopal Church of St. John's of Lattingtown, Locust Valley, N. Y., 29 June 1945, Miss Kate Barbara Bertles to Lt. Comdr. Morris Burns, USN.

CREMEN-WHITTLESEY—Married in Walter Reed Chapel, Washington, D. C., in June 1945, Miss Mary L. Whittlesey to Lieut. William C. Cremen, AAF.

DEAN-DELP—Married recently in the Delp home, Corinth, Miss., Miss Sarah Rebecca Delp to Lieut. Ralph Merrick Dean, jr., AUS, son of Major and Mrs. Ralph Merrick Dean, sr., of Kalamazoo, Mich.

DORF-LEVANTHAL—Married in Norfolk, Va., 10 June 1945, Miss Rose Anne Leventhal to Lt. (jg) Milton I. Dorf, USCGR.

DWYER-DOWNEY—Married in St. Ann's Church, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1945, Miss Margaret E. Downey to Ens. Louis Eugene Dwyer, jr., USNR.

FLAGERS-SELKAMAA—Married in St. Bartholomew's Cathedral, Pilsen, Czechoslovakia, 1 June 1945, 1st Lt. Ingrid E. Selkama, ANC, to 1st Lt. George W. Flaggers, USA.

FROSCHER-JANSKY—Married in the chapel of the Pensacola (Fla.) Naval Air Base, 30 June 1945, Miss Helen Marguerite Jansky to Lt. Clarence Teague Frosher, USN, (USNA '43).

FYE-STUBBS—Married in West Point, N. Y., recently, Miss Virginia Leina Stubbs, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Maurice G. Stubbs, USA, to Lt. Robert Wallace Fye, USA, son of Col. and Mrs. John H. Fye, USA.

GEROW-BLANCHARD—Married in Richmond, Va., 16 June 1945, Lieut. (jg) Margaret Tamora Blanchard, USNR to Donald Edwin Gerow.

GOLDBERG-SHUSTER—Married in Washington, D. C., 10 June 1945, Miss Freda Shuster to Lt. Michael M. Goldberg, USMCR.

HAACK-HOUSER—Married in Universalist National Memorial Church, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1945, Miss Noradee Houser, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Harold Alexander Houser, USN, to Ens. Frank Sutherland Haak, jr., USN (USNA '45).

HANSON-MCGUIRE—Married in All Souls' Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 8 June 1945, Miss Marguerite Hazel McGuire, to Ens. William Vernon Hanson, USN (USNA '45).

HANSON-RODOWSKI—Married recently, Miss Jean Rodowski to Lt. (jg) Earl Hanson, USNR, both of Baltimore, Md.

HARRIS-TOMLIN—Married in Broad Street Methodist Church, Statesville, N. C., 12 June 1945, Miss Mary Norman Tomlin to Lt. Benton Neal Harris, jr., AAF.

HAWLEY-WYGANT—Married in the chapel of St. James' Episcopal Church, Chicago, Ill., 23 June 1945, Miss Barbara Bourne Wygant, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Benyard Bourne Wygant, USN-Ret., to Lt. John Farr Hawley, USNR.

HILL-FOSS—Married at her father's home in Greenwich, Conn., 28 June 1945, Miss Sally Conwell Foss to Lt. James Scott Hill, AAF, on leave from duty in the Pacific Area.

HILL-RINEHART—Married in the chapel of the University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va., 23 June 1945, Miss Torrance Redd Rinehart to Lt. Lucius Davis Hill, 3d, MC, AUS.

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HILLMAN-LEWIS—Married in the Army Chapel at Forest Glen, Md., 28 June 1945, Miss Nancy Clifton Lewis, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Burton Oliver Lewis, USA, to Lt. Rolfe Clifton Hillman, jr., USA, (USMA '45).

HILTBAND-SIX—Married in the chapel of Mt. Vernon Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 4 June 1945, Miss Roberta Jean Six to Capt. H. A. Hiltbrand, AUS.

JACOBSON-NERLICH—Married in National Naval Medical Center Chapel, Md., 30 June 1945, Mrs. Ruby Nerlich to Lieut. (jg) Alvin Jacobson, USNR.

KENT-SPRING—Married 2 July 1945, Miss Deborah D. Spring of Easton, Md. to Ensign Stephen Girard Kent, jr., USNR.

KING-PATCHETT—Married in Preston, Md., recently, Miss Dorothy Lee Patchett to Lt. Jay Fred King, USNR.

KIPP-PACE—Married in Walter Reed Memorial Chapel, Washington, D. C., 20 June 1945, Miss Muriel Imogene Pace, daughter of M. Sgt. and Mrs. Frank Dumick, to Lt. Richard John Kipp, AAF of Giddings, Texas.

KNIGHT-DAVIS—Married in St. Andrew's Chapel, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., 8 June 1945, Miss Frances Conway Davis to Ens. Richard Holmes Knight, USN, son of Col. and Mrs. John Thornton Knight of Annapolis.

LAMADE-ERICKSON—Married in the Chapel-in-the-Highlands, Seattle, Wash., 23 June 1945, Mrs. Barbara W. Erickson, widow of Lt. Comdr. John L. Erickson, USN, to Comdr. John D. Lamade, USN (USNA '32).

LOVERING-HALVERSON—Married in the Navy Chapel, Whiting Field, Milton, Fla., 3 July 1945, Miss Martha Ann Halversen to Ensign Otho Scott Lovering, jr., USN.

MAGATHAN-BAILEY—Married in Walter Reed Memorial Chapel, Washington, D. C., 29 June 1945, Miss Margaret MacGregor Bailey, daughter of Col. and Mrs. K. H. Bailey, USA, to Capt. Wallace Clifton Magathan, jr., USA.

MANNING-SWAGART—Married in the Metropolitan Memorial Church, Washington, D. C., 2 July 1945, Miss Betty Anne Swagart to Lt. (jg) Willis Raymond Manning, jr., USNR.

MCALL-KOPECKY—Married in St. Mary's Catholic Church, Austin, Texas, 16 June 1945, Miss Tilly Marie Kopecky, of Austin, to Lt. Thomas J. McCall, AUS.

MCCONAUGHAY-ELLIOTT—Married in St. Andrew's Chapel, US Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., 22 June 1945, Miss Henrietta Norma Elliott of Annapolis, to Lt. Comdr. James Wilson McConaughay, USN, on duty at the Post Graduate School at Annapolis.

MCUTCHEON-FARIS—Married in Lake Forest, Ill., 20 June 1945, Miss Nancy Wells Faris, to Capt. Howard Shaw McCutcheon, AC, AUS.

McKEAN-GENIUS—Married at her home in New York, N. Y., 28 June 1945, Miss Jeanette Morse Genius, daughter of the late Dr. and Mrs. Richard Millard Genius of Chicago and New York, to Lt. Hugh Ferguson McKean, USNR, recently returned from India.

MERNER-DEAL—Married in the home of the bride's parents at Greenville, N. C., 11 June 1945, Miss Mary Agnes Deal to Lt. William L. Merner, of Newport News, Va.

MOORE-NEWKOM—Married in the chapel of the Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., 23 June 1945, Dr. Elizabeth Hope Newkom to Lt. Frank Moore, jr., (MC), USNR.

M'WHIRT-BIESEMEIER—Married in Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., Miss Mary Carol Biesemeier to Capt. Joseph R. McWhirt, AAF.

NASH-CRUTCHER—Married in St. Peter's Catholic Church, Memphis, Tenn., 23 June 1945, Miss Ginny Crutcher, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. John F. Crutcher, USA-Ret., of Dunrovin Farms, Henning, Tenn., to Lt. Thomas Palmer Nash, 3d, MC, AUS.

PASHALIDES-POURNARAS—Married in Greek Orthodox Church, Providence, R. I., 7 June 1945, Miss Eugenia Pournaras to Lt. Theophilus A. Pashalides, AUS.

PITT-CARTWRIGHT—Married in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Waco, Texas, 28 June 1945, Miss Anne Elsie Cartwright of Waco, to Maj. William Vaughan Pitt, AUS, son of Lt. and Mrs. Frank R. Pitt, USCG-Ret., of Brooklyn, N. Y.

PORTER-PARKER—Married in the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 26 June 1945, Miss Margaret A. Parker to Maj. John L. Porter, AUS.

RENDALL-HORNE—Married in the US Naval Academy Chapel, Annapolis, Md., recently, Miss Isabel Redding Horne to Lt. William Donald Rendall, USNR.

RHODES-FITZER—Married in the Wallace Memorial United Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 22 June 1945, Miss Elizabeth Pitzer to Lt. Edgar D. Rhodes, AUS.

RIKE-WHITE—Married in Washington, D. C., 15 June 1945, Miss Martha Jane White to Capt. Joe A. Rike, USMCR.

ROWE-METHVIN—Married in St. Mark's Methodist Church, Baltimore, Md., 18 June

(Please turn to Next Page)

Births, Marriages, Deaths (Continued from Preceding Page)

1945, Miss Drusilla Durham Methvin to Lt. Marc Hampton Rowe, AAF.

RUTHERFORD-GRIDER—Married at Muskogee, Okla., 20 May 1945, Miss Virginia Grider, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Grider, to Lt. James S. Rutherford, son of Col. and Mrs. Dorsey J. Rutherford, USA.

SCHOENFELDER-NOLAN—Married in Blessed Sacrament Church, New York, N. Y., 29 June 1945, Miss Mary Nolan to Maj. Eugene T. Schoenfelder, USMC.

SNIDER-SMITH—Married in East Washington Heights Baptist Church, Washington, D. C., 11 May 1945, Miss June Lee Smith to Ens. Gerald L. Snider, USNR.

SPEAR-WILSON—Married in the Church of the Centurion, Fort Monroe, Va., 30 June 1945, Miss Elizabeth Port Monroe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Wilson of Edgewater, Phoebe, Va., to Lt. Peter Holden Spear, AAF, son of Mrs. Thomas Sprigg Poole, of Staten Island, N. Y., and the late Capt. Holden Spear, USA.

STOCK-McCALL—Married in the chapel, Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Va., 27 June 1945, Miss Marion McCall to Lt. (jg) Glenn Charles Stock, USNR.

SUDBOROUGH-REEDER—Married in the Church of the Epiphany, New York, N. Y., 28 June 1945, Miss Dorothy Adam Reeder to Capt. Charles B. Sudborough, jr., AUS.

TAYLOR-LAW—Married in the Church of the Good Shepherd, Ruxton, Md., 30 June 1945, Miss Mary Langfitt Law to Capt. Stuart Symington Taylor, AUS.

THOMAS-PARSONS—Married in First Presbyterian Church, Ardmore, Pa., 15 June 1945, Miss Marion Park Parsons to Capt. John David Thomas, AUS.

THOMPSON-TIPPETT—Married in St. Peter's Catholic Church, 26 June 1945, Miss Edith Tippett to Thomas Leonard Thompson, USNR.

VELIE-GORTON—Married in St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1945, Miss Mary Mitchell Gorton to Lt. Earl R. Velie, AUS.

WETTSTEIN-CARPENTER—Married in Calvary Baptist Church, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1945, Ens. Millicent Carpenter, USNR, to Lt. Herbert A. E. Wettstein, USNR.

WHITEHART-NEAL—Married in Fort Myer Chapel, Fort Myer, Va., 23 June 1945, Miss Dorcas Fay Neal to 1st Lt. Ralph W. Whitehart, AAF, both of Arlington, Va.

WILLIAMS-LEWIS—Married in Norfolk, Va., 2 June 1945, Miss Caroline Marie Lewis to Lt. (jg) Bailey N. Williams, USNR.

WINSOR-McCANN—Married in St. Andrew's Chapel, US Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., 4 June 1945, Miss Kathleen Clare McCann of Alexandria, Va., to Lt. Comdr. Kenneth Weston Winsor, USNR.

WITKOWSKI-COOK—Married on 16 June 1945, Miss Patricia Lee Cook to Lt. James B. Witkowski, AUS.

WOLF-STRAUSS—Married in New York City, 30 June 1945, Miss Agnes Strauss to Lt. Comdr. Alfred Clarence Wolf, USNR.

Died

BRUCK—Killed in bomber crash near Dodge City, Kans., 27 June 1945, Lt. David Arnold Bruck, AAF, husband of Mrs. Jean MacNeish Bruck of 48 Taunton Road, Scarsdale, N. Y.

HOLLIDAY—Died at her home in Tenafly, N. J., 29 June 1945, Mrs. Ellen Wells Holliday, mother of Lt. (jg) Paul Holliday, USNR, and Pfc. Robert Holliday, USA.

HUGHES—Killed in action in Okinawa, 1 June 1945, Lt. Cecil Clayton Hughes, USMC. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Evelyn Timmons Hughes, of 1308 Herndon St., Arlington, Va.

ISRAEL—Killed in airplane crash in the Pacific recently, Lt. (jg) James L. Israel, USNR. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Babette B. Israel, and a brother, Adrian S. Israel of New York City.

JONES—Died when Japanese Prison Ship carrying American Prisoners of War was torpedoed off the China Coast bound for Japan, 24 October 1944, Maj. Paul M. Jones, USA (USMA '35). Survived by his wife, Mrs. Helen Marie Jones of 32 Loveland Road, Brookline, Mass.; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry A. Jones; a brother, Mr. A. B. Jones, and sister, Mrs. Robert Payne, all of Cleveland, Tenn.

MILLER—Died on board the Japanese prison ship sunk off the China coast 24 October 1944, Capt. Frederick Adam Miller, CAC (USMA '38). Survived by his widow, the former Miss June Ringhausen of Jerseyville, Ill. and his father Floyd R. Miller.

OTIS—Killed in automobile accident in Germany, 12 June 1945, 1st Lt. George Otis, 3d, Inf. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Ruth Kolb Otis, and young daughter, of Holtsville, Long Island, N. Y., and by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Otis, jr., of Boston and Yarmouth Port, Mass.

ROUSSEAU—Died as result of a fall from a cliff at Easton, Pa., 9 June 1945, Joseph H. Rousseau, III (Peter), 12-year-old son and only child of Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. H. Rousseau, USA, of Lafayette College, Easton, Pa. Survived, in addition to his parents, by his grandmother, Mrs. Joseph H. Rousseau, sr., of Brunswick, Me.

SCHMITT—Died in a German hospital, as a result of wounds as a prisoner of war, 5 October 1944, Capt. Waldo E. Schmitt, Inf. Survived by his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Waldo L. Schmitt of Tacoma Park, Md.

WHITEHURST—Killed when Japanese Prison Ship on which he was being transferred to Japan was sunk off the Coast of China, 24 October 1944, Maj. C. B. Whitehurst, jr., Inf., USA, (USMA '38). Survived by his widow, Mrs. Rose Knuebel Whitehurst, and a son, John Collin, who live with Mrs. Whitehurst's parents, Col. and Mrs. John H. Knuebel, USA-Ret., at 516 Grandview Place, San Antonio, Texas.

Obituaries

Maj. Paul M. Jones, 26th Cav., lost his life on 24 October 1944 when the ship carrying American Prisoners of War to Japan was torpedoed 200 miles off the China coast in the South China Sea.

Major Jones was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy in 1935 and during his career in the Army was stationed at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., Ft. McPherson, Ft. Riley, Ft. Clark and Ft. Stotsenburg, Philippine Islands.

During the engagement with the Japanese he was cited for the Silver Star and was awarded the Purple Heart for wounds received in action.

He leaves a wife, Helen Marie, above address, parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry A. Jones; brother, A. B. Jones, and sister, Mrs. Robert Payne, all of Cleveland, Tenn.

Army Reserve Policy (Continued from First Page)

Individuals eligible for such appointments under the provisions of this circular (except as provided in para. 3b and 7a), and to tender letters of appointment reciting that the Secretary of War has directed that the appointee be informed that the President has made such appointment. The appointee will be given a formal letter of appreciation signed by The Adjutant General, and necessary records pertaining to the tender and acceptance of appointment will be forwarded to The Adjutant General for issuance of a commission. A commission in the customary form evidencing appointment by the President effective as of the same date as the letter of appointment will be issued later from the Office of The Adjutant General to each such appointee. The authority delegated to the Commanding Generals, Army Service Forces and Army Air Forces, will be exercised only by each respective commander or his designees at those points of separation operating under his jurisdiction.

5. Appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps under the provisions of this circular will be governed by the following:

a. Officers who hold only a temporary appointment in the Army of the United States, or temporary officers who also hold an appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps, may be appointed or reappointed and commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps for a period of 5 years without vacating their temporary appointments in the Army of the United States and without depriving such officers of their terminal leaves which they might otherwise be entitled to receive.

b. The acceptance of an appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps by an officer of the National Guard of the United States operates automatically to vacate his appointment in the latter component. However, if the officer of the National Guard of the United States also holds a temporary appointment in the Army of the United States, the acceptance of a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps would not automatically vacate his temporary appointment in the Army of the United States without component, and such an officer should continue on active duty in his latter status (that of an AUS officer) for the purpose of receiving his terminal leave.

c. In the instance where an officer of the National Guard of the United States or an officer commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps does not hold a temporary appointment in the Army of the United States, acceptance of a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps would vacate the commission in the National Guard of the United States or in the Officers' Reserve Corps and accrued leave might be lost by such appointment made prior to relief from active duty.

6. Officers who accept appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps under the general policy contained in this circular will be informed that some temporary adjustments in rank may be necessary in cases of "under age-in-grade" Reserve officers while on extended active duty in time of peace for training with the Regular Army, National Guard, or under the proposed system of universal military training; that the details of these adjustments are under study by the War Department, and that the final decision will be announced at a later date.

7. The following statement of policy governing the section in which officers will be appointed under the provisions of this circular is furnished:

a. General officers.—Non-Regular Army general officers processed for separation will be informed that application for appointment as a general officer in the Officers' Reserve Corps will be made direct to The Adjutant General, and that the War Department will submit these names to the President of the United States for appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps by and with the advice and consent of the Senate in the highest grade held on relief from active duty.

b. Officers, other than general officers, will be appointed in the highest grade held on relief from active duty in a section of the Officers' Reserve Corps listed in c below, under the following restrictions and conditions:

- (1) Officers holding appointments in the—
 - (a) Adjutant General's Department,
 - (b) Chaplains' Corps,
 - (c) Finance Department,
 - (d) Judge Advocate General's Department,
 - (e) Medical Department,

sections will be appointed only in that section in which commission or appointment is held. Those who hold no appointment in any branch and whose only duty was in one of the services listed in this subparagraph will be appointed in the section with which they have served.

(2) Officers not included in (1) above, who served with an arm or service, will be given the option of accepting appointment in the arm or service with which they had actual service or in the section, if any, in which they hold a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps or the National Guard of the United States. Officers who have served with the Army Air Forces may elect Air Corps Reserve.

(3) Officers not included in (1) or (2) above, who served in branch immaterial positions such as General Staff, Inspector General's Department, Information and Education Division, Special Services Division, or in simi-

lar assignments, may elect appointment in the Staff and Administrative Reserve; in an arm or service, if any, with which they had actual service; or in the section, if any, in which they hold appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps or the National Guard of the United States.

(4) Branch immaterial officers (without basic arm or service), who served in branch immaterial positions only, will be appointed in the Staff and Administrative Reserve.

(5) The exceptional cases will be decided by the commanding officer of the separation center.

(6) It is contemplated that transfers between sections will be provided for by regulations in the postwar Officers' Reserve Corps. Officers will be appointed only in the appropriate section specified below:

- (1) Adjutant General's Department Reserve.
- (2) Air Corps Reserve.
- (3) Armor Reserve.
- (4) Cavalry Reserve.
- (5) Chaplain Reserve.
- (6) Chemical Warfare Service Reserve.
- (7) Coast Artillery Corps Reserve.
- (8) Corps of Engineers Reserve.
- (9) Corps of Military Police Reserve.
- (10) Field Artillery Reserve.
- (11) Finance Department Reserve.
- (12) Infantry Reserve.
- (13) Judge Advocate General's Department Reserve.
- (14) Medical Department Reserve.
- (a) Dental Corps Reserve.
- (b) Medical Administrative Corps Reserve.
- (c) Medical Corps Reserve (male officers only).
- (d) Pharmacy Corps Reserve.
- (e) Sanitary Corps Reserve.
- (f) Veterinary Corps Reserve.
- (15) Military Intelligence Reserve.
- (16) Ordnance Department Reserve.
- (17) Quartermaster Corps Reserve.
- (18) Signal Corps Reserve.
- (19) Staff and Administrative Reserve.
- (20) Transportation Corps Reserve.

III.—Enlisted Personnel.—8. At the time of discharge all enlisted personnel of the Army of the United States, other than those currently enlisted in the National Guard, who are found physically qualified for general service or limited assignment, who have served honorably, who are qualified under applicable laws and regulations, and who have not been separated for unsatisfactory service, will be offered enlistment in the Enlisted Reserve Corps in the rating or grade held at the time of discharge.

9. Applicants for enlistment in the Enlisted Reserve Corps under the provisions of this circular will be permitted to select any appropriate arm or service listed in paragraph 7c in which they have served while in the active military service. Enlisted men who have served with the Army Air Forces may elect Air Corps Enlisted Reserve.

IV.—General.—10. Administrative procedures involved in the appointment or enlistment of these individuals in the Officers' or Enlisted Reserve Corps will be as prescribed in AR 140-5 and AR 150-5, as amended, except that in case of conflict between those regulations and this circular, this circular shall govern.

11. The Commanding General, Army Service Forces, will take the necessary action to implement this policy and to include in the administrative machinery of the various separation centers sufficient qualified personnel to explain the provisions of these policies to those concerned and to accomplish the necessary administrative procedures.

12. The term "officer" or "officers" as used in this circular will apply to commissioned male officers only, and the term "enlisted personnel" as used in this circular will apply to enlisted men only.

13. There is presently no authority to include female personnel, flight officers, or warrant officers in the Organized Reserves.

14. Individuals rated as pilots, observers, flight surgeons, parachutists, combat infantrymen, etc., at the time of separation will be informed that they will be permitted to retain their rating under current War Department directives, and appropriate notation will be made on their records to reflect such action.

15. Officers who have been separated from the active service prior to the effective date of this circular and those who are separated at places other than separation centers, who are qualified under the provisions of paragraph 3, will be informed of the provisions of this circular and be canvassed by mail by The Adjutant General and offered appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps.

16. Enlisted men who are qualified under paragraph 8 and who have been discharged prior to the effective date of this circular may apply for enlistment at any U. S. Army recruiting station or by letter direct to The Adjutant General.

17. Physical examination given upon separation from active service will form the basis for determination of physical fitness for the purposes of this circular.

18. All concerned will give the maximum publicity to this policy.

*Officers only.

**Enlistment will be in Medical Department Reserve. Appointment of officers in subordinate sections only.

***Includes tank destroyer personnel who may choose either Armor Reserve or Field Artillery Reserve.

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Army Nominations

The following Army nominations were submitted to the Senate 2 July:

Promotions in the Regular Army

To be Colonel from 5 June, 1945

Hardin Cleveland Sweeney, Inf. (temp. col.)

To be First Lieutenants from 1 July, 1945

Walter Killillie, CAC (temp. maj.)

Donald Joseph Richardson, Inf. (temp. lt. col.)

James Richard Burkhart, FA (temp. maj.)

James Curtis Jeffries, Jr., CAC (temp. lt. col.)

John Edward Fritz, CE (temp. maj.)

Dale Taylor Elliott, Inf. (temp. maj.)

William Freese Korman, Inf. (temp. lt. col.)

James Herbert Brown, Inf. (temp. lt. col.)

Clyde Okey McPeck, Inf. (temp. 1st lt.)

Richard Clement Moran, Cav. (temp. maj.)

Elmer Pershing Curtis, CAC (temp. capt.)

Michael Edward Wardell CAC (temp. maj.)

Martin Cadenhead McWilliams, AC (temp. maj.)

James McIndoe Winterbottom, AC (temp. maj.)

George Frederick Sawyer, Inf. (temp. capt.)

Darrel Leon Syron, FA (temp. maj.)

Gerald Johnson, Jr., OD (temp. lt. col.)

James Max Snyder, Inf. (temp. maj.)

Richard Brittain Kreutzer, FA (temp. capt.)

Richard Joseph Stillman, Inf. (temp. lt. col.)

Richard Hull Verheul, Inf. (temp. maj.)

Irring Heymont, Inf. (temp. maj.)

Myron Richard Bittkofer CE (temp. capt.)

William Edward Byerts, Jr., AC (temp. maj.)

Orville Kenneth Knight, QMC (temp. lt. col.)

William Prager Cassidy, Cav. (temp. capt.)

Andrew Robert Grant, CAC (temp. maj.)

Harold Vernon Mackey, OD (temp. maj.)

John Rhodes Thompson, CE (temp. maj.)

Clayton Arthur Bird, CE (temp. maj.)

Jerry Marion Wimberley, FA (temp. maj.)

MacDonald Oliver, Jr., FA (temp. maj.)

Walter Blakeley Todd, Inf. (temp. maj.)

George Lamar Jones, Inf. (temp. capt.)

James Harry Mobley, Inf. (temp. maj.)

Albert Dulaney Schutz, FA (temp. maj.)

Parker Osborne Stuart, CE (temp. lt. col.)

James Beecher McKenzie, SC (temp. maj.)

Connie Craig Cotton, Inf. (temp. capt.)

James Luke Smith, Jr., CAC (temp. capt.)

John Pershing Traylor, OD (temp. maj.)

William Joseph Daly, QMC (temp. maj.)

Howard Overton Golladay, FA (temp. capt.)

Reuben Wallis Mundy, CAC (temp. maj.)

Joseph Alvin Shirley, Inf. (temp. 1st lt.)

Rosario Sorbello, Inf. (temp. capt.)

Will Gillespie Atwood, Jr., Inf. (temp. maj.)

John Weamer Elder, FA (temp. capt.)

Ralph Harry Bowen, FA (temp. maj.)

William Brooks Carroll, SC (temp. maj.)

Paul Marshall Woods, Inf. (temp. maj.)

David Leroy Ramsey, Inf. (temp. maj.)

William Arthur Grimshaw, SC (temp. maj.)

George Wilbur Best, Jr., CAC (temp. capt.)

Benjamin Apthorp Gould Fuller, 2d, FA (temp. maj.)

Alva William Swartz, CAC (temp. capt.)

Warren Edgar Nossaman, Inf. (temp. capt.)

Jack Boswell, Cav. (temp. 1st lt.)

Samuel Frederick Stebelton, AC (temp. capt.)

Roger Jerald Culhane, Inf. (temp. maj.)

Leroy Cosy Land, CAC (temp. maj.)

William Paul Fife, Inf. (temp. 1st lt.)

Bradford Lee Smith, FA (temp. capt.)

Carl William Schaad, FA (temp. maj.)

Carter Greer Dudley, Cav. (temp. capt.)

Karl Heinrich Zornig, OD (temp. maj.)

Francis Fred Poppenburg, OD (temp. capt.)

Jesse Charles Crumbley, Jr., OD (temp. maj.)

Ralph Bayard Sessoms, Jr., Inf. (temp. capt.)

Verne Rumbaugh Wilson, CAC (temp. maj.)

Thomas William Fishburn, AC (temp. 1st lt.)

Lawrence Longshore Persons, FD (temp. capt.)

Robert James Welsh, CAC (temp. maj.)

Emil William Delu, OD (temp. maj.)

Russell Park Jones, SC (temp. capt.)

William John Durrenberger, OD (temp. maj.)

Latimer Whittle MacMillan, Jr., SC (temp. maj.)

David Hall Woods, CE (temp. maj.)

Gordon Francis Tyrrell, Jr., QMC (temp. maj.)

Robert Neil Grove, Ord. Dept. (temp. maj.)

William Ellis Cox, Inf. (temp. maj.)

Leroy Buckman Wilson, Inf. (temp. maj.)

George Franklin Charlton, Inf. (temp. capt.)

John Edward Reid, Inf. (temp. capt.)

Oliver Morton Legg, AC (temp. capt.)

William McKinley Shepard, CAC (temp. maj.)

Norman Murchison Grusky Locksley, FA (temp. maj.)

Walter Alfred Higgins, QMC (temp. maj.)

Roy Edgar Rayle, Jr., OD (temp. maj.)

Donald Charles Hughes, QMC (temp. maj.)

Lloyd Edward Rabinson, QMC (temp. maj.)

Harold Reid Armstrong, Jr., AC (temp. maj.)

Richard Irvin, Jr., CAC (temp. maj.)

Edward Stephen Rice, CAC (temp. capt.)

Charles Stuart Cumings, CAC (temp. maj.)

James Bernard Via, CAC (temp. capt.)

Charles William Flynn, Jr., CE (temp. capt.)

Lowell Reginald Eklund, Cav. (temp. maj.)

Gaynor William Hathaway, Cav. (temp. maj.)

Waldo Ernest Schmitt, Inf. (temp. capt.)

Arthur Wilson Starkey, CE (temp. maj.)

James Maurice Hamblin, OD (temp. capt.)

Moyer Delos Harris, FA (temp. capt.)

Walter Philip Leber, CE (temp. lt. col.)

Jack Philip Geise, Cav. (temp. maj.)

William Lindsay Koob, Jr., Inf. (temp. capt.)

Charles Crisp Wilder, Jr., AC (temp. lt. col.)

John Raymond Penington, AC (temp. maj.)

James Martin Pratt, Inf. (temp. capt.)

Robert Earl Simons, FA (temp. capt.)

Walter Parrish Glover, Jr., OD (temp. maj.)

Chester Thomas Harvie, Cav. (temp. maj.)

Lewis Jones Adams, CAC (temp. capt.)

Raymond Laverne Hoff, QMC (temp. maj.)

Medical Corps—To be Colonel

William LeRoy Thompson (temp. col.)

To be Lieutenant Colonels, MC

Douglas Sheldon Kellogg (temp. col.)

Loren Donovan Moore (temp. col.)

Arthur Brinkley Welsh (temp. col.)

Eugene Wycoff Billick (temp. col.)

Earle Standlee (temp. col.)

William Kraus (temp. col.)

Reuel Edward Hewitt (temp. col.)

Martin Eugene Griffin (temp. col.)

Mack Macon Green (temp. col.)

William Edward Shambora (temp. col.)

Charles Henderson Beasley (temp. col.)

Clifford Albert Best (temp. col.)

Alvin Levi Gorby (temp. col.)

George Ellis Armstrong (temp. col.)

To Be Majors, MC

John Edwin Granade (temp. col.)

Robert Estes Blount (temp. col.)

Paul Hamilton Jenkins (temp. lt. col.)

Walter Philippe Manning (temp. lt. col.)

Ray Edward Currie (temp. lt. col.)

To Be Captains, MC

Francis Winters Anderson (temp. maj.)

Charles Mac Stanfill (temp. maj.)

Robert Joseph Brennan (temp. capt.)

William Sherwin Wolf (temp. maj.)

Donald Larue Brubaker (temp. capt.)

Gilbert Alfred Twichell (temp. capt.)

Morris Eldred Brackett (temp. maj.)

Ralph Nelson Greene, Jr. (temp. maj.)

Philip Jordan Noel, Jr. (temp. lt. col.)

Edward Patrick Shannon, Jr. (temp. capt.)

Mack Simmons (temp. capt.)

Lowell Richard Steele (temp. maj.)

Maurice Blair Johnston (temp. maj.)

Edward Alton Rickotts (temp. capt.)

John Bradley Moring (temp. maj.)

John D. Lecky (temp. capt.)

Victor Henry Smith (temp. capt.)

Robert Alfred McCall (temp. capt.)

Robert Halbert Finley, Jr. (temp. capt.)

John Barry Brady (temp. maj.)

Albert Junior Bauer (temp. capt.)

Arthur Abbott Kirk (temp. maj.)

Charles Herman Ransom (temp. capt.)

Gerhard Thurston Shearer (temp. maj.)

William Clark Doak (temp. capt.)

George Sharpe (temp. capt.)

Summer Yale Andelman (temp. capt.)

Bertram Allen Weeks (temp. maj.)

Victor Bradley Vane, Jr. (temp. capt.)

Voris Francis McFall (temp. capt.)

Hal Bruce Jennings, Jr. (temp. capt.)

Adolph Benedict Schneider, Jr. (temp. capt.)

George Deason McAfee (temp. capt.)

Dental Corps—To be Lieutenant Colonels

Mackey Joseph Real (temp. col.)

Kenneth Pearce Fulton (temp. col.)

To Be Major, D.C.

Oscar John Ogren (temp. lt. col.)

To Be Captains, D.C.

Burdette Alden Stone (temp. capt.)

John Robert Knoderer (temp. maj.)

Paul Joseph Lundell (temp. maj.)

Clare William Sauser (temp. capt.)

John Francis Donovan, Jr. (temp. maj.)

Frank Monroe Taylor, Jr. (temp. maj.)

James Walter Bernhard, Jr. (temp. capt.)

Veterinary Corps—To Be Majors

Wayne Otho Kester (temp. col.)

Robert Arthur Boyce, Jr. (temp. lt. col.)

Clarence Leonard Taylor (temp. lt. col.)

Pharmacy Corps—To Be Majors

Carrol Conrad Barrick (temp. lt. col.)

Thomas Raymond Jones (temp. maj.)

Cornelius John Curran (temp. maj.)

Gerard Ardien Belanger (temp. lt. col.)

Guy Wycoff Harlow (temp. lt. col.)

Chaplain—To Be Colonel

Chaplain Ivan Loveridge Bennett, United States Army (temp. col.)

Navy Promotions

The following temporary promotions and reappointments of officers of the Regular Navy and Naval Reserve were made this week:

REGULAR NAVY

Capt. to Comm.

Jennings B. Dow Herbert J. Ray

Norman C. Gillette

Comdr. to Capt.

Justus R. Armstrong Edward A. McFall

Alexander H. Hood Thomas P. Wilson

John L. Collis Lex L. Black

Edward A. Hannegan Edward M. Condra,

Thomas J. Flynn Jr.

Theodore H. Kobey Howell J. Dyson

Almon E. Loomis Robert T. S. Keith

Eugene F. McDaniel Thomas B. Neblett

Reappointed Comdr.

Vincent A. Sweeney

Reappointed Lt. Comdr.

Loren Henderson Stanley A. Siebenthal

Lt. (jg) to Lt.

Benjamin H. Jacobs Adrian A. Wiley

John J. McAuley

Ens. to Lt. (jg)

Stewart A. Daniels

NAVAL RESERVE

Comdr. to Capt.

William N. Mansfield Adolph B. Chamber-

Donald C. King lain

Gilbert M. Stone Marion Joseph Dun-

Edward D. Payne can

Robert L. Rowan William G. H. Finch

Paul W. Siegrist

Lt. to Comdr.

James B. Donovan

Lt. to Lt. Comdr.

Edward Joseph Ryan Thomas J. Henley

John W. Riely Henry V. Hoagland

Philip J. Moffatt Alvin E. Jacobson

Joseph P. Andrews Richard M. Klas

Walter D. Douglas

Buckner Bay

Effective 5 July Nakagusuku Wan in Southeast Okinawa will hereafter be called Buckner Bay, the Navy Department announced this week.

Seventeen members of the National Civilian Advisory Committee for the Women's Army Corps will tour Army General Hospitals, beginning 16 July, to view work done by WAC hospital units.

Captain Mentz Wounded

Blown into sea without a life jacket and with both arms broken, Capt. George F. Mentz, USN, commander of the motor Torpedo boat tender USS Orestes, is now safe in the Medical Center, Bethesda, Md.

A Japanese airplane ricocheted from the sea off Mindoro, and landed on the captain's flag ship. The first explosion threw the Captain against the railing and broke both his arms. Another explosion peppered him with shrapnel and flung him a distance of 25 to 30 feet into the sea.

Captain Mentz credits Lt. Comdr. Lewis W. Dunton, USNR, and Lt. Leonard Jansen, USNR, with saving his life.

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*At the Crossroads
of the World*
TIMES SQUARE
NEW YORK

The Searchlight

(Navy—Address: The Searchlight,
U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.)

IN order to avoid needless duplication of the wanted lists and to allow addresses sufficient time to reach the Searchlight office, Searchlight will, for the duration of the summer at least, publish the wanted list only once a month.

We would appreciate the addresses of these wives:

Acuff, Mrs. Terry, wife Capt.; Bryson, Mrs. W. wife Comdr.; '27; Bartlett, Mrs. Wm. R. wife Lt. C.; Chambers, Mrs. George wife Comdr.; Cook, Mrs. A. B. wife Capt., '21; Comly, Mrs. B. F. wife Capt., '21; Flynn, Mrs. J. A. wife Comdr., '27; Griswold, Mrs. W. A. wife Comdr.; Hudson, Mrs. Homer, wife Capt., '22; Lyon, Mrs. David W. wife Comdr. (MC); Lyon, Mrs. John wife Comdr.; Henry, Mrs. George R. widow Lt. C.; Loker, Mrs. A. M. wife Capt., '21; Mallory, Mrs. Francis, wife Comdr. USNR; McIntosh, Mrs. Howard D. wife Capt., '22; Manlove, Mrs. Wm. wife Capt.; Morrison, Mrs. George D. wife Capt., '20; Sweetser, Mrs. Willard A. wife Comdr., '26; Troxell, Mrs. Chas. wife Ensign; Wilson, Mrs. John M. wife Lt. C. USNR, '31; and Murray, Mrs. Hugh Q. wife Comdr.

National Service Officers

A six-month course of training to fit disabled servicemen for duties as National Service Officers under the G-I Bill of Rights, has been instituted at the American University, Washington, D. C. The course, operated in cooperation with the Disabled American Veterans, has been approved by the Veterans Administration, it was announced.

Reemployment of Women

Service women discharged under honorable conditions from the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard are entitled to reemployment in their former positions, if they meet the requirements and desire such reemployment, officials of the Selective Service System said 1 July.

BUY WAR BONDS



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FINANCE

Financial Digest

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau tendered his resignation to President Truman 5 July.

Hurrying to make ready for United States participation in the Bretton Woods international monetary agreements before the Senate takes action on the San Francisco Charter, the Senate Banking Committee 3 July reported, 14 to 4, legislation on the plan. The House bill, only slightly changed, was sent to the floor and Majority Leader Barkley requested final Senate action the week of 16 July.

Two major steps taken by the Federal Reserve Board this week are designed to reduce loans on the stock market and reduce speculation. The Board raised margin requirements from 50 to 75 per cent. Effective 5 July, the change reduces the size of new loans to finance securities on the Stock Exchange. The second change provides that if an individual holds securities in a single account and sells some of them he must use the proceeds to raise the margin on the remainder to the required 75 per cent. While it is felt that such margin requirements will not eliminate speculation, with cash sales unaffected by the change, the new regulations may have a quieting influence.

The President this week signed the bill extending the OPA for another year and in a statement announcing the signing of the bill stated that stabilization controls will have to be continued into the post-war period.

Available delivery dates on most iron and steel products this week were 30 to 60 days closer than openings quoted a month ago, *Iron Age* states. The trade publication reported that indications are that the delivery situation will be considerably better, especially for civilian manufacturers, some time in the latter part of this quarter. Pressure exerted by non-rated customers on steel mills to take tonnage and to promise deliveries has been heavy in recent weeks, the magazine said, adding that from a competitive standpoint many steel firms will want to accept as much non-rated business as possible.

Secretary of the Interior Harold L. Ickes is leaving shortly for London to discuss the question of oil supplies from the Near East and Mesopotamia.

High Navy Men Meet

Secretary Forrestal met this week on the West Coast with Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, commander in chief of the Pacific Fleet, who also conferred with President Truman.

Others who participated in the Navy talks included Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King, Commander in Chief of the Fleet and Chief of Naval Operations; Admiral Royal E. Ingersoll, Commander of the Western Sea frontier; Admiral Raymond A. Spruance, commander of the Fifth Fleet; Vice Admiral Randall Jacobs, chief of Naval personnel, and various members of the staffs of the Admirals. Secretary Forrestal also conferred with West Coast naval commanders concerned with the ship repair problem.

They included Rear Adm. C. H. Wright, commandant of the Twelfth Naval District; Rear Adm. S. Tisdale, commandant of the Mare Island Navy Yard; Rear Adm. R. M. Griffin, commandant of the Thirteenth Naval District, and Rear Adm. R. W. Christie, commandant of the Puget Sound Navy Yard.

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SAFE AND CONVENIENT TO CARRY

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MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

The United States Maritime Commission is trying to sell the American President Lines. On 27 June the Commission announced that it had issued invitation for proposals for private ownership and operation of the line. Once before the Commission invited proposals for the lines disposal by bids were so low none were considered.

Despite the Commission's efforts it is believed in many quarters that some difficulty will arise with respect to the present invitations. Shipowners are still not sure of what they will have to pay for America's war built tonnage despite the fact that the House Merchant Marine Committee has agreed upon legislation setting a floor for ship prices.

Five Japanese flags painted on the mid-ship house of the SS Charlotte Cushman tell the price enemy bombers paid for their futile effort to sink the Liberty Ship off the coast of Leyte. The freighter is one of the large number of American vessels that helped supply General MacArthur's reconquest of the Philippines.

With the delivery of the SS Stanley R. Fisher from the South Portland Maine, yard of the New England Shipbuilding Corporation, the United States Maritime Commission completed its program of constructing 2,580 Liberty cargo ships.

At the same time the Commission announced that Military variations of the Liberty ship, are still being built for special use by the armed services, as well as modification to coal colliers.

Eighteen shipyards throughout the United States, all of them crated specifically for rapid mass production of merchant ships urgently needed to rush munitions and other supplies to our fighting men, produced the prodigious Liberty ship fleet.

Changes in Army Regulations

The War Department has issued the following Regulations and Changes in Regulations:

AR 35-2640. "Pay of Retired Enlisted Men." Changes 3 issued 18 June. Only Change now in force, as C3 supersedes C2, 15 July 1944.

AR 35-4520. "Monetary Allowances for Quarters and Subsistence for Enlisted Personnel in a nontravel status and for Quarters for Dependents of Enlisted Personnel of the First, Second or Third Grade." Changes 1 issued 15 June. Supersedes section 1, W. D. Circ. 136, 1945.

AR 45-80. "Ordnance Property." Changes 5 issued 18 June. Only Changes now in force—4 and 5.

AR 605-145. "Commissioned Officers: Transfers, Details and Assignments." Issued 14 June. Supersedes AR 605-145, 6 May 1943, including Changes 1, 16 Oct. 1943, and Changes 2, 29 Oct. 1943.

AR 605-300. "Absence Without Leave and Desertion" in cases of Officers, Warrant Officers and Flight Officers. Changes 2 issued 18 June. Supersedes Changes 1, 14 Dec. 1944.

AR 30-2135. "Laundries and Dry Cleaning Plants." Changes 1 issued 18 June.

AR 40-1010. "Dental Reports, Returns, and Records." Changes 5 issued 23 June. Supersedes Changes 3, 1 Feb. 1945. Changes now in force—4 and 5.

AR 600-375. "Prisoners, General Provisions." Changes 10 issued 23 June. Supersedes C9, 24 May 1945. Changes now in force—4, 8, 10.

AR 615-5. "Appointment and Reduction of NCOs and Pfc's." Changes 7 issued 23 June. Supersedes section 1, WD Circ. 342, 1943. Changes now in force—4, 6, 7.

AR 615-500. "Reception and Processing of Men Inducted or Enlisted." Changes 1 issued 25 June.

AR 775-10. "Qualification in Arms and Ammunition Training Allowances." Changes 3 issued 26 June. Supersedes C2, 30 Aug. 1944. Only Changes now in force—C3.

U. S. India-Burma Forces

The mission of remaining American troops in the India-Burma Theater is definitely one of supply. War material must continue to flow to China, and the newly-appointed theater commander, Lt. Gen. R. A. Wheeler, has emphasized the importance of this mission.

General Wheeler, who succeeded Lt. Gen. Dan I. Sultan, now in the United States for an assignment as yet unannounced, speaking recently over the Army Radio Network, said:

"Our mission has not changed. We are part of the team whose aim is the defeat of the Japs. The role assigned to us is that of supplying China. We must get

the maximum military supplies to China in the minimum time. This we will do."

With service troops assigned to the Tenth Air Force and units of the Twentieth Air Force, now both out of the theater, withdrawn, the remaining service troops constitute the American force. Engineer units assigned to Stilwell Road will no doubt furnish their own combat units if necessary.

Fourth Class Starts at USMA

Warning that "It is not an easy road that you have chosen," Maj. Gen. Francis B. Wilby, Superintendent of the United States Military Academy, addressed the members of the new fourth class at West Point 2 July.

General Wilby said:

"Nearly all of you have had some service in the armed forces during this war, and you will in all probability have to repeat some of the basic military training which you have had before. This is obviously necessary in order to insure proper standards for all. I advise you to absorb this instruction without question as to its necessity. If you have had it before, you should try to improve your performance and perfect yourself in knowledge of the details in order that you yourself may be a better instructor when the time comes later in your course here, or after graduation.

"Some of you may have been in positions in the past where you were required to give orders. You are all now on the receiving end. Unquestioning obedience is required. I advise you to become familiar as promptly as possible with all orders, instructions, or regulations which now govern your actions, or which may be issued for that purpose in the future. Prompt and complete compliance on your part with all such orders or instructions will be required, and will make it easier for you.

"You may sometimes feel that you have not sufficient time to do everything you have to do. You will find that that is no excuse. You must accomplish what seems to you sometimes as impossible in the time available. This will be accomplished by more efficient and expeditious action on your part, or by better organization and allotment of your time.

"You will soon become familiar with Fourth Class customs, and though some of you may feel inclined to resent these customs which have always been a part of plebe year, you must remember that their enforcement by the upper classmen is a fundamental part of your cadet career—the foundation upon which are built the qualities of character and leadership associated with graduates of this institution. It is an important part of the West Point system. When you look back upon it in later years, you will realize just how important it is and why. General Eisenhower, General MacArthur, General Pershing, as well as Lee, Grant, Sheridan, Sherman and Custer, all went through plebe year at West Point.

"You are entering West Point during the war and starting on the war-time three-year course. However, the four-year course will be restored after the war. Whether you graduate in three or four years depends therefore entirely upon the progress of the war with Japan.

"Let us consider for a moment the West Point motto—'Duty—Honor—Country.'"

"It serves the West Point cadet and the graduate as a guide for his conduct throughout his service. The two first words pertain peculiarly to your service here. You should be sure that you understand their full significance and that you let them ever be your guide.

"'Duty' is the soldier's watchword; the thought which is ever uppermost in his mind; the one thing which is ever with you from the day you enter this Academy till the day you die. It is with you in all the little things of life, as well as in the larger. Whatever you may have to do, do it in time, and to the best of your ability. Regrets will not bring back a lost opportunity.

"'Honor'—the truth regardless of consequences—is the foundation of West Point. Don't consider it lightly. Once lost it can never be regained. If you don't know what 'the honor system' means at West Point, you will soon learn. It is explained in detail in 'Bugle Notes,' which I commend to your attention. But I want you now to get this one thought. Your honor is more precious to you than anything else at West Point. If you once make a slip, you never get another chance.

"'Country'—is what we are fighting for today—what our fathers and forefathers fought for—the privilege of living in a free country—and may we prove worthy defenders of that privilege not only in this war, but whenever or wherever our Country calls on us in the future."

WACs as Therapists

The training of enlisted members of the Women's Army Corps as physical therapists has been discontinued, the present requirements having been met.

Navy cooks are salvaging on an average of more than 15 million pounds of fats annually from ship and station galleys throughout the world.

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Service Disability Ratings

A new rating schedule to be used by the Veterans Administration in determining the degree of disability suffered by veterans of this war, the last war and of the Regular Establishments since 1903, has been approved by Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, Administrator of Veterans' Affairs. This schedule, which has been in preparation for two years, replaces and liberalizes many provisions of one that was prepared in 1933.

The principal changes result from the global aspects of this war which necessitates inclusion of many new disabilities incident to service in the tropics and under specialized combat conditions. Particular attention has been given to temporary and residual conditions resulting from tropical diseases, gun-shot wounds and burns. A more detailed breakdown for the classification of various conditions provides a more scientific, and at the same time simpler method of evaluating disabilities.

For example, 176 separate disabilities of bones, joints and muscles are listed, with numerous gradations within each, compared to 126 of the previous rating schedule. Of these 126, 53 were increased, 4 decreased, and 69 unchanged. The increases principally affected multiple finger amputations and ankylosis, the more important muscle injuries, and the unfavorable ankylosis of major joints. Ratings for loss of use of the hand or foot were increased to a parity with amputations and some rather low ratings for left hands were increased to equal those of the right hand. The carious nerve injuries which also commonly result from battle were correspondingly increased.

Special attention has been given to skull fractures and gunshot wounds of the brain, chest and abdomen. Emphasis has been placed on these because of the greater number of wounded in this war who survive with these injuries. Special attention also has been given scars resulting from explosions, oil burns, etc., and the residuals of frozen or immersion foot. Similarly the schedule lists a number of tropical diseases, with special ratings adapted to each, although only malaria and filariasis have been encountered among discharged veterans.

In the remaining portion of the schedule, covering diseases common to military and civilian life, the emphasis has been upon more accurate and detailed descriptions of the grades of disability and upon modern medical developments. For example, the various surgical procedures employed in the treatment of tuberculosis are rather thoroughly covered.

In using the new rating schedule, the basic policy of the Veterans Administration remains unchanged and the veteran is allowed the benefit of the doubt as between the higher of two ratings, in determining whether or not a disability in service-connected and in all other basic determinations under the applicable law.

Commands in Berlin

Dispatches from Europe this week reported that United States troops in Berlin will be under command of Maj. Gen. Floyd Parks, USA, who, thus, under the rotation policy, would at times be commander of Berlin.

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A Comfortable home in Florida, on acre or two of good land with space for orange trees and a garden. Most attractive beach and recreation. Close to Gulf Coast, country club with one of South's finest golf courses within two miles. Many retired Army and Navy men living in Sarasota County. Adjoining city limits, 3 1/2 miles from downtown Sarasota, a portion of the Van Dame Estate has been subdivided into 1 and 2-acre restricted, moderately priced homesites. Nothing like it in Florida. Small capital and modest income will enable you to live the life of Riley. Descriptive folder tells the story.

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Use German Weapons

Many technical developments captured from the Germans after V-E Day will be used by the United States Navy in the War against Japan.

This became known at a press conference during which Commodore Henry Adrian Schade, head of a 200-man naval technical mission to Europe, declared that "we are reaping a fairly rich harvest of German technical developments that the United States Navy will be able to employ in prosecuting the war against Japan."

"We have a very high opinion of German technical ability," Commodore Schade said, "but it cannot be conceded that in general the Germans have advanced farther than the Americans. It is a matter of emphasis."

He said that the German high command for some reason believed great emphasis should be placed on the V weapons while others believed it had been overdone at the expense of aircraft and other production.

Asked specifically what technical weapons captured from the Germans, the Navy expected to use against Japan, Commodore Schade said he could not answer the question at this time.

The Commodore said he had heard a good many expressions of admiration from German naval officers, for our amphibious developments. The German Navy, he said, was not amphibious minded.

The treatment of the German Navy was resented by a good many German naval officers, the Commodore said. They feel that the Navy did not receive a chance to develop.

"The people in power in Germany," he said, "were not in sympathy with the navy. Practically all interest was centered on submarines. There was little interest in developing large-sized surface ships. The German Army received preferential treatment. In fact, the Navy was under the Army administration."

USS Relief Epitomizes Name

The Navy Hospital ship USS Relief has lived up to her name at Kwajalein, Saipan, Tinian, Peleliu, Anguar and Okinawa. For two years during which time she has been engaged in Pacific warfare the vessel has been a welcome friend to Sailors, Marines, and Soldiers alike.

Under the command of Comdr. J. C. Sever, USNR, the Relief carries one of the best trained and most experienced hospital staffs afloat.

Comdr. W. J. Sheehan, MC, USNR, is chief of surgery aboard the vessel. He served as an artillery officer in World War I and in this war was with the Marines before reporting for his present duty. He states that the operating facilities of the Relief are second to none, and compare favorably with those found in our recognized medical centers.

The rest of the staff is well balanced. The senior medical officer, Capt. W. H. Perry, MC, USNR, with 25 years in the Navy, is responsible for the overall administration of activities.

The surgical staff consists of Lt. Comdr. J. H. Meherin, MC, USNR; Lt. Comdr. A. E. Davis, MC, USNR; Lt. Comdr. E. F. Dodge, MC, USNR; Lt. T. Sullivan, MC, USNR; Lt. (jg) M. C. Buckley, MC, USNR, and Lt. (jg) A. M. McCarthy, MC, USNR.

Comdr. Luman Tenney, MC, USNR, is chief of psychiatry, and Lt. Comdr. R. E. Olsen, MC, USNR, is Chief of the Laboratory. Lt. R. R. Hoffman, MC, USNR, is Chief of Radiology.

Injuries of the eyes, ears and nose and throat and allied regions receive the studied attention of Lt. J. P. McBride, MC, USNR, as Chief, and Lt. J. A. E. Bullis, MC, USNR. Both are specialists in their fields.

The Dental Department is headed by Comdr. D. M. Coughlan, DC, USNR, with the assistance of Lt. Norwood Lyons, DC, USNR, and Lt. P. R. Zietsoff, DC, USNR.

The administration department which handles routine affairs as well as the responsibility and care of health records of all cases, functions under the supervision of Chief Pharmacist C. Rem, USN, assisted by Pharmacist S. J. Specior, and Pharmacist J. E. Hall.

BUY MORE WAR BONDS!

Adm. King's Message to China

Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King, U. S. Navy, Commander in Chief, United States Fleet, and Chief of Naval Operations, on 7 July paid high tribute to the people of China on the eighth anniversary of their war against Japan.

Admiral King expressed admiration and praise for the fortitude, courage and determination which the Chinese people have demonstrated during the eight difficult years.

Army-Navy Liquidation Commission

Brig. Gen. B. A. Johnson has been appointed acting Field Commissioner for the Army-Navy Liquidation Commission in the Mediterranean Theater of Operations to deal with disposal of war surplus in that area.

Prior to this assignment, General Johnson served as Commanding Officer, Gulf District, Persian Gulf Command, and as Assistant Quartermaster of the Fourth Army.

"Fighting AAF" Radio Program

"The Fighting AAF," official weekly documentary broadcast of the Army Air Forces, will be heard Sundays from 8.30 to 9.00 P. M., EWT, starting 8 July over The American Broadcasting Company. For the past three months the program has occupied the Saturday afternoon 1.30 to 2.00 spot.

"The Fighting AAF" consists of broadcasts from planes actually in combat, as well as feature programs from Air Forces installations all over the globe. A recently

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developed wire recorder, small enough to be strapped in the cockpit of even a fighter plane, makes action reports possible.

Navy Ship Disposal

To restrict the Navy in its disposal of certain naval vessels and shore facilities, the Senate has this week passed H. R. 3180 with amendments suggested by the Senate Naval Committee. The bill provides that vessels and plants may be disposed of as immediately surplus or surplus within a stated time only after reporting them as surplus to Congress, the Congress to have 60 days in which to veto or approve their disposal.

As amended by the committee and passed by the Senate, the bill omits the requirement of the House bill that the report of the surplus shall be signed by the Chief of Naval Operations as well as by the Secretary of the Navy, a provision intended to air any disagreeing ideas of the two officials.

A further change in the measure requires that a definite date within 6 months of the date of the report must be set beyond which the vessel or plant will be surplus, and stating the reasons why they will be surplus. An added amendment provides that plants entirely under the control of the Navy Department may not be leased for more than one year except with the approval of Congress. As passed by the House, plants could be leased for any term up to 5 years.

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Gen. Richardson Appointed

Another step toward the completion of the organization of General of the Army Douglas MacArthur's Army of the Pacific was taken this week with the appointment of Lt. Gen. Robert C. Richardson, jr., as Commanding General of the Middle Pacific.

Recently Lt. Gen. Wilhelm D. Styer was named commander of the Western Pacific. General Richardson's new command creates two huge "pipelines" to pour men, supplies and equipment into the Pacific for the armies which will storm the beaches of Japan or the continent of Asia.

According to General Richardson the two commands will be charged with the responsibility of supply, training and administration of all Army troops in the Pacific.

Meanwhile Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz at Guam announced the command make-up for units serving under General Joseph W. Stilwell, new commander of the United States Tenth Army and all Ryukyus forces. Naval forces in the Ryukyus are commanded by Rear Admiral C. H. Cobb; the tactical Air Force by Maj. Gen. Lewis E. Woods, U. S. Marines and the island commander of Okinawa is Maj. Gen. Francis G. Wallace, Army. All are directly under General Stilwell. Vice Admiral Jesse B. Oldendorf commands Third Fleet forces now in the Ryukyus as a separate command and is not under Stilwell.

General Richardson said the area under the Middle Pacific Command is the same that he now has as Commanding General of Pacific Ocean Areas.

General Styer's Western Pacific Command is geographically bounded by the limits of General MacArthur's old Southwest Pacific Command—the area below the 20th parallel eastwards to the 139th meridian, thence the area below the equator eastward to the 159th meridian.

General Richardson also retains the titles of Commanding General of Pacific Ocean Areas and Commanding General of the Hawaiian Department.

CWS Anniversary

A temporary expedient in World War I to meet the challenge of German introduction of gas, flamethrowers and aerial incendiaries, the Chemical Warfare Service 1 July marked its Silver Anniversary as a permanent branch of the Army.

Though its basic items were designed originally for gas warfare, many of them have been put to highly effective current use. Its bombs now are carrying fire instead of gas to the enemy, other containers release smoke in lieu of lethal fumes and the chemical mortar fires incendiary, smoke and high explosives instead of gas.

Under these conditions, troops organized for possible gas warfare are performing a variety of other duties. Mortar, generator and even decontaminating and maintenance troops are utilized in creating the chemical fog which hides assault operations and cuts down battle losses, while other troops create the chemical fire which sears the enemy and destroys his production facilities.

Four outstanding weapons have been developed, manufactured, supplied to other branches and used by CWS troops. They are aerial incendiary bombs, flamethrowers, 4.2-inch chemical mortars and smoke generators, pots and grenades.

"From the reports I have received the 4.2-inch mortar, the incendiary bomb and the flamethrower have contributed materially to the successes we have so far attained," General of the Army George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, has stated.

Maj. Radovich Convicted

Maj. Walter V. Radovich, 25 year old Army Air Forces pilot, was convicted at a general court martial at Mitchel Field, L. I., of having violated two articles of War. He was dismissed from the service, deprived of all allowances and sentenced to three years at hard labor.

Commands Camp Blanding

Brig. Gen. Robert S. Israel, jr., has been assigned the command of Camp Blanding, Fla. He succeeds Col. E. C. Rose. General Israel formerly commanded an AAF tactical air command in the Mediterranean Theatre.

Divisions in Europe

Status of divisions in Europe, as far as they have been determined, were released this week at headquarters of European Theater of Operations.

Following is a numerical list of divisions, with their present status:

Infantry Divisions

- 1st—Ansbach, Germany, permanent occupation detail.
- 2nd—Processing for shipment home this month.
- 3rd—Salzburg, Austria, on permanent occupation detail.
- 4th—Arriving in U. S. now, future status not determined.
- 5th—At sea bound for Pacific after home leave.
- 8th—At sea bound for home, future status not determined.
- 9th—Ingolstadt, Germany, on permanent occupation detail.
- 26th—Winterburg, Czechoslovakia, assigned to SHAEF.
- 28th—Kaiserlautern, Germany, moving order suspended, assigned to SHAEF.
- 29th—Bremen, on permanent occupation for U. S. use.
- 30th—Moving to assembly area for redeployment to Pacific after home leave.
- 35th—Mayen, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 36th—Ulm, Germany, on permanent occupation detail.
- 42nd—Kitzbuehel, Austria, occupation assignment in Austria.
- 44th—Being shuttled to Britain for shipment home and redeployment.
- 45th—Scheduled to arrive at an assembly area.
- 63rd—Wuerzburg, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 65th—Linz, Austria, separate occupation assignment.
- 66th—Marseille, France, operating the port.
- 69th—Leipzig, assigned to SHAEF.
- 70th—Limburg, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 71st—Augsburg, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 75th—Operating assembly area, assigned to ETOUSA.
- 76th—Gera, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 78th—Bad Wildungen, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 79th—Eger, Czechoslovakia, assigned to SHAEF.
- 80th—Kaufbeuren, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 83rd—Deggendorf, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 84th—Mannheim, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 86th—In the United States, en route to the Pacific.
- 87th—Loading for redeployment, should sail this week.
- 89th—Assigned to ETOUSA for return home and possible redeployment.
- 90th—Weiden, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 94th—Strakonitz, Czechoslovakia, assigned to SHAEF.
- 95th—One regiment home, others to be redeployed.
- 97th—In U. S. for redeployment.
- 99th—Kitzingen, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 100th—Gerstetten, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 102nd—Gotha, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 103rd—Innsbruck, Austria, assigned to SHAEF.
- 104th—At sea bound for home and Pacific.
- 106th—Guarding German prisoners of war.

Airborne Divisions

- 30th, 17th, 82nd—Assigned to ETOUSA for possible redeployment.
- 101st—Berchtesgaden, assigned to SHAEF.

Armored Divisions

- 1st—Hall, Germany, on permanent occupation detail.
- 2nd—Berlin, assigned to SHAEF.
- 3rd—Darmstadt, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 4th—Landshut, Germany, for permanent occupation detail.
- 5th—Muehlhausen, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 6th—Jena, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 7th—Halle, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 8th—Pilsen, Czechoslovakia, assigned to SHAEF.
- 9th—Bayreuth, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 10th—Barmisch and Parten-Kirchen, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 11th—Gmunden, Austria, assigned to SHAEF.
- 12th—Heidenheim, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 13th—Advance units sailed 30 June, rest loading now for redeployment.
- 14th—Wasselburg, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.
- 16th—Pilsen, Czechoslovakia, assigned to SHAEF.
- 20th—Rosenheim, Germany, assigned to SHAEF.

Several divisions assigned to SHAEF will be moving from their above listed posts some time this week as the Allies swing around into their individual occupation zones.

Praises Army Supply

The Kilgore Subcommittee of the Special Senate Committee Investigating the National Defense program stated this week in their report of investigations overseas that special attention should be given to the matter of fixed American installations overseas.

Attention was also called to the burden imposed upon American soldiers by artificially fixed rates of foreign exchange.

The supply system for our troops in Europe was praised as a remarkable achievement, with the additional statement that some improvement could be effected by closer check on the changing requirements of the war front.

The 11 major conclusions reached by the Subcommittee are condensed in the following summary:

- 1.—The supplying of our armed forces in Europe has been a remarkable achievement. Involving the delivery across the ocean and over beaches and through demolished ports, and then over a war-torn countryside into France and Germany of tonnages far in excess of anything previously within the conception of man.
- 2.—This supply function could be improved by increasing the sensitivity of the mechanisms designed to reflect in the procurement system changes of requirements on the fighting fronts, without, however, any abdication by the procurement authorities of the exercise of their judgment in the light of over-all procurement problems. One result of the lack of sensitivity was an accumulation in the European theater of 110,000 tons of two types of aerial bombs which were delivered to the theater, although the Air Corps in the theater testified that they had no use for one type and a very limited use for the other.
- 3.—The program for redeployment of materials to the Pacific theater is proceeding well, providing that plans now formulated are properly executed.
- 4.—The disposition of surpluses abroad requires further intensive study. As it is now proceeding, it is apt to result in the disposal of these surpluses without proper assurances that the highest return is being obtained or that the most important needs are being filled.
- 5.—American rights to fixed installations which we have erected abroad have not been clearly defined. It is essential that immediate and careful study be given to the future disposition of installations which we have erected abroad.
- 6.—Large quantities of captured goods and munitions have not yet been inventoried. There is as yet no plan for the disposal of this material, nor is there any coordination between our plans and those of our allies. This condition should be remedied immediately.
- 7.—As a result of the impending evacuation of our troops in France and their occupation of Germany, the Army has shown a disposition to have no further interest in the French economy while it finds it necessary to strengthen the German transportation and industrial system in order to assure itself of proper supply in Germany. While this is a natural attitude on the part of the armed forces, it must be counteracted if we are to avoid a situation where our enemies fare better at our hands than our friends.
- 8.—The division of Germany into four zones of occupation has resulted up to this time in vesting the control of what has been a closely integrated nation into four wholly incoordinated elements. With respect to at least one part of Germany, that held by the Russians, our armies were completely uninformed. It is absolutely necessary that the policies with respect to the four occupational zones be coordinated by some joint action and that there be a free exchange of information with respect to the policies and actions of each of the occupying forces.
- 9.—Itemized invoices of services and materials supplied under reverse lend-lease have not been furnished. Consequently, no reliable accounts of lend-lease and reverse lend-lease transactions are available. Some progress has been made, particularly by the Navy, in securing itemized invoices; however, immediate attention must be given to the clarification of lend-lease accounting if a clear, factual basis for the settlement of lend-lease accounts is to be achieved.
- 10.—Artificially fixed rates of foreign exchange applicable to American nationals in Europe have resulted in these persons, of whom the vast majority are members of our armed forces, taking a serious financial loss on their purchases abroad. They impose upon the American soldiers a burden which they should not be asked to assume. The alleged purpose of these exchange regulations, which is to prevent a flood of American money from breaking markets abroad, could be achieved in other and fairer ways.
- 11.—The difficulties recited in conclusions Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 result from the failure of our Government agencies abroad to obtain all the considerations we should have received in return for the huge contribution we have made in this war. Lack of a clearly established foreign policy over a very long period of years is a major contributing cause. Lack of coordination, and confusion among

American agencies abroad, has exaggerated this condition. These conditions can be remedied by concentrating authority for each area in a single individual, by strengthening personnel which represents the United States abroad, and by providing them with adequate funds.

Marine Corps Travel

Under a recent decision by the Comptroller General an officer of the Marine Corps on directed travel in a per diem status who travelled partly by private conveyance and partly by other means over a circuitous route is entitled to three cents per mile for private conveyance travel for a distance bearing the same ratio to the official distance between the two points involved as the distance covered by private conveyance bears to the total distance travelled.

The reimbursement of expenses for transportation by other means, the decision states, must not exceed an amount bearing the same ratio to the cost of rail travel over the entire official route as the distance covered by other than private means bears to the total official distance.

Army Funds Bill Signed

President Truman this week approved the Army Appropriation bill following acceptance of the conference report by both Houses. The House accepted the Senate amendments permitting the payment of a 25 per cent differential to civilian employees working in such places as Panama and Hawaii, increasing funds for the Corps of Engineers by \$120,000,000, and permitting a 10 per cent transferability between items instead of the five per cent adopted by the House.

The Senate amendments continuing the program for the education of medical students and permitting the transfer of conscientious objectors to other places for employment, were rejected.

Nominated for Regular Army

The following officers of the Army of the United States (honor graduates), were nominated 2 July for appointment in the Regular Army, Infantry, under the provisions of section 23 and section 24e of the National Defense Act, as amended.

To be second lieutenants, with rank from 1 Dec. 1944: Frederick Griffith Bohannon and John Edwin Murphy.

These nominations were submitted in lieu of Jules Ord Hendricks and James Vardaman Thompson, confirmed 7 Dec. 1944. Jules Ord Hendricks was found physically disqualified for appointment in the Regular Army, and James Vardaman Thompson died of wounds on 4 Dec. 1944.

Ft. Bragg Changes

Col. John E. Ardrey, Inf., USA, has been appointed Director of the Security and Intelligence Division and Provost Marshal of Ft. Bragg, N. C., by Brig. Gen. John T. Kennedy, Post Commander.

Colonel Ardrey succeeds Lt. Col. Hans C. Larsen, who had been assigned to the position for three and a half years. Colonel Larsen has been transferred with an undisclosed assignment.

Col. Ralph T. King has been named Commanding Officer, 27th Hq. and Hq. Det., Special Troops, Second Army, succeeding Col. George M. O'Connor, who has been transferred to Camp Butner.

Lt. Col. Gricius Returns

Kunming, China—Lt. Col. Albert J. Gricius, youngest Chief of Staff of a major command in the China Theatre, will return to the United States shortly with 112 points under the redeployment plan.

Colonel Gricius was just 30 years of age on 12 June. He has held his present grade for a year.

Commutation of Rations

Ration commutation for Army enlisted personnel authorized to mess separately and for those on furlough has been raised from 65 cents to 66 cents per ration. The commutation of rations for the Philippine Scouts has been raised from 32 cents to 46 cents. The new rate is in effect from 1 July.

Addition of DDT to the Army's insecticide dispenser has greatly increased the effectiveness of the insecticide mixture in that now it kills not only mosquitoes but also disease-bearing flies.

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